THE PRESIDENCY

No. 4888 27 May 2024

It is hereby notified that the President has assented to the following Act, which is hereby published for general information:—

Act No. 09 of 2024: National Council on Gender-Based Violence and Femicide Act, 2024

OFISI YA MOPOPRESIDENTE

No. 4888 27 May 2024

Go itsiwe gore Moporesidente o dumetse Molao o o latelang, o o phasaladiwang fano go itsiwe bottihe:—

Act No. 09 ya 2024: Molao wa Khansele ya Bosetšhaba ya Tirisodikgoka e e Ikaegileng ka bong le Polao ya Basadi, 2024
ACT

To establish the National Council on Gender-Based Violence and Femicide; to provide for the objects and functions of the Council; to appoint the Board of the Council; to provide for the appointment of members of the Board; to provide for the term of office of members of the Board; to provide for the termination of membership of the Board; to provide for meetings of the Board; to provide for the establishment of committees of the Board; to provide for the appointment of the Chief Executive Officer and the Secretariat Unit of the Council; to provide for the establishment of norms and standards for the provincial and local working groups; to provide for the making of regulations; and to provide for matters connected therewith.

PREAMBLE

RECOGNISING that South Africa continues to wrestle with the impact of decades of institutionalised racism, sexism, exclusion, structural violence and other factors that have continued to undermine human development and positive social cohesion;

RECOGNISING further that gender-based violence and femicide is a serious social evil and that victims of gender-based violence and femicide are among the most vulnerable members of society; that gender-based violence takes on many forms;

HAVING REGARD to the Constitution of the Republic of South Africa, 1996 and in particular, the right to equality and to freedom and security of the person; and the international commitments and obligations of the State towards ending gender-based violence and femicide;

CONVINCED THAT gender-based violence and femicide will be eliminated only when a multi-sectoral, co-ordinated government and whole of society approach is implemented in fighting the scourge; and

THEREFORE it is necessary to harness the roles, responsibilities, resources and commitments across government, labour, civil society, movements, youth structures, faith-based structures, traditional structures, the media, development agencies, the private sector, academic institutions and all other stakeholders,

BE IT THEREFORE ENACTED by the Parliament of the Republic of South Africa, as follows:—

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KETAPELE

KA GO LEMOGA gore Aforika Borwa e tswelela go samagana le ditlamorogo tsa dingwagosome tsa tlaeolele, kgethololo ya bong, go se akarediwe, tirisodikgoka le mabaka a mangwe a tswelelaeng go koafatsa tlhabololo ya botho le kitlanoloago e e siameng;

KA GO LEMOGA gape gore tirisodikgoka e e ikaegileng ka bong le polao ya basadi ke tlhobaboroko e e bosula mo loagong le gore batswasethabelo ba tirisodikgoka e e ikaegileng ka bong le polao ya basadi ke bangwe ba baagi ba sa sireletsegang segolo; gore tirisodikgoka e e ikaegileng ka bong e diragala ka mekgwa e le mentsi;

KA GO TSAVA TSIA Molatheonwa Rephaboliki ya Aforika Borwa, 1996 e bile segolobogolo, tshwanelo ya tekatekano le ya kgololosego le tshireletseggo ya motho; le ditlamego le dipateletsego tsa boditišhabatšhaba tsa Puso mo go fediseng tirisodikgoka e e ikaegileng ka bong le polao ya basadi;

KA NETEFATSO YA GORE tirisodikgoka e e ikaegileng ka bong le polao ya basadi e tla fediswa fela fa puso ya maphatamantsi, e e rulaganeng le ya tsela ya setšhaba ka gothle e tsemgwa mo tirisong mo go lwantsheng tlhobaboroko; e bile

KA MOO go tlhokega gore go laolwe matsapa, maikarabelo, ditlamego le maithlamo go ralala puso, badiri, baagi, mekgatliho, mekgatliho ya bāswa, mekgatliho ya bodumedi, bobegakgang, ditheo tsa tlhabololo, lephata la poraefete, ditheo tsa thuto le bannaleseabe ba bangwe botle,

DIRWA MOLAO JALO ke Palamente ya Rephaboliki ya Aforika Borwa, jaana:—

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Definitions

1. In this Act, unless the context indicates otherwise—
   “Board” means the Board of the Council appointed in terms of section 6;
   “Chairperson” means the Chairperson of the Board, elected in terms of section 6(6);
   “Chief Executive Officer” means the Chief Executive Officer appointed in terms of section 15;
   “civil society” includes non-governmental organisations, labour and structures or institutions that represent the interests of citizens in the field of gender-based violence and femicide;
   “committee” means a committee of the Board, established in terms of section 14;
   “Council” means the National Council on Gender-Based Violence and Femicide, established by section 3;
   “femicide” means the killing of a female person or a person on the basis of gender identity as a female, whether committed by a person within a domestic relationship, interpersonal relationship or by any other person;
   “gender-based violence” means violence associated with gender, which includes physical, sexual, verbal, emotional, economic, domestic, educational or psychological abuse or threats of such acts of abuse in public or private life;
   “inter-sectoral” includes co-ordinated action between ministries, departments or different levels of government that is necessary to address or combat gender-based violence and femicide;
   “member” means a member of the Board appointed in terms of section 6;
   “Minister” means the Cabinet member responsible for women, youth and persons with disabilities;
   “multi-sectoral” means the collaboration between the relevant stakeholders to jointly prevent and respond to gender-based violence and femicide;
   “national strategy on gender-based violence and femicide” means relevant national policies and action plans developed and implemented by the Executive Authority to address issues relating to gender-based violence and femicide, and as far as it aligns with these national policies and action plans include the National Strategic Plan on Gender-Based Violence and Femicide developed in terms of Article 3 of the Presidential Summit Declaration against Gender-Based Violence and Femicide of 2018;
   “Parliament” means the National Assembly and the National Council of Provinces referred to in section 42(1) of the Constitution;
   “prescribe” means prescribe by regulation under this Act;
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Ditlhaloso

1. Mo Molaong ono, ntle le fa maitshetlego a kaya mokgwa osele—
   “Boto” e kaya Boto ya Khansele e e thapilweng go ya ka karolo 6;
   “Modulasetulo” o kaya Modulasetulo wa Boto, yo o tlhophilweng go ya ka karolo 6(6);
   “Molthankedikhuduthamagamogolo” o kaya Molthankedikhuduthamagamogolo yo o thapilweng go ya ka karolo 15;
   “baagi” ba akaretsa mekgatlho eo e seng ya puso, badiri le dithulaganyo kgotsa ditheo tse di emelang dikgatlhegelo tsa baagi mo mererong ya tirisodikgoka e e ikaegileng ka bong le polao ya basadi;
   “komiti” e kaya komit ya Boto, e e tlhomiweng go ya ka karolo 14;
   “Molatheon” o kaya Molatheon wa Rephaboliki ya Aforika Borwa, 1996;
   “Khansele” e kaya Khansele ya Bosetshaba ya Tirisodikgoka e e Ikaegileng ka bong le Polao ya Basadi, e e tlhomiweng ka karolo 3;
   “polao ya basadi” e kaya polao ya batha ba basadi kgotsa ya motho ka ntha ya go ithupha bong jwa gqwel ja aka mosadi, e ka tswe e diriwe ke motho wa mo lapeng, yo o mo kamanong na lerato nae kgotsa ke motho mongwe le mongwe ofe;
   “tirisodikgoka e e ikaegileng ka bong” e kaya tirisodikgoka e e amanang le bong, tsholakao ya mo mmeleng, ya thobalano, ya puo, ya maikutlo, ya dithelele, ya mo lapeng, ya thuto kgotsa ya monagano kgotsa go tshosetsa ka ditiro tseo tsa tsholakako mo botseleng jo bo mo pepeneng kgotsa jwa poraefete;
   “gare ga maphata” go akaretsa tiro e e rulagantsweng magareng ga mafapha kgotsa makala a a farologaneng a puso e e tlhokegang go samagana kgotsa go lwantsa tirisodikgoka e e ikaegileng ka bong le polao ya basadi;
   “tokololo” e kaya tokololo ya Boto e e thapilweng go ya ka karolo 6;
   “Tona” o kaya tokololo ya Kabinet e e ralang maikarabelo mabapi le basadi, ba’wa le batho ba ba ishelang ka bogsle;
   “maphatamantsi” a kaya tirisanommogo magareng ga bannalesebe ba ba maleba go dirisana mmogo go thibela le go tsibogela tirisodikgoka e e ikaegileng ka bong le polao ya basadi;
   “togamaano ya bosetsheba e e ka tirisodikgoka e e ikaegileng ka bong le polao ya basadi” e kaya dipholisi tsa boditsheba tse di maleba le maano a tiro a thlhamilweng le go tsengwa mo tirisong ke Bothathi jwa Khuduthama go samagana le merero e e amanang le tirisodikgoka e e ikaegileng ka bong le polao ya basadi, e bile mabapi le ka moo e itepanyang le dipholisi tseo tsa boditsheba le maano a tiro a e akaretsa Togamaano ya Bosetshaba e e ka ga Tirisodikgoka e e ikaegileng ka bong le polao ya basadi e e thlhamilweng go ya ka Athikele 3 ya Tlhomamiso ya Kokoano ya Boporesidente kgathlanong le Tirisodikgoka e e ikaegileng ka bong le polao ya basadi ya 2018;
   “Palamente” e kaya Kokoano ya Bosetshaba le Khansele ya Diporofense ya Bosetshaba e e umakilweng mo karolong 42(1) ya Molatheon;
   “go laela” go kaya go laela ka molawanataolo ka fa tlae ga Molao ono;
Purpose of Act

2. The purpose of this Act is to provide a legislative framework—
   (a) for the establishment of the Council as a statutory body, which acts through its Board and is responsible for providing strategic leadership on the elimination of gender-based violence and femicide in South Africa;
   (b) to co-ordinate a multi-sectoral and an inter-sectoral approach towards the implementation of the national strategy addressing gender-based violence and femicide at national, provincial and local level and at community and other forums;
   (c) to give effect to Chapters 1 and 2 of the Constitution, which uphold human dignity, equality, life, security of persons, freedom and the advancement of human rights, as well as non-racialism and non-sexism, as its founding principles;
   (d) to affirm a national commitment to building a society that is free from all forms of gender-based violence and femicide;
   (e) to provide for the appointment of the Chief Executive Officer and the Secretariat by the Board; and
   (f) to provide for reporting mechanisms to facilitate the effective performance monitoring, evaluation and corrective action in the prevention of, and response to, gender-based violence and femicide in South Africa.

