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Statutory Instrument

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Regulations, 2013.

Legal Notice

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Produce) Ordinance, 2013.

General Notice No. 739 of 2013.

THE ADVOCATES ACT, CAP. 267.

NOTICE OF APPLICATION FOR A CERTIFICATE
OF ELIGIBILITY.

IT IS HEREBY NOTIFIED that an application has been presented to the Law Council by Lufunya Derick who is stated to be a holder of a Bachelor of Laws Degree from Nkumba University, Entebbe, having been awarded on the 22nd day of October, 2011 and a Diploma in Legal Practice awarded by the Law Development Centre on the 16th day of August, 2013, for the issuance of a Certificate of Eligibility for entry of his name on the Roll of Advocates for Uganda.

Kampala,
7th October, 2013.MARGARET APENY,
Ag. Secretary, Law Council.

General Notice No. 740 of 2013.

THE MINING ACT, 2003
(The Mining Regulations, 2004)

NOTICE OF RENEWAL OF AN EXPLORATION LICENCE.

IT IS HEREBY NOTIFIED that Exploration Licence, Number EL. 0617, registered as number 001679, has been renewed in accordance with the provisions of Section 30 and Regulation 17 by M/S Pearl Mining (U) Limited, of P.O. Box 2903, Kampala, for a period of two (2) years, effective from 08th July, 2013.

The Exploration area subject to the Exploration Licence is 228.8963 km² and is on Topography Map, Sheet Numbers 40/1(Kiryandongo) & 40/2(Ibuje) situated in Masindi and Apac Districts.

Dated at Entebbe, this 08th day of July, 2013.

EDWARDS KATTO,
Ag. Commissioner for the Geological Survey
and Mines Department.

General Notice No. 741 of 2013.

THE UGANDA NATIONAL BUREAU OF
STANDARDS ACT, 1983 (Cap 327, Section 18)NOTICE FOR THE DECLARATION OF
COMPULSORY STANDARDS

PRELIMINARY NOTICE

IN ACCORDANCE with Section 18 of Cap 327 of the laws of Uganda, the National Standards Council intends to recommend to the Minister of Tourism, Trade and Industry to declare the standards indicated below for compulsory application.

The National Standards Council therefore calls upon all interested persons or parties that may have any objection to declaring the compulsory application of these standards to lodge their objections in writing to the Executive Director, Uganda National Bureau of Standards, Plot M217 Nakawa Industrial Area, P.O. Box 6329, Kampala, Tel: 0414-222367/9, 0414-505995, Fax: 0414-286123, E-mail: info@unbs.go.ug within 60 days of this notice.

Every person who has an objection to the declaration of a standard as compulsory shall be entitled to be heard by the National Standards Council. No standard specification shall be declared compulsory until the council has heard all persons who have lodged objections

FOOD AND AGRICULTURE

1. US 999:2013, Fresh chilli pepper— Specification
Scope: This Uganda Standard specifies requirements for fresh chili peppers of varieties (cultivars) grown from *Capsicum species* to be supplied fresh to the consumer. This standard does not cover requirements for chili pepper for industrial processing.
2. US 908:2013, Nutrient-concentrated foods for therapeutic uses – Specification
Scope: This Uganda Standard specifies the requirements and methods of sampling and test for nutrient-concentrated foods for therapeutic uses.

APPROVED THIS DAY 31st July 2013

William M. Ssali

DR. WILLIAM SSALI,
Chairman, National Standards Council.DR. BEN MANYINDO,
Secretary, National Standards Council.

General Notice No. 742 of 2013.

**THE UGANDA NATIONAL BUREAU OF
STANDARDS ACT, 1983 (Cap 327, Section 15)**

NOTICE

**NOTICE OF DECLARATION OF NATIONAL
STANDARDS**

It is hereby notified for general information that the National Standards Council in exercise of the powers conferred upon the Council by Section 15 of the Uganda National Bureau of Standards (UNBS) Act (Cap 327) hereby declare that the following standards the scopes of which appear hereunder are elaborated Uganda National Standards.

These standards may be viewed (and/or obtained at a fee) at the UNBS head Office, Plot M217 Nakawa Industrial Area, P.O. Box 6329, Kampala, Tel: 0414-222367/505995, 031-262688/689, Fax: 0414-286123, E-mail: info@unbs.go.ug

SECTION 1

FOOD AND AGRICULTURE STANDARDS

**1.1 FRUITS, VEGETABLES AND RELATED
PROCESSED PRODUCTS**

1. US 972:2013, Chilli sauce — Specification

Scope: This Uganda Standard specifies requirements and methods of sampling and test for chilli sauce, offered for direct consumption, including for catering purposes or for repacking if required. This standard does not apply to the product when indicated as being intended for further processing.

2. US 1501:2013, Fresh onions — Specification

Scope: This Uganda Standard specifies requirements for onions of varieties (cultivars) grown from *Allium cepa* L. to be supplied to the consumer in the natural state. This standard does not specify requirements for Bermuda onions, Creole onions, green onions with full leaves and onions for industrial processing.