Establishment of National Council on Gender-Based Violence and Femicide

3. (1) The National Council on Gender-Based Violence and Femicide is hereby established.
   (2) The Council is a statutory body responsible for providing strategic leadership and co-ordination in the prevention of, and response to, gender-based violence and femicide in South Africa, in line with the objects contemplated in section 4.
   (3) The Council acts through its Board.
   (4) The Public Finance Management Act applies to the Council.

Objects of Council

4. The objects of the Council are to—
   (a) co-ordinate a structured multi-sectoral approach between relevant stakeholders for the prevention and elimination of, and response to, gender-based violence and femicide;
   (b) set short term, medium term and long term priorities, aligned with the national strategy addressing gender-based violence and femicide; and
   (c) facilitate the sharing of information and best practices on the prevention of, and response to, gender-based violence and femicide.

Functions of Council

5. (1) In order to achieve the purpose of this Act, the Council must—
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“Molao wa Taolo ya Matlole a Setšhaba” o kaya Public Finance Management Act, 1999 (Molao 1 wa 1999);

“bannaleseabe ba ba maleba” ba akaresta lephata la poraefete, ditheo tsothle tsa puso le baagi ba ba rwalang maikarabelo a go tsenya mo tirisong togamaano ya bosesetšhaba e e ka ga tirisodikgoka e e ikaegileng ka bong le polao ya basadi;

“Bokwaledi” bo kaya Lekala la Bokwaledi la Khansele le le tlhomilweng go ya ka karolo 17; le

“Molao ono” o akaresta le melawanataelo e e dirilweng ka fa tlase ga Molao ono.

Maithlomo a Molao

2. Maithlomo a Molao ke go tlamela letlhomeso la semolao—

   (a) mabapi le go tlhongwa ga Khansele jaaka setheo sa semolao, eo e dirang ka Boto ya yona e bile e rwalang maikarabelo a go tlamela boeteledipele jwa togamaano ka ga phediso ya tirisodikgoka e e ikaegileng ka bong le polao ya basadi mo Aforika Borwa;
   (b) go rulaganya mgkgwa wa maphatamantsi le wa gare ga maphata wa go tsenya mo tirisong togamaano ya bosesetšhaba e e samaganang le tirisodikgoka e e ikaegileng ka bong le polao ya basadi mo maemong a bosesetšhaba, a diporofense le a selelag le mo baaging le mo diforamong tse dingwe;
   (c) go tsenya mo tirisong Dikgaolo 1 le 2 tsa Molaathee, tse di tshegetsang seriti sa botho, tekatekano, botselo, tshireletsego ya batho, kgojoloisease le ntshetsepele ya ditshwanelo tsa botho, le bosengmorafe le bothokakgethololo ya bong, jaaka dipopi tsa motheo tsa ona;
   (d) go gatelela boineelo jwa bosesetšhaba jwa ga ago setšhaba se se gololosegileleng mo mefuteng yotlhe ya tirisodikgoka e e ikaegileng ka bong le polao ya basadi;
   (e) go laela mabapi le go thapiwa ga Mohlhandedikhuduthamagamogolo le Bokwaledi ke Boto; le
   (f) go laela mabapi le ditsele tsa go nolofatsa khotlholoko e e nonofileng ya tiragatso, tshekatsheko le kgato ya paakanyo mo thibelong ya, le ditshibogelo go, tirisodikgoka e e ikaegileng ka bong le polao ya basadi mo Aforika Borwa.

Go tlhongwa ga Khansele ya Bosesetšhaba ya Tirisodikgoka e e Ikaegileng ka bong le Polao ya Basadi

3. (1) Khansele ya Bosesetšhaba ya Tirisodikgoka e e Ikaegileng ka bong le Polao ya Basadi e a tlhongwa fano.
   (2) Khansele ke setheo sa semolao se se rwalang maikarabelo a go tlamela boeteledipele jwa togamaano le thulaganyo mo thibelong le mo tsibogeleng ya tirisodikgoka e e ikaegileng ka bong le polao ya basadi mo Aforika Borwa, go tsaamelana le maikaelelo a a umakilweng mo caronang 4.
   (3) Khansele e dira ka Boto ya yona.
   (4) Molao wa Taolo ya Matlole a Setšhaba o diriswa mo Khansele.

Maikaelelo a Khansele

4. Maikaelelo a Khansele ke go—

   (a) rulaganya tsela e e rulagantsweng ya maphatamantsi magareng ga bannaleseabe ba ba maleba mabapi le thibelo, phediso ya le tsibogelo go, tirisodikgoka e e ikaegileng ka bong le polao ya basadi;
   (b) tlhoma ditlapele tsa pakakhutshwane, pakagare le pakatele, tse di leptsweng le togamaano ya bosesetšhaba go samaganang le tirisodikgoka e e ikaegileng ka bong le polao ya basadi; le
   (c) nolofatsa go arogana tsshedimosetso le mekgwa e e siameng ya go thibela le go tsibogela tirisodikgoka e e ikaegileng ka bong le polao ya basadi.

Ditiro tsa Khansele

5. (1) Gore go fithelelewe maithlomo a Molao ono, Khansele e tshwanetsa go—
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(a) develop an action plan, not later than six months after its establishment, for the implementation of the national strategy addressing gender-based violence and femicide, which must—
   (i) be adequately costed and implemented effectively;
   (ii) set indicators and timelines to be complied with by all relevant stakeholders; and
   (iii) co-ordinate the monitoring and evaluation of the implementation of the national strategy addressing gender-based violence and femicide;
(b) co-ordinate measures for education and training concerning the prevention and combating of gender-based violence and femicide;
(c) ensure co-ordination between all structures established in terms of this Act in matters relating to the implementation of the national strategy addressing gender-based violence and femicide;
(d) facilitate strategic partnerships between the Council and relevant stakeholders, as and when required;
(e) in consultation with the Minister, facilitate the establishment of inter-sectoral and multi-sectoral structures to jointly prevent and respond to gender-based violence and femicide; and
(f) co-ordinate the prioritisation of gender-based violence and femicide programmes at national, provincial and local level, and at community and other forums.

(2) The Council must advise the Minister on—
   (a) any developments relating to the prevention of, and response to, gender-based violence and femicide;
   (b) relevant international standards to be adhered to; and
   (c) any matter falling within the purpose of this Act.

(3) The Council must report to the Minister at least four times a year on its activities, the performance of its functions and the achievement of its objectives, and the Minister must cause such report to be tabled in Parliament as required: Provided that the Council may at any time submit any other report if it is deemed necessary by Parliament.

(4) The Council must review strategic and action plans as identified by the Minister every five years or as required after the date of commencement of this Act.

Board of Council

6. (1) The Board must consist of not more than 15 members, comprising—
   (a) seven representatives from civil society and the private sector;
   (b) one representative from each of the following organs of state:
      (i) The Department of Women, Youth and Persons with Disabilities;
      (ii) the Department of Justice and Constitutional Development;
      (iii) the Department of Social Development;
      (iv) the Department of Health;
      (v) the Department of Co-operative Governance and Traditional Affairs;
      (vi) the South African Police Service;
      (vii) the Department of Basic Education; and
      (viii) the National Prosecuting Authority; and
   (c) the Chief Executive Officer, who is an ex officio member of the Board without voting rights.

(2) Only members of the Board referred to in subsection (1)(a) must be appointed by the President, and must before appointment be subjected to a security screening as envisaged in section 2A of the National Strategic Intelligence Act, 1994 (Act No. 39 of 1994).

(3) The President must, whenever it becomes necessary to appoint the members of the Board referred to in subsection (1)(a), make an appointment from a list of persons recommended by the National Assembly by way of resolution with a supporting vote of a majority of the members of the Assembly.
(a) tlhama leano la tiro, mo dikgweding di le thataro morago ga go tlhongwa ga yona, mabapi le go tsemgwa mo tirisong ga togamaano ya bosetšhaba go samagana le tirisodikgoka e e ikaegileng ka bong le polao ya basadi, eo e tsuwanetseng go—
   (i) bewa boleng ka nepagalo le go tseengwa mo tirisong ka nonofo; 5
   (ii) baya dibontshi le dinako tse di tshuwanetseng go obamelwa ke  
        bannaleseabe botlhe ba ba maleba; le
   (iii) rulagany ga peoleitlhgo le tshekatsheko tsyenaotirisong ya togamaano ya  
        bosetšhaba go samagana le tirisodikgoka e e ikaegileng ka bong le polao ya  
        basadi;
(b) rulagany ga mekgwa ya thuto le katiso e e mabapi le thibelo le twantsho ya  
    tirisodikgoka e e ikaegileng ka bong le polao ya basadi;
(c) netefatsa thulagany magareng ga ditheo tse di tlhomiweng go ya ka Molao ono  
    mo mererong e e amanang le tsenyltirisong ya togamaano ya bosetšhaba go samagana  
    le tirisodikgoka e e ikaegileng ka bong le polao ya basadi;
(d) nolofatsa dimphato tsa togaamano magareng ga Khansele le bannaleseabe ba  
    ba maleba, jaaka le la go tlhokega;
(e) ka therisano le Tona, nolofatsa go tlhongwa ga ditheo tsa gare ga maphta le  
    tsa maphatamantsi go dirisana mmogo go thibela le go tsibogela tirisodikgoka  
    e e ikaegileng ka bong le polao ya basadi; le
(f) rulagany go bewa kwa pele ga mananeo a tirisodikgoka e e ikaegileng ka  
    bong le polao ya basadi mo maemong a bosetšhaba, a diporofense le a selegae,  
    le mo baaging le mo dифoramong tse dingwe.

(2) Khansele e tshwanetse go gakolola Tona ka ga—
   (a) ditiragalo dife tse di amanang le thibelo le tsibogelo ya tirisodikgoka e e  
       ikaegileng ka bong le polao ya basadi;
   (b) ditekanyetsi ke di maleba tsa bontsi jwa bontsi tse di tshuwanetseng go  
       obamelwa; le
   (c) morero mongwe le mongwe o o welang ka fa tlase ga maithlomo a Molao ono.  

(3) Khansele e tshwanetse go sekaseka ditogamaano le ditiro jaaka Tona a tlhagisitse  
    mo dingwaqeng dingwe le dingwe di le tlhano kgotsa jaaka go tlhokega morago ga  
    letlha la tshimololo ya Molao ono.

Boto ya Khansele

6. (1) Boto e tshwanetse go na le ditokololo di sa fete 15, tseo di tsenyeletsang—
   (a) baemedi ba le supa go tswo la baaging le mo lephateng la porafetae;  
   (b) moemedi a le esi go tswo mo ngwwe le ngwwe ya setheo sa puso se se  
       latelang:  
       (i) Lefapha la Basadi, Bašwa le Batho ba ba Tshelang ka Bogole;  
       (ii) Lefapha la Bosiamisi le Tshabologo ya Molaatheo;  
       (iii) Lefapha la Tshabologoloago;  
       (iv) Lefapha la Boitekanelo;  
       (v) Lefapha la Tirisanommogo ya Puso le Merero ya Setso;  
       (vi) Tirelo ya Sepodisi a Aforika Borwa;  
       (vii) Lefapha la Thuto ya Motheo; le
       (viii) Botha jwa Boseki jwa Bosetšhaba; le
   (c) Molthankedikhuduthamagamogolo, yo e leng tokololo ka kemo mo Botong  
       ntle le tshimolo ya Molao ono.  

   (2) Ke fela ditokololo tsy Nkoro tse di umakilwe mo karolotlaletsong (1)(a) di  
       tshuwanetseng go thapiwa ke Moporesidente, e bile pele ba thapiwa ba tsuwanetseng  
       go thalhwa mabapi le thireleleleja jaaka go bonetswe pele mo karolong 2A ya  
       National Strategic Intelligence Act, 1994 (Molao 39 wa 1994).  

   (3) Moporesidente o tsuwanetseng, nako ngwwe le ngwwe fa go tlhokega gore go  
       thapiwe ditokololo tsy Boto tse di umakilwe mo karolotlaletsong (1)(a), go thapa go  
       tswo mo lenaneng la batho ba ba atlanegisitsweng ke Kokoano Bosetšhaba ka tsela ya  
       tshwetse e e tshegeditsweng ke boutu ya bontsi jwa ditokololo tsy Kokoano.
(4) Each member referred to in subsection (1)(b) must—
(a) be nominated by the respective Cabinet members responsible for women, youth and persons with disabilities, justice and constitutional development, social development, health, co-operative governance and traditional affairs, police and basic education; and
(b) hold a rank that is not lower than that of Deputy Director-General.

(5) Members appointed in terms of this section must—
(a) be fit and proper persons to hold office;
(b) be persons with applicable knowledge and expertise with regard to matters that are related to the purpose of this Act; and
(c) reflect the demographics and geographical spread of South Africa.

(6)(a) The President must designate one of the members as Chairperson and another member as Deputy Chairperson.

(b) The President must ensure that the positions of Chairperson and Deputy Chairperson are held alternately by a person contemplated in subsection (1)(a) and (b).

(7) Whenever the Chairperson is for any reason unavailable, the Deputy Chairperson must perform the responsibilities and duties of Chairperson. Should both the Chairperson and Deputy Chairperson not be available to fulfil their responsibilities, the President may designate one of the members to temporarily act as a Chairperson or Deputy Chairperson for a period not exceeding six months.

(8) The Board, in managing the execution of the functions of the Council, as contemplated in section 5, must—
(a) monitor the implementation of the action plan of the Council; and
(b) exercise general control over the Council’s powers and the execution of the Council’s functions.

(9) The Minister may co-opt any person for a period not exceeding six months at the request of the Board, to assist the Board with regard to its functions in order to—
(a) advise and provide the necessary expertise in their specific field; or
(b) represent a relevant stakeholder.

(10) A person co-opted in terms of subsection (9) may take part in the proceedings of the Board or its committee but is not entitled to vote.

Disqualification from membership of Board

7. A person is disqualified from being appointed to the Board or from remaining a member if such person—
(a) has been convicted of—
(i) a gender-based violence and femicide-related offence; or
(ii) any other criminal offence and sentenced to a term of imprisonment without the option of a fine;
(b) is or becomes insolvent;
(c) is or has been declared by a competent court to be of unsound mind;
(d) is directly or indirectly doing business with the Council and fails to declare the interest and the nature thereof in the manner required by this Act;
(e) is a person under curatorship;
(f) has, at any time, been removed from an office of trust on account of any form of misconduct, including sexual harassment, corruption, theft or fraud; or
(g) fails to disclose an interest in accordance with section 8 or attended or participated in the proceedings of the Board while having an interest contemplated in section 8.

Declaration of financial or other interests of members

8. (1) A person who has been appointed or nominated as a member of the Board in terms of section 6 must, within 10 days after being appointed or nominated, submit a
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(4) Tokololo ngwe le nngwe e e umakilweng mo karolotlaeletsong (1)/(b) e tshwanetse go—
   (a) thlhophiwa ke ditokololo tsa Kabinete tse di rwalang maikarabelo a basadi, bašwá le batho ba ba tshelah ka bogole bosiami le thlabolo ya molaethe, thlabololoaloago, boitekanelo, tirisanommogo ya puso le merero ya setso, sepoposi le thuto ya mother; le
   (b) nna ma maemong a a seng kwa tlase ga a Motlatsamokaediakakaretso.

(5) Ditokololo tse di thapilweng go ya ka karolo eno di tshwanetse go—
   (a) nna batho ba ba siametseng le go nonofela go nna ma tirong;
   (b) nna batho ba ba nang le kitso e e diriswang le boitseanape mabapi le merero e e amanang le maithlomo a Molao ono; le
   (c) bontsha dipalopalo tsa batho le kanamo ya nga ya Aforika Borwa.

(6)(a) Moporesidente o tshwanetse go tlhoma a le mongwá wa ditokololo jaaka Modulasetulo le tokololo e nngwe jaaka Motlatsamodulasetulo.
   (b) Moporesidente o tshwanetse go netefatsa gore maemo a Modulasetulo le Motlatsamodulasetulo a refosanelwa ke motho yo o umakilweng mo karolotlaeletsong (1)/(a) le (b).

(7) Fa Modulasetulo ka lebaka lefe a seyo, Motlatsamodulasetulo o tshwanetse go rwala maikarabelo le go ditiro tsa Modulasetulo. Fa ka bodedi Modulasetulo le Motlatsamodulasetuloba be seyo go diragatsa maikarabelo a bona, Moporesidente o ka tlhoma a le mongwá wa ditokololo go thwara nakwana jaaka Modulasetulo kgotsa Motlatsamodulasetulo sebaka sa paka e e sa feteng dikgwedi tse thataro.

(8) Boto, go go laoleng go dirwa ga ditiro tsa Khansele, jaaka go umakilwe mo karolong 5, e tshwanetse go—
   (a) ela tlhoko go tsengwá mo tirisong ga leano la tiro la Khansele; le
   (b) diragatsa taolo ka kakaretso mo dithateng tsa Khansele le go dirwa ga ditiro tsa Khansele.

(9) Tona o ka laletsa motho ofe sebaka sa paka e e sa feteng dikgwedi tse thataro ka kopoy o Boto, go thusa Boto mabapi le ditiro tsa yona gore a—
   (a) ga kholole le go neelana ka boitseanape jo bo thhokegang mo bodiring jwa bona; kgotsa
   (b) emelele monnaleseabe yo o maleba.

(10) Motho yo o laditsweng go ya ka karolotlaeletsotso (9) o ka tsaya karolo mo ditsamaisong tsa Boto kgotsa tsa Komiti ya yona fela ga a na tshwanelo ya go bouta.