3. US 1502:2013, Fresh Bermuda onions — Specification

Scope: This Uganda Standard specifies requirements for onions of varieties (cultivars) of Bermuda-Granex-Grano grown from *Allium cepa* L. to be supplied to the consumer in the natural state. This standard does not specify requirements for Bermuda onions for industrial processing.

4. US 1503:2013, Fresh common green onions — Specification

Scope: This Uganda Standard specifies requirements for fresh common green onions of varieties (cultivars) grown from *Allium fistulosum*, *Allium ascalonicum*, *Allium chinense* and other non-bulbing onion cultivars to be supplied fresh to the consumer. This standard does not specify requirements for green onions for industrial processing.

5. US 1504:2013, Fresh Creole onions — Specification

Scope: This Uganda Standard specifies requirements for Creole onions of varieties (cultivars) grown from *Allium cepa* L. to be supplied to the consumer in the natural state. This standard does not specify requirements for Creole onions for industrial processing.

6. US 1506:2013, Fresh tomatoes — Specification

Scope: This Uganda Standard specifies requirements for commercial varieties of tomatoes grown from *Lycopersicon esculentum* Mill. and *L. pimpinellifolium* of the *Solanaceae* family, to be supplied fresh to the consumer. This standard does not specify requirements for tomatoes for industrial processing.

7. US 1507:2013, Tomato paste — Specification

Scope: This Uganda Standard specifies requirements and methods of test for tomato paste for direct consumption, including for catering purposes or for repacking if required. This standard also applies to the product when indicated as being intended for further processing.

8. US 1508:2013, Tomato puree — Specification

Scope: This Uganda Standard specifies requirements for tomato puree offered for direct consumption, including for catering purposes or for repacking if required. This standard also applies to the product when indicated as being intended for further processing.

9. US 1533:2013, Fresh bananas — Specification

Scope: This Uganda Standard specifies requirements for commercial varieties of fresh bananas grown from *Musa* spp. of the *Musaceae* family, in the green state, to be supplied fresh to the consumer, after preparation and packaging. This standard does not specify requirements for fresh bananas intended for cooking only (plantains) or for industrial processing. Varieties covered by this standard are included in Annex A of this standard.

**1.2 CEREALS, PULSES AND RELATED
PRODUCTS AND PROCESSES**

10. US 952:2013, Amaranth grain — Specification

Scope: This Uganda Standard specifies requirements and methods of sampling and test for whole dried amaranth grains obtained from *Amaranthus caudatus*, *A. hypochondaricus* and *A. cruentus* intended for human consumption.

11. US 953:2013, Amaranth flour — Specification

Scope: This Uganda Standard specifies requirements and methods of sampling and test for flour prepared from dried amaranth grain (*Amaranthus caudatus*, *A. hypochondaricus*, *A. cruentus*) intended for human consumption.

12. US 979:2013, Breakfast cereals — Specification

Scope: This Uganda Standard specifies requirements and methods of sampling and test for breakfast cereals intended for human consumption.

13. US 984:2013, Soy protein products — Specification

Scope: This Uganda Standard specifies requirements and methods of sampling and test for soy protein products intended for use as food or as an ingredient in other foods intended for human consumption.

1.3 WATER AND BEVERAGES

14. US ISO 7887:2011, Water quality — Examination and determination of colour (2nd Edition)

Scope: This Uganda Standard specifies four different methods, for the examination of water colour. Method A involves examination of apparent colour by visually

observing a water sample in a bottle. This gives only preliminary information, for example for use in field work. Only the apparent colour can be reported. Method B involves determination of the true colour of a water sample using optical apparatus and is applicable to raw and potable water and to industrial water of low colour. Method C involves determination of the true colour of a water sample using optical apparatus for comparison with hexachloroplatinate concentration at wavelength, $\lambda = 410$ nm. Method D involves determination of colour by visual comparison with hexachloroplatinate standard solutions and can be applied to raw and drinking water. (*This Uganda Standard cancels and replaces US ISO 7887:1994, Water quality — Examination and determination of colour, 1st Edition, which has been technically revised*).

15. US ISO 9308-2:2012, Water quality — Enumeration of *Escherichia coli* and coliform bacteria — Part 2: Most Probable Number method (2nd Edition)

Scope: This Uganda Standard specifies a method for the enumeration of *E. coli* and coliform bacteria in water. The method is based on the growth of target organisms in a liquid medium and calculation of the "Most Probable Number" (MPN) of organisms by reference to MPN tables. This method can be applied to all types of water, including those containing an appreciable amount of suspended matter and high background counts of heterotrophic bacteria. (*This Uganda Standard cancels and replaces US ISO 9308-2:1990, Water quality — Detection and enumeration of coliform organisms, thermotolerant coliform organisms and presumptive *Escherichia coli* — Part 2: Multiple tube (Most Probable Number) method, 1st Edition, which has been technically revised*).