**Kiletso mo go nneng tokololo ya Boto**

7. Motho yo o ileditsweng go thapinya mo Botong kgotsa go sala go nna tokololo fa motho yoo—
   (a) a bonwe molato wa—
      (i) tlolomolao e e amanang le tirisodikgoko e e ikaegileng ka bong le polao ya basadi; kgotsa
      (ii) tlolomolao ngwe efe ya bosenyi le go athholelwa paka ya go golegwa nle le kgetho ya tuddiso;
   (b) a phuthame;
   (c) a kgotsa go thomamisitswe ke kgotlatshhekelo e e nang le bokgoni gore ga a itekanela mo tlhaloganyong;
   (d) a dira ka thlamalalo kgotsa e e seng ka thlamalalo kgwebo le Khansele le go retelelwà ke go sehela kgatlhegelo le mofuta wa yona ka mokgwa o o thokwanga ke Molao ono;
   (e) e le motho yo o ka fa tlase ga bothlokomedi;
   (f) a kile, ka nako efe, a tloswa mo tirong ya boikanyege ka nilha ya mofuta efe wa maitsholomabe, go akaretsa le kgokgontsho ka thobalano, bobodu, bogodu kgotsa tsietsi; kgotsa
   (g) a retelelwà ke go sehela kgatlhegelo go tsamaelana le karolo 8 kgotsa a tsenetsi kgotsa a tse re karolo mo ditsamaisong tsa Boto fa a ne a na le kgatlhegelo e e umakilweng mo karolong 8.

**Thomamiso ya dikgatlhegelo tsa ditshelete kgotsa tse dingwe tsa ditokololo**

8. (1) Motho yo o thapilweng kgotsa yo o thlhophiweng jaaka tokololo ya Boto go ya ka karolo 6 o tshwanetse, mo matsatsing a le 10 morago ga go thapinya kgotsa go...
declaration, in writing, to the Minister of all the direct or indirect interests in a company, a non-governmental organisation or any other business interests.

(2) A member must, at the beginning of every financial year, submit a declaration, in writing, to the Minister, of the member’s direct or indirect interest in a company, a non-governmental organisation or any other business interest.

(3) Where a member acquires an interest in a company, a non-governmental organisation or any other business interest, at any time during the tenure as a member, the member must, within 10 days of the date of the acquisition of such an interest, submit a declaration, in writing, to the Minister of such an interest.

(4) Failure on the part of a member to disclose the interest as contemplated in subsections (2) and (3), constitutes a ground for disqualification in terms of section 7 and a justifiable reason for the removal of such member in terms of section 12.

Term of office

9. (1)(a) Subject to sections 11 and 12, a member holds office for a period not exceeding three years, but is eligible for re-appointment for only one additional term, not exceeding three years, and is also eligible for an extension of office for a period not exceeding six months.

(b) A member contemplated in section 6(1)(a) may resign from office by submitting at least one month’s written notice to the President.

(c) A member contemplated in section 6(1)(b) may resign from office by submitting at least one month’s written notice to the relevant Cabinet member who must inform the Minister of the resignation.

(2) The names of the members and the date of commencement of their term of office must be published by the Minister in the Gazette not later than 30 days after appointment to the Board.

Reimbursement of members

10. (1) A member of the Board, a relevant stakeholder co-opted by the Minister or a member of any committee of the Board, may, from the funds of the Council for that purpose—

(a) in the case of members of the civil society and private sector, be paid a reimbursement and allowances, determined by the Minister in consultation with the Minister of Finance; and

(b) in the case of government employees, be paid any subsistence and other allowances in accordance with such member’s conditions of service as the Public Service Regulations may determine.

(2) The Minister in consultation with the Minister of Finance must determine the applicable payment rates and criteria for the payment contemplated in subsection (1).

Vacancies in Board

11. (1) A vacancy in the Board occurs—

(a) when a member’s term of office expires;

(b) when a member is disqualified from being appointed to the Board or from remaining a member as set out in section 7;

(c) when a member dies;

(d) when a member’s resignation, submitted in terms of section 9(1)(b) and (c) takes effect; or

(e) when a member is removed from office in terms of section 12.

(2) If a vacancy occurs on the Board, such vacancy must be filled within six months as set out in section 6.

(3) A vacancy in the Council does not affect the validity of the proceedings or decisions of the Council.

(4) A member appointed or nominated to fill a vacancy holds office for the unexpired portion of the term of the member who that member replaces.
Molao wa Khansele ya Bosetšhaba ya Tirisodikgoka e e Ikaegileng ka bong le Polao ya Basadi, 2024

Act no. 09 ya 2024

(1) Tokololo e tshwanetse, kwa tshimologong ya ngwaga ngwwe le ngwwe ya dithelele, go romelela Tona tlhomamiso, e e kwetsweng, ya kgatlhegelo ya ka tlhamalalo kgotsa e e kwetsweng, ka nako ngwwe le ngwwe ya kwa santse a le tokololo, tokololo e tshwanetse, go matsatsing a le 10 a lelha la go no le kgatlhegelo eo, go romelela Tona tlhomamiso, e e kwetsweng, ya kgatlhegelo eo.

(2) Go retelelwa ga tokololo go senola kgatlhegelo jaaka go umakilwe mo dikarolotlaleletsong (2) le (3), go tsewa jaaka lebaka la kilelso go ya ka karolo 7 le lebaka le le utwalang la go tlosa tokololo eo go ya ga ka karolo 12.

Paka ya tiro

9. (1)(a) Go latela dikarolo 11 le 12, tokololo e nna mo tirong sebaka sa paka e e sa feteng dingwaga tse tharo, e bilo o ka thapwa gape sebaka sa paka e e le es fela, e e sa feteng dingwaga tse tharo, e bilo eiro e ka atoswa gape sebaka sa paka e e sa feteng dikgwiedi tse thataro.

(b) Tokololo e e umakilweng mo karolong 6(1)(a) e ka rola tiro ka go romelela Moporesidente kitsiso e e kwetsweng ya bonnye kgwedi e le esi.

(c) Tokololo e e umakilweng mo karolong 6(1)(b) e ka rola tiro ka go romelela tokololo ya Kabinete e e maleba kitsiso e e kwetsweng ya bonnye kgwedi e le esi yo o tshwanetsegeng go isitsa Tona ka ga tholotiro.

(2) Maina a ditokololo le letlha la tshimololo ya paka ya bona di tshwanetse go phasalatswe ka Tona mo Lokwalodikgannyaeng la Puso mo matsatsing a le 30 morago ga go thapiwa mo Botong.

Pusetsemadi ya ditokololo

10. (1) Tokololo ya Boto, monnaleseabe yo o maleba yo o laleditsweng ke Tona kgotsa tokololo ya komiti efe ya Boto, o ka, go tswa mo matloleng a Khansele mabapi le maithimo ao——

(a) mo lebakeng la ditokololo tsa baagi le lephata la porae fete, duelwa tlhapisadiatlha le dituelotetla, tse di tlhomamisitsweng ke Tona ka therisano le Tona ya Matlotlo; le

(b) mo lebakeng la badiredipuso, duelwa tshiamelo efe le dituelotetla dingwe go tsamaelana le maemo a tiro a tokololo eo jaaka Melawanataolo ya Bodiredipuso e ka tlhomamisa.

(2) Tona ka therisano le Tona ya Matlotlo o tshwanetse go tlhomamisa dikelo tsa go duela tse di umakilweng mo karolotlaleletsong (1).

Diphathlhatiro mo Botong

11. (1) Phathlhatiro mo Botong e diragala——

(a) fa paka ya tiro ya tokololo e ya kwa bokhutlong;

(b) fa tokololo e ileditse wmo go thapiweng mo Botong kgotsa mo go saleng go nna tokololo jaaka go thagisitswe mo karolong 7;

(c) fa tokololo e tlhokofala;

(d) fa tholotiro ya tokololo, e e rometsweng go ya ka karolo 9(1)(b) le (c) e simolola; kgotsa

(e) fa tokololo e tloswa mo tirong go ya ka karolo 12.

(2) Fa phathlhatiro e nna teng mo Botong, phathlhatiro eo e tswana go tlatswa mo dikgwiedi tse thataro jaaka go thagisitswe mo karolong 6.

(3) Phathlhatiro mo Khanseleng ga e ake ma gope bonnete jwa ditsamaiso kgotsa ditshweto tsu Khansele.

(4) Tokololo e e thapiweng kgotsa e e tlhophiwieng go tlatsa phathlhatiro o nna mo tirong sebaka sa karolo e e setsefeng ya paka ya tokololo e tokololo eo e tsenang mo boemong jwa gawe.
12. (1)(a) If the Minister is of the opinion that a member of the Board referred to in section 6(1)(a) should be removed on grounds set out in subsection (1)(b)(i) to (iv), the Minister may request the President and the National Assembly to act in accordance with subsection (1)(b).

(b) The President may, on the recommendation of the National Assembly, remove a member referred to in section 6(1)(a) from office—

(i) on the ground of misconduct, incapacity or incompetence;

(ii) for being absent from three consecutive meetings of the Board without permission of the Board;

(iii) for engaging in any activity that is reasonably capable of undermining the purpose of this Act and the functions of the Council; or

(iv) for failure on the part of a member to disclose any interests as contemplated in section 8.

(c) The President may, on the recommendation of the National Assembly, suspend a member listed in terms of section 6(1)(a) pending the outcome of subsection (1)(b).

2(2)(a) If the Minister is of the opinion that a member of the Board referred to in section 6(1)(b) should be removed on grounds set out in subsection (2)(b)(i) to (iv), the Minister may request the President to act in accordance with subsection (2)(b).

(b) The President may, on the recommendation of the Minister remove a member referred to in section 6(1)(b) from office—

(i) on the ground of misconduct, incapacity or incompetence;

(ii) for being absent from three consecutive meetings of the Board without permission of the Board;

(iii) for engaging in any activity that is reasonably capable of undermining the purpose of this Act and the functions of the Council; or

(iv) for failure on the part of a member to disclose any interests as contemplated in section 8.

(c) The President may, on the recommendation of the Minister, suspend a member referred to in section 6(1)(b), pending the outcome of subsection (2)(b).

3(3) Before submitting a subsection (1) or (2) request for removal of a member from the Board, the Minister must afford the member in question an opportunity to be heard.

Meetings of Board

13. (1) The first meeting of the Board must be held on a date and at a time and a place determined by the Minister, whereafter the date, time and place of all future meetings must be determined by the Chairperson.

(2) The Board must meet at least four times a year, as determined by the Chairperson in terms of subsection (1).

(3) The Chief Executive Officer must, at any time, on request, in writing, by the Chairperson or majority of the members, convene a special meeting of the Board, to be held on a date and at a time and a place as the Chairperson may determine.

(a) The Chairperson presides at all meetings of the Board.

(b) Where the Chairperson is absent from a meeting of the Board, the Deputy Chairperson must preside at that meeting.

(c) In the event where both the Chairperson and Deputy Chairperson are absent from a meeting of the Board, the members present must elect one member from amongst those present to preside at that meeting.

(5) The quorum at any meeting of the Board is half of its members, plus one.

(6) The decision of 50% plus one of the members present at a meeting constitutes a decision of the Board, and in the event of an equality of votes concerning any matter, the member presiding at the meeting has a casting vote in addition to such member’s deliberative vote.

(7) The Board must determine the procedure for its meetings and ensure that the principles of transparency, openness, respect, integrity and participation are observed at such meetings.
Tloso mo tirong

12. (1)(a) Fa Tona a gopola gore tokololo ya Boto e e umakliweng mo karolong 6(1)(a) e e tshwanetsego tloswa ka nthla ya mabaka a a thlagisitsweng mo karolotlaletsong (1)(b)(i) go fitilha go (iv). Tona o ka kopa Moporesidente le Kokoano Bosetšhaba go dira go tsamenla le karolotlaletso (1)(b).

(b) Moporesidente o ka, ka katlanegiso ya Kokoano Bosetšhaba, tlosa tokololo e e umakliweng mo karolong 6(1)(a) mo tirong—

(i) ka nthla ya maitsholomabe, go sa kgone go dira kgotsa botlhokabogkonji;

(ii) mabapi le go se tsenele dikopano tse tharlo tse di latelanang tsa Boto ntle le tletla ya Boto;

(iii) mabapi le go tsaya karolo mo tirong e ka mabaka e nyatsang maithlStrona mo karolotlaletso (1)(b).

(iv) mabapi le go retelelwa ga tokololo go senola dikgatlhegelo dife jaaka go umakliwe mo karolong 8.

(c) Moporesidente o ka, ka katlanegiso ya Kokoano Bosetšhaba, sekega tokololo e e umakliweng go ya ka karolo 6(1)(a) go sa letetswe ditlamorogo tsu karolotlaletso (1)(b).

15. (2)(a) Fa Tona a gopola gore tokololo ya Boto e e umakliweng mo karolong 6(1)(b) e e tshwanetse go tloswa ka nthla ya mabaka a a thlagisitsweng mo karolotlaletsong (2)(b)(i) go fitilha go (iv). Tona o ka kopa Moporesidente go dira go ya ka karolotlaletso (2)(b).

(b) Moporesidente o ka, ka katlanegiso ya Tona, tlosa tokololo e e umakliweng mo karolong 6(1)(b) mo tirong—

(i) ka nthla ya maitsholomabe, go sa kgone go dira kgotsa botlhokabogkonji;

(ii) mabapi le go se tsenele dikopano tse tharlo tse di latelanang tsa Boto ntle le tletla ya Boto;

(iii) mabapi le go tsaya karolo mo tirong e ka mabaka e nyatsang maithlStrona mo karolotlaletso (2)(b).

(iv) mabapi le go retelelwa ga tokololo go senola dikgatlhegelo dife jaaka go umakliwe mo karolong 8.

(c) Moporesidente o ka, ka katlanegiso ya Tona, sekega tokololo e e umakliweng go ya ka karolo 6(1)(b), go sa letetswe ditlamorogo tsu karolotlaletso (2)(b).

18. (3) Pele a romela kopo ya karolotlaletso (1) kgotsa (2) mabapi le go tloswa ga tokololo mo Botong, Tona o tshwanetse go naya tokololo e e umakwang tšhono ya go reetswa.

Dikopano tsa Boto

13. (1) Kopano ya nthla ya Boto e e tshwanetse go tshwarwa ka lethla le ka nako le kwa lefelong le le thlamamisitsweng ke Tona, mme morago ga moo lethla, nako le lefelo la dikopano tsothle tsa isago di tshwanetse go thlamamiswa ke Modulasetulo.

(2) Boto e tshwanetse go kopa a bonnye makgetlo a le mane mo ngwageng, jaaka Modulasetulo a ka thlamamisa go ya ka karolotlaletso (1).

(3) Motchankedikhuduthamagamogolo o tshwanetse, mo nakong ngwwe le ngwwe, ka kopa e e kwetsweng, ya Modulasetulo kgotsa bontsi jwa dikotololo, bitsa kopano e e kgethegile ke Boto, e e tla tshwarwa ka lethla le ka nako le kwa lefelong le le tla thlamamiswa ke Modulasetulo.

(4)(a) Modulasetulo o okama dikopano tsothle tsa Boto.

(b) Fa Modulasetulo a sa tselena kopano ya Boto, Motlatsamodulasetulo o tshwanetse go okama kopano eo.

(c) Fa ka bobedi Modulasetulo le Motlatsamodulasetulo ba sa tselena kopano ya Boto, ditokololo tse di leng teng di tshwanetse go tshopho tokololo e le esie go tswa mo bao ba leng teng go dikotololo kopano eo.

(5) Khoromo kwa kopanong efe ya Boto ke halofo ya dikotololo tsa yona, le e le esie.

(6) Tshwetso ya 50% le a le mongwe wa dikotololo tse di tsetseng kopano e tswa jaaka tshwetso ya Boto, e bile mo lebakeng la fa dibouto di lekealekana mabapi le morero ofe, tokololo e e okameng kopano o ka dira bouto ya makaolakgang mo godimo ga bouto ya tlavelopa ya tokololo eo.

(7) Boto e tshwanetse go thlamamisa tsaano mabapi le dikopano tsa yona le go netefatsa gore meono ya botlhokabofitilha, puo ka phuthologo, tlolot, tshiamo le botsayakarolo a e abamelwa kwa dikopanong tse.
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(8) The Board may regulate the proceedings at meetings as it considers fit and must cause minutes to be kept of its proceedings.

Committees of Board

14. (1) The Board may, in writing, establish one or more committees, including—
(a) the Executive Management Committee;
(b) the Human Resource and Reimbursement Committee; and
(c) the Audit and Risk Committee, in accordance with National Treasury guidelines regarding the formation of Audit Committees as provided for in section 77 of the Public Finance Management Act,

to assist in the performance of the Board’s functions which may be delegated to the committee by the Board.

(2) A committee established in terms of subsection (1)—
(a) consists of the number of members of the Board or other persons as the Board considers necessary;
(b) must perform its duties and exercise its powers subject to this Act and such directives as may be issued by the Board; and
(c) must designate one of the members of a committee as chairperson and, if it considers it necessary to do so, may designate another member of a committee as deputy chairperson.

(3) Subject to section 6, the Board may invite persons who are not members of the Board to serve on any of its committees—
(a) for a specific purpose and for the period determined by the committee for the purposes of advising the Board; or
(b) may make recommendations to the committee in respect of a matter for which the committee has been established.

(4) The Board may remove a member of a committee or dissolve or reconstitute a committee as it considers necessary.

(5) Subject to the directions of the Board, a committee—
(a) may exercise such powers as entrusted by the Board to it; and
(b) must perform such functions of the Board as the Board may delegate to it, and must follow such procedure during such exercising of powers and functions performance of functions as the Board may direct.

(6) Upon completion of the functions delegated to it in terms of subsection (5), a committee must submit a written report thereon, including recommendations, if any, for consideration by the Board.

(7) Any decision taken by a committee established under this section must be ratified by the Board.

(8) The Board is not absolved from responsibility for the performance of any powers, functions or duties entrusted to any committee in terms of this section.

Appointment of Chief Executive Officer

15. (1) The Board must appoint a Chief Executive Officer, who must—
(a) have qualifications and experience relevant to the functions of the Council;
(b) be a fit and proper person to hold office; and
(c) have applicable knowledge and expertise with regard to matters that are related to the purpose of this Act.

(2) The Chief Executive Officer is an employee of the Council and is accountable to the Board.

(3) The Chief Executive Officer—
(a) holds office for a period of five years and may be re-appointed for one additional term of office not exceeding five years; and
(b) is, notwithstanding serving on the Board as an ex officio member, entitled to remuneration, allowances and other service benefits as the Board may determine, in consultation with the Minister, the Minister of Finance and the Minister responsible for public service and administration.

(4) The Chief Executive Officer must sign a contract of employment within 10 working days of appointment.

(5) The Board must conclude a written performance agreement with the Chief Executive Officer—
(8) Boto e ka laola ditsamaiso kwa dikopanong jaaka fa e bona go le matshwanedi e bile e tshwanetse go netefatsa gore metsotsa ya dikopano ts'a yona e a tsholwa.