16. US ISO 12010:2012, Water quality — Determination of short-chain polychlorinated alkanes (SCCPs) in water — Method using Gas Chromatography-Mass Spectrometry (GC-MS) and Negative-ion Chemical Ionization (NCI)

Scope: This Uganda Standard specifies a method for the quantitative determination of the sum of short-chain polychlorinated *n*-alkanes, also known as short-chain polychlorinated paraffins (SCCPs), in the carbon bond range *n*-C10 to *n*-C13 inclusive, in mixtures with chlorine mass fractions ("contents") between 49 % and 67 %, including approximately 6 300 of approximately 8 000 congeners. This method is applicable to the determination of the sum of SCCPs in unfiltered surface water, ground water, drinking water and waste water using gas chromatography-mass spectrometry with electron capture negative ionization (GC-ECNI-MS).

17. US ISO 12846:2012, Water quality — Determination of mercury — Method using Atomic Absorption Spectrometry (AAS) with and without enrichment

Scope: This Uganda Standard specifies two methods for the determination of mercury in drinking, surface, ground, rain and waste water after appropriate pre-digestion. For the first method, an enrichment step by amalgamation of the mercury on, for example, a gold/platinum adsorber is used. For the second method, the enrichment step is omitted. The choice of method depends on the equipment available, the matrix and the concentration range of interest. (*This Uganda Standard cancels and replaces US ISO 5666:1999, Water quality — Determination of mercury and US ISO*

16590:2000, Water quality — Determination of mercury — Methods involving enrichment by amalgamation, which have been technically revised).

18. US ISO 14403-1:2012, Water quality — Determination of total cyanide and free cyanide using flow analysis (FIA and CFA) — Part 1: Method using Flow Injection Analysis (FIA)

Scope: This Uganda Standard specifies methods for the determination of cyanide in various types of water (such as ground, drinking, surface, leachate, and waste water) with cyanide concentrations from 2 µg/l to 500 µg/l expressed as cyanide ions in the undiluted sample. The range of application can be changed by varying the operation conditions, e.g. by diluting the original sample or using a different injection volume. A suitable mass concentration range from 20 µg/l to 200 µg/l is described.

19. US ISO 14403-2:2012, Water quality — Determination of total cyanide and free cyanide using flow analysis (FIA and CFA) — Part 2: Method using continuous flow analysis (CFA)

Scope: This Uganda Standard specifies methods for the determination of cyanide in various types of water (such as ground, drinking, surface, leachate, and waste water) with cyanide concentrations usually from 2 µg/l to 500 µg/l expressed as cyanide ions in the undiluted sample. The range of application can be changed by varying the operation conditions, e.g. by diluting the original sample or changing the pathlength of the flow cell. A suitable mass concentration range from 10 µg/l to 100 µg/l is described. (*This Uganda Standard cancels and replaces US ISO 14403:2002, Water quality — Determination of total cyanide and free cyanide by continuous flow analysis, which has been technically revised*).

SECTION 2

ENGINEERING STANDARDS

2.1 ELECTROTECHNOLOGY

20. US IEC 60068-1: 1988, Environmental testing — Part 1: General and guidance

Scope: This Uganda Standard includes a series of methods of environmental test and their appropriate severities, and prescribes various atmospheric conditions for measurements and tests designed to access the ability of specimens to perform under expected conditions of transportation, storage and all aspects of operational use. Although primarily intended for electrotechnical products this publication is not restricted to them and may be used in other fields where desired.

21. US IEC 60335-1: 2010, Household and similar electrical appliances — Safety — Part 1: General requirements (2nd Edition)

Scope: This Uganda Standard deals with the safety of electrical appliances for household and similar purposes, their rated voltage being not more than 250 V for single phase appliances and 480 V for other appliances. (*This Uganda Standard cancels and replaces US IEC 60335-1:2005, Household and similar electrical appliances — Safety — Part 1: General requirements, which has been technically revised*).

22. US IEC 60335-2-3: 2012, Household and similar electrical appliances — Safety — Part 2-3: Particular requirements for electric irons (2nd Edition)
 Scope: This Uganda Standard deals with the safety of electric dry irons and steam irons, including those with a separate water reservoir or boiler having a capacity not exceeding 5 L. for household and similar purposes, their rated voltage being not more than 250 V. Appliances not intended for normal household use, but which nevertheless may be a source of danger to the public, such as appliances intended to be used by laymen in shops, in light industry and on farms, are within the scope of this standard. (This Uganda Standard cancels and replaces US IEC 60335-2-3:2005, Household and similar electrical appliances — Safety — Part 2-3: Particular requirements for electric irons, which has been technically revised).
23. US IEC 60335-2-6: 2008, Household and similar electrical appliances — Safety — Part 2-6: Particular requirements for stationary cooking ranges, hobs, ovens and similar appliances (2nd Edition)
 Scope: This Uganda Standard deals with the safety of stationary electric cooking ranges, hobs, ovens and similar appliances for household use, their rated voltages being not more than 250 V for single phase appliances connected between phase and neutral, and 480 V for other appliances. (This Uganda Standard cancels and replaces US IEC 60335-2-6:2002, Household and similar electrical appliances — Safety — Part 2-6: Particular requirements for stationary cooking ranges, hobs, ovens and similar appliances, which has been technically revised).
24. US IEC 60335-2-7: 2012, Household and similar electrical appliances — Safety — Part 2-7: Particular requirements for washing machines (2nd Edition)
 Scope: This Uganda Standard