Dikomiti tsa Boto

14. (1) Boto e ka, ka go kwalala, tlhoma komiti le e esi kgotsa go feta, go akaretsa—
   (a) Komitiatolokhuduthamaga;
   (b) Komiti ya Metswedithuso ya Setho le Pusetosomadi; le
   (c) Komiti ya Boruni le Dikotsi, go tsamaelana le dikaelo ts'a Matlotlo a Setšhaba mabapi le go thangwa ga Dikomiti tsa Boruni jaaka go laetswe mo karolong 77 ya Molao wa Taolo ya Matlole a Setšhaba,
   go thusa mo go diragatsweng ga ditiro tsa Boto tseo di ka rolelwang komiti ke Boto.
   (2) Komiti e e tlhomilweng go ya ka karolotlaleletso (1)—
      (a) e na le palo ya ditokololo ts'a Boto kgotsa batho ba bangwe jaaka Boto e bona go tlhokega;
      (b) e tshwanetse go dira ditiro tsa yona le go diragatsa dithata ts'a yona go latela Molao ono le ditaelo tseo jaaka di ka rebolwa ke Boto; e bile
      (c) e tshwanetse go tlhoma a le mongwe wa ditokololo ts'a komiti jaaka Modulasetulo e bile, fa e akanyka gore go a tlhokega go dira jalo, e ka tlhoma tokololo e ngwe ya komiti jaaka Molatsamodulasetulo.
   (3) Go latela karolo 6, Boto e ka laletsa batho bao e seng ditokololo tsa Boto go dira mo go efe ya dikomiti tsa yona—
      (a) mabapi le maithlhomogolo a a rileng le sebaka sa paka e e tlhomamisitsweng ke komiti mabapi le maithlhomogolo a go gakolola Boto; kgotsa
      (b) e ka atlanegisa kwa komiting mabapi le morero o komiti e o tlhametsweng.
   (4) Boto e ka tlosa tokololo ya komiti kgotsa ya phalhalatsa kgotsa ya tlhama sešwa komiti jaaka fa e bona go tlhokega.
   (5) Go latela ditaelo ts'a Boto, komiti—
      (a) e ka diragatsa dithata tseo jaaka e di roletswe ke Boto; e bile
      (b) e tshwanetse go diragatsa ditiro tseo ts'a Boto jaaka Boto e ka di e rolela, e bile e tshwanetse go latela tsamaiso eo fa go diragatswa dithata tseo le ditiro jaaka Boto e ka laela.
   (6) Fa e fetsa go dira ditiro tse e di roletsweeng go ya ka karolotlaleletso (5), komiti e tshwanetse go romela pegelo e e kwetsweng, e e akaretsang dikatlanegiso, fa di le teng, gore e sekasekwe ke Boto.
   (7) Tshwetso efe e e tsawagwa ke komiti e e tlhomilweng ka fa tlase ga karolo eno e tshwanetse go rebolwa ke Boto.
   (8) Boto e ka, ka gopolwla mo go rwaleng maikarabelo mabapi e le go diragatswa ga dithata dife, kgotsa ditiro tse e di roletsweeng komiti efe go ya ka karolo eno.

Go thapiwa ga Motlhankedikuhuduthamagamogolo

15. (1) Boto e tshwanetse go thapa Motlhankedikuhuduthamagamogolo, yo o tshwanetse—
   (a) go naa le borutegi le maitemogelo a a maleba mo ditirong ts'a Khansele;
   (b) go siamela le go itekanela go naa mo tirong; le
   (c) go naa le kitso e e maleba le boitseanape mabapi le merero e e amanang le maithlhomogolo a Molao ono.
   (2) Motlhankedikuhuduthamagamogolo ke modiredi wa Khansele e bile o ikarabelo kwa Botong.
   (3) Motlhankedikuhuduthamagamogolo—
      (a) o naa mo tirong sebaka sa paka ya dingwaga tse thano e bile e ka thapiwa gape sebaka sa paka e ngwe ya tiro e le esi e e sa feteng dingwaga tse thano; e bile
      (b) o, go sa nyatswe go dira mo Botong jaaka tokololo ka kemo, tshwanetse ke tuelo, dituelotela le melemo e mengwe ya ditirelo jaaka Boto e ka thomamisga ka therisano le Tona ya Matlotlo le Tona e e rwalang maikarabelo a tirelopuso le tsamaiso.
   (4) Motlhankedikuhuduthamagamogolo o tshwanetse go saena konteraka ya tiro mo matsatsing a le 10 a tiro ya ga thapiwa.
   (5) Boto e tshwanetse go dira tumalano ya tiragatso e e kwetsweng le Motlhankedikuhuduthamagamogolo—
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(a) within a reasonable time after the appointment of the Chief Executive Officer; and
(b) thereafter annually, within one month of the commencement of each financial year.

(6) The performance agreement must include—

(a) measurable performance objectives and targets that must be met, and must provide for the time-frames within which those performance objectives and targets must be met;
(b) standards and procedures for evaluating performance and intervals for evaluation; and
(c) the consequences of substandard performance.

Functions of Chief Executive Officer

16. The Chief Executive Officer must—

(a) drive the achievement of the purpose of this Act in alignment with the national strategy to address gender-based violence and femicide;
(b) establish operational arrangements, including the establishment of multi-sectoral and inter-sectoral technical teams, as and when necessary;
(c) actively manage the affairs and operations of the Council;
(d) ensure that the Council performs its functions as contemplated in section 5;
(e) subject to the approval of the Board appoint such staff to assist the Council in the performance of its financial, administrative and clerical functions;
(f) ensure that the strategies of the Council are effectively implemented with timely reports towards meeting the strategic objectives;
(g) receive and manage resources consistent with the strategic objectives, and make timely adjustments in strategies when conditions and circumstances change;
(h) carry out a comprehensive budgeting process and monitor the Council’s financial performance against the budget;
(i) submit annual reports, financial statements and the financial position of the Council to the Board;
(j) develop a budget in accordance with section 53 of the Public Finance Management Act;
(k) establish the financial management and internal control of the Council;
(l) ensure the organisation and management of, and administrative control over, all members of staff appointed in terms of section 16(e);
(m) attend to the maintenance of discipline in respect of the members of staff; and
(n) carry out the decisions of the Board and is for those purposes accountable to the Board and must provide reports to the Board as often as may be required by the Board.

Secretariat of Council

17. (1) Subject to subsection (4), the Board must establish the Secretariat of the Council.

(2) The Chief Executive Officer—

(a) is the Head of the Secretariat; and
(b) must, in consultation with the Board, appoint and supervise the Secretariat.

(3) The Secretariat, under the direction of the Chief Executive Officer—

(a) is governed by the national strategy to address gender-based violence and femicide;
(b) consists of fit and proper persons who possess applicable knowledge and experience, as may be necessary to assist the Board in the exercise of its powers and the performance of its functions;
(c) is responsible for the day-to-day operation of the Council; and
(d) provides technical and administrative support to the Board.

(4) The Board must, in consultation with the Minister, the Minister of Finance and the Minister responsible for public service and administration, determine the conditions of employment and remuneration of the Secretariat.

(5) The Labour Relations Act, 1995 (Act No. 66 of 1995), and the Public Service Act, 1999 (Act No. 103 of 1999), are applicable to the conditions of employment contemplated in subsection (4).
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Molao wa Khansele ya Bosetšhaba ya Tirisodikgoka e e Ikaegileng ka bong le Polao ya Basadi, 2024

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(a) mo nakong e e utlwagalang morago ga go thapiwa ga Mothankedikhududhamagamogolo; le
(b) morago ga moo ngwaga le ngwaga, mo kgweding e le esi ya tshimologo ya ngwaga mwe le ngwe ya dišišelethe;

(6) Tumalano ya tiragatsa e tshwanetse go akaretsa—
(a) maikaelelo a tiragatsa a a lekanyetswang le ditotwa tse di tshwanetseng go fitlehlewa, e bile e tshwanetse go laela mabapi le dipeelo tsa nako tseo ka tsona maikaelelo ao a ditiragatsa le ditotwa di tshwanetseng go fitlehlewa;
(b) dipeelo le disamaiso tsa go lekanyetsa tiragatsa le dipaka tsa tekanyetso; le
(c) ditlamorago tsa tiragatsa e e bokoa.

Ditiro tsa Motlhankedikhududhamagamogolo

16. Motlhankedikhududhamagamogolo o tshwanetse go—
(a) tsamaisa phitlehlelo ya maithlomo a Molao ono ka tepatepanyo le leano la bosetšhaba go samagana le tirisodikgoka e e ikaegileng ka bong le polao ya basadi;
(b) thloma dithulaganyo tsa tiro, go akaretsa le go tlhongwa ga ditlhopha tsa setegeniki tsa maphatamantsi le garen g le maphata, jaaka fa go tlhokega;
(c) laola ka matlhagatlhaga merero le diitiro tsa Khansele;
(d) netefatsa gore Khansele e diira ditiro tsa yona yaka go umakilwe mo karolong 5;
(e) go latela thebolo ya Boto ya go thapa badiri bao go thusa Khansele mo tiragatsong ya ditiro tsa yona tsa matlotlo, tsamaiso le botlereke;
(f) netefatsa gore maano a Khansele a tsenngwa mo tirisong ka nonofo le dipedago ka nako n go fitlehlela maikaelelo a togamaano;
(g) amogela le go laola ditlamelo ka go tsamaelana le maikaelelo a togamaano, le go dira diphetelo ka nako n maanong fà mabaka le maemo di fetoga;
(h) diragatsa kgato ya tekanyetsokabò a e akaretsang le go baya tiragatsa ya matlole ya Khansele feithlo kgathlanong le tekanyetsokabò;
(i) romelela Boto dipedago tsa ngwaga, dikanego tsa matlotlo le maemo a dišišelethe a Khansele;
(j) diira tekanyetsokabò go tsamaelana le karolo 53 ya Molao wa Taolo ya Matlole a Setšhaba;
(k) thloma taolo ya matlotlo le taolo ya ka fa gare ya Khansele;
(l) netefatsa thulaganyo le taolo ya, le taolo ya tsamaisa ya badiri botlhe ba ba thapiweng ya ka karolo 16(e);
(m) ma le seabe mo tshegetsong ya kgalemo mabapi le badiri; le
(n) diragatsa ditshwetso tsa Boto e e bile o, mabapi le maithlomo ao, ikarabela kwa Botong e e bile o tshwanetse go naya Boto dipedago nako nako jaaka go ka tlhokwa ke Boto.

Bokwaledi jwa Khansele

17. (1) Go latela karolotlaleleetsa (4), Boto e tshwanetse go tlhoma Bokwaledi jwa Khansele.
(2) Motlhankedikhududhamagamogolo—
(a) ke Tlhogo ya Bokwaledi; e bile
(b) o tshwanetse, ka therisano le Boto, go thapa le go okamela Bokwaledi.

(3) Bokwaledi, ka fa tlase ga kaelo ya Motlhankedikhududhamagamogolo—
(a) bo laolwa ke togamaano ya bosetšhaba go samagana le tirisodikgoka e e ikaegileng ka bong le polao ya basadi;
(b) bo agiwe ka batho ba ba siametseng le go nonofela bao ba nang le kitso le maitemogelo a a maleba, jaaka go tlhokega go thusa Boto mo go diragatseng diiha tsa yona le mo go direng ditiro tsa yona;
(c) bo rwa laikarabelo a tiro ya letatsi le letatsi ya Khansele; e bile
(d) bo thermo Boto ka tshigetso ya setegeniki le ya tsamais;
(4) Boto e tshwanetse, ka thrisana le Tona, Tona ya Matlotlo le Tona e e rwa laikarabelo a tirelopo le tsamais, go thlomamisa maemo a tiro a tielo ya Bokwaledi.

(5) Labour Relations Act, 1995 (Molao 66 wa 1995), le Public Service Act, 1999 (Molao 103 wa 1999), di diriswa ma maemo a tiro a umakilweng mo karolotlaleleetsa (4).
Funds of Council

18. (1) The funds of the Council consist of—
   (a) monies appropriated by Parliament for this purpose;
   (b) donations or contributions received from any source;
   (c) trust funds vested in the Council;
   (d) interest derived from investments; and
   (e) money received from any other source.

(2) Monies appropriated by Parliament for this purpose—
   (a) constitute earmarked funds on the applicable vote; and
   (b) may not be used for any other purpose, unless the Board has been consulted
   and the National Treasury approves such use.

(3) Subject to the Public Finance Management Act, the Board—
   (a) is charged with the responsibility of accounting for monies received or paid
      out for or on account of the administration and functioning of the Council and
      for donations, contributions or gifts in accordance with National Treasury
      regulations; and
   (b) may cause the necessary accounting and other related records to be kept,
      which records must be audited in terms of section 4(3) of the Public Audit Act,
      2004 (Act No. 25 of 2004).

(4) The Board must utilise the funds—
   (a) to cover costs in connection with—
      (i) the day-to-day operation and administration of the Council; and
      (ii) the performance of the duties and functions of the Council and the
      exercise of its powers in terms of this Act; and
   (b) for the payment of remuneration, allowances and subsistence and travelling
      expenses of the members, the Chief Executive Officer and the Secretariat.

(5) Any donations or contributions contemplated in subsection (1)(b)
    must be utilised

Financial management

19. (1) The Chief Executive Officer must—
   (a) maintain full and proper books of account and all the necessary records in
      relation thereto to be kept; and
   (b) ensure that the Council’s annual budgets, annual reports and audited financial
      statements are prepared and submitted in accordance with the Public Finance
      Management Act.

(2) In a financial year, the Chief Executive Officer must submit to the Board for
    approval adjusted or supplementary statements of the estimated income and expenditure
    of the Council for that financial year.

(3) The Board must not enter into any financial commitment beyond—
   (a) its approved budget;
   (b) the prescribed transaction limits, without reporting to the Minister; and
   (c) its accumulated reserves.

(4) The Chief Executive Officer may, in accordance with the Public Finance
    Management Act and with the approval of the Board, invest any unexpended portion of
    its funds with the Corporation for Public Deposits, established in terms of section 2 of
    the Corporation for Public Deposits Act, 1984 (Act No. 46 of 1984), or another
    institution approved by the National Treasury.

Audit, annual and financial report

20. (1) The accounts and financial statements of the Council must be audited in terms
    of section 4(3) of the Public Audit Act, 2004 (Act No. 25 of 2004).

(2) The Board must—
Matlotlo a Khansele

18. (1) Matlotlo a Khansele a bopilwe ka—
   (a) madi a a lekanyeditsweng ke Palamente mbapi le maithlomo ano;
   (b) dikatso kgotsa diketleletso tse di amogetsweng go tswa mo motswedeng ofe;
   (c) matlole a terasete a a neetsweng Khanele;
   (d) morokots o o bonweng go tswa mo dippeletsong; le
   (e) madi a a amogetsweng go tswa mo motswedeng ofe. 5

   (2) Madi a a lekanyeditsweng ke Palamente mbapi le maithlomo ano—
   (a) a na le matlotlo a a beilweng mo boutung e e maleba; e bile
   (b) a ka se dirisetsewa maithlomo mangwe ape, ntle le fa go rerisanwe le Bote e 10
       bile Matlotlo a Setšhaba a robotse tiriso eo.

   (3) Go latela Molao wa Taolo ya Matlole a Setšhaba, Boto—
       (a) e rwala maikarabelo a go ikarabela mbapi le madi a a amogetsweng kgotsa a
           a duetsweng mbapi le tsamaiso le tiro ya Khansele le mbapi le dikatso, 15
           diketleletso kgotsa dimpho go tsamaelana le melawanatolo ya Matlotlo a
           Setšhaba; e bile
       (b) e ka dira gore maikarabelo a a thokekagang le directo tse dingwe tse di maleba
           di tsholwe, directo tseo di tshwanetseng go sekwasekwa ke boruni go ya ka 20

   (4) Boto e tshwanetse go dirisa matlole—
       (a) go duela ditshenyegelo mbapi le—
           (i) tiro le tsamaiso ya letsatsi ka letsatsi ya Khansele; le
           (ii) tiragatso ya ditiro le maikarabelo a Khansele le tiragatso ya dithata tsa 25
               yona go ya ka Molao ono; le
       (b) tuelo ya mogolo, dituelotetla le ditshiamelo le ditshenyegelo tsa mosepele tsa
tiokololo, Motlankedikhuduthamagamogolo le Bokwaledi.

   (5) Dikatso dife kgotsa diketleletso tse di umakilweng mo karololaleletsong (1)(b) di 30
       tshwanetse go diriswa go tsamaelana le dipeelo, fa di le teng, tse di pateletswang ke
       moabi kgotsa moetleetsi yo o amegang, dipeelo tseo di sa tshwanelang go nna
gatlanhong le maithlomo a Molao.

   (6) Motlankedikhuduthamagamogolo o tshwanetse, ka kobamelo ya Molao wa 35
       Taolo ya Matlole a Setšhaba le ka therisano le Boto—
       (a) go bula akhaonto mo leineng la Khansele kwa setheong se se kwadisitsweng jaaka
           banka go ya ka Banks Act, 1990 (Molao 94 wa 1990); le
       (b) go tsenya madi otlhe a a amogetsweng mo go yona go ya ka karolo eno.

Taolo ya matlole

19. (1) Motlankedikhuduthamagamogolo o tshwanetse go—
       (a) tshola ka botlalo le ka npegalago dibuka mbapi le go rwala maikarabelo le 40
           direketo tsotlhe tse di thokekagang mbapi le go tsholwa ga tsona; le
       (b) netefatsa gore ditekanyetsokabo tsa ngwaga, dippelelo tsa ngwaga le dikanego
tse di runtsweng tsa Khansele di baakantswe le go romelwa go tsamaelana le
tsa Molao wa Taolo ya Matlole a Setšhaba.

   (2) Mo ngwageng wa ditsˇhelete, Motlankedikhuduthamagamogolo o tshwanetse go 45
       ronelela Boto, mbapi le thebolo, dikanele tse di baakantsweng kgotsa tse tlaleteto tsa
       lotsele le ditshenyegelo tse di fopholetswang tsa Khanele tsa ngwaga oo wa ditsˇhelete.

   (3) Boto ga e a tshwanelo go dira boitlamo bope jwa ditsˇhelete go feta—
       (a) tekanyetsokabo ya yona e e rebotsweng;
       (b) ditekanyeto tse di laetsweng tsa tuma malano, ntle le go begela Tona; le
       (c) dirasefe tse di kgobokantsweng tsa yona. 50

   (4) Motlankedikhuduthamagamogolo o ka, go tsamaelana le Molao wa Taolo ya
tsa Matlole a Setšhaba le ka thebolo ya Boto, beeletsa karolo efe e e neng e e sofolwele ya 55
       matlole a yona le Koporasi ya Ditipositi tsa Setšhaba, e e thomilweng go ya ka karolo
       2 ya Corporation for Public Deposits Act, 1984 (Molao 46 wa 1984), kgotsa le setheo
       sengwe se se rebotsweng ke Matlotlo a Setšhaba.

Pegelo ya boruni, ngwaga le matlole

20. (1) Dikanego tsa diakhaonto le matlole tsa Khansele di tshwanetse go bewa ka fa 60
     (2) Boto e tshwanetse—
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22. (a) at any stage furnish such information to the Minister which the Minister may require in connection with the activities and financial position of the Council; and
(b) not later than 31 August of every year, submit to the Minister an audited annual report and such other particulars as the Minister may require.

(3) The report contemplated in subsection (2)(b) must—
(a) include audited accounts and financial statements certified by Auditors;
(b) state the extent to which the Council has achieved or advanced its objects referred to in section 4 and the measurable objectives during the financial year concerned; and
(c) contain relevant performance information regarding the economic, efficient and effective application of resources and specifically a comparison between planned and actual performance indicators.

(4) The Board may, through the Minister, make recommendations to the President regarding legislative and other interventions which have a bearing on the prevention and combating of gender-based violence and femicide.

(5) The Minister must table the report contemplated in subsection (3) in Parliament within 30 days after receipt thereof if Parliament is then in ordinary session or, if Parliament is not in ordinary session, within 30 days after commencement of the next ordinary session.

Use of name of Council

21. (1) No person may, without the prior written authorisation of the Council, represent or make use of the name, acronym, logos, designs or material used or owned by the Council.
(2) No person may falsely claim to be acting on behalf of the Council.
(3) A person who contravenes subsection (1) or (2) is guilty of an offence and is liable on conviction to a fine or to imprisonment for a period not exceeding three years or to both a fine and such imprisonment.

Provincial and local structures

22. The Minister must, after consultation with the Board, Premiers and Mayors, prescribe norms and standards for co-ordination and accountability of the provincial and local gender-based violence and femicide structures consistent with this Act, the Promotion of Administrative Justice Act, 2000 (Act No. 3 of 2000), and the Intergovernmental Relations Framework Act, 2005 (Act No. 13 of 2005).

Delegations

23. (1) The Minister may delegate to the Board—
(a) any power conferred on the Minister by this Act, except the power to make regulations referred to in section 24; or
(b) any duty imposed on the Minister by this Act, except any duty regarding the appointment and removal from office of the members of the Board contemplated in sections 6 and 12.

(2) The Board may, by special resolution, delegate any power or duty entrusted or delegated to the Board by this Act to—
(a) an employee of the Council;
(b) a board member; or
(c) a committee of the Board.

(3) The Board may, by special resolution, delegate to the Chief Executive Officer any power or duty conferred or imposed on the Board by this Act.

(4) The Chief Executive Officer may delegate to a member of staff any power or duty conferred or imposed on the Chief Executive Officer by this Act.

(5) Any power or duty delegated in terms of subsection (1), (2) or (3) must be exercised or performed subject to such conditions as the person or body that made the delegation considers necessary.

(6) A delegation referred to in subsection (1), (2) or (3)—
(a) must be in writing;
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(a) nako ngwe le ngwe go tlamel a tshedimosetso e Tona o ka e loophang mabapi le ditiro le kemo ya matlole ya Khansele; le

(b) pele ga di 31 Phatwe tsa ngwaga ngwe le ngwe, go r metamela Tona pegelo e e runtsweng ya ngwaga le dinthla tse dingwe tseo Tona o ka di loophang.

(3) Pegelo e e umakilweng mo karolotlalelelelele (2)(b) e tshwanetse go—

(a) akaretsa diakhaongo tse di runtsweng le dikange tsa matlole tse di kanetsweng ke Baruni;

(b) tlhagisago bogolo jo Khansele e filhletsekg kgotsa e gatetseng pele ka ronaba mabapi le maikaelelo a yona a a umakilweng mo karolong 4 le maikaelelo a a kgonang go lekanngwa mo ngwageng o o amegang; le

(c) nna le tshedimosetso e e maleba ya tiragatso mabapi le tiriso e e somareleng e e nonofilele e bile e na le bokgoni ya ditlamelo le ka tsepamo papiso magareng ga dibontshi tse di rulaganyeditsweng le tiragatso ya boammaru.

(4) Boto e ka, ka Tona, atlengisa go Moporesidente mabapi le melao le diteregenyago tse dingwe tse di amang thibelo le twantsho ya tirisodikgoka e e ikaegileng ka bong le polao ya basadi.

(5) Tona o tshwanetse go tlhagisa pegelo e e umakilweng mo karolotlalelelele (3) kwa Palamenteng mo matsatsing a le 30 morago ga go e amogela fa Palamente e le mo kokoanong ya yona ya tlwaelo kgotsa, fa Palamente e se mo kokoanong ya tlwaelo, mo matsatsing a le 30 morago ga tshimololo e e latelang ya kokoano ya tlwaelo.

Tiriso ya leina la Khansele

21. (1) Ga go motho yo o ka, ntle le thebolo ya pele e e kwetsweng ya Khansele, emelang kgotsa y o o ka dirisang leina, akeronimi, dilloko, meakanyetso kgotsa dilo tse di diriswang kgotsa tse di leng tsa Khansele.

(2) Ga go motho yo o tshwanetseng yo o ka buang maaka gore o dira mo boemong jwa Khansele.

(3) Motho yo o sa obameleng karolotlalelele (1) kgotsa (2) o bonwa molato wa tloломoloa e bile o rwala maikaibelosemolao fa a athotswe a tuediso kgotsa go golegwa sebaka sa paka e e sa feteng dingwaga tse tharo kgotsa ka bobedi tuediso le go golegwa goo.

Dithulaganyo tsa diporofense le tsa selele

22. Tona o tshwanetse, morago ga therisano le Boto, Baporemia le Boratoropo, go laela dikekyetso le dipelo mabapi le tshulaneyo go rwala maikaibelo ga mekgatho ya diporofense le ya selele ya tirisodikgoka e e ikaegileng ka bong le polao ya basadi go tsaaenalana le Molao ono, Promotion of Administrative Justice Act, 2000 (Molao 3 wa 2000), le Intergovernmental Relations Framework Act, 2005 (Molao 13 wa 2005).

Ditholelo

23. (1) Tona o ka rolela Boto—

(a) thata efe e e neilweng Tona ke Molao ono, ntle le thate ya go dira melawanataelo e e umakilweng mo karolong 24; kgotsa

(b) tiro efe e e pateletswang Tona ke Molao ono, ntle le tiro efe e e mabapi le go thatipwa le go tlowsa mo tirang ga ditokoloa tse Boto tse di umakilweng mo dikarolong 6 le 12.

(2) Boto e ka, ka tshwetso e e kgethegileleng, rolela thata kgotsa tiro efe e e neetsweng kgotsa e e roletsweng Boto ke Molao ono—

(a) go modiri wa Khansele;

(b) go tokololo ya Boto; kgotsa

(c) go komiti ya Boto.

(3) Boto e ka, ka tshwetso e e kgethegileleng, rolela Molhankedihuduthamagamogolo thate kgotsa tiro efe e e roletsweng kgotsa e e pateletswang Boto ke Molao ono—

(a) go modiri wa Khansele;

(b) go tokololo ya Boto; kgotsa

(c) go komiti ya Boto.

(4) Molhankedihuduthamagamogolo o ka rolela modiri thata kgotsa tiro efe e e neilweng kgotsa e e roletsweng Molhankedihuduthamagamogolo ka Molao ono.

(5) Thata kgotsa tiro efe e e roletsweng go ya ka karolotlalelele (1), (2) kgotsa (3) e tshwanetse go dirwa kgotsa go diragatswa go ya ka dipelo tse di tsewang di thloheka ke motho kgotsa setheo se se dirileng tholelo.

(6) Tholelo e e umakilweng mo karolotlalelelele (1), (2) kgotsa (3)—

(a) e tshwanetse go kwalwa;
Regulations

24. The Minister may, after receipt of recommendations of the Council, make regulations relating to—
   (a) transaction limits contemplated in section 19(3)(b);
   (b) norms and standards for co-ordination of the provincial and local gender-based violence and femicide structures; and
   (c) any matter which it is necessary or expedient to prescribe for the proper implementation and administration of this Act.

Short title and commencement

25. This Act is called the National Council on Gender-Based Violence and Femicide Act, 2024, and comes into operation on a date determined by the President by proclamation in the Gazette.
(b) ga e kganele motho kgotsa setheo se se dirileng tholelo go diragatsa thata eo kgotsa go dira tiro eo; e bile
(c) e ka gogelwa morago kgotsa ya tlhabololwa, ka go kwa, ke motho yoo kgotsa setheo seo.

Melawanataolo

24. Tona o ka, morago ga kamogelo ya dikatlanegiso tsa Khansele, dira melawanataolo e e amanang le—
   (a) ditekanyetso tsa tumalano tse di umakilweng mo karolong 19(3)(b);
   (b) ditekanyetso le dipeelo mabapi le thulaganyo ya mekgathlo ya diporofense le ya selegae ya tirisodikgoka e e ikaegileng ka bong le polao ya basadi; le
   (c) morero ofe o o tlhokegang kgotsa o o potlakileng go laela mabapi le tseyotirisong le tsamaiso e e tlhoma le Molao ono.

Setlhogo se sekhutshwane le tshimololo

25. Molao ono o bidiwa Molao wa Khansele ya Bosetšhaba ya Tirisodikgoka e e Ikaegileng ka bong le Polao ya Basadi, 2024, e bile o tsena mo tirsong ka letha le le tlhomamisitsweng ke Moporesidente ka kgoelelso mo Lokwalodikgannyeng la Puso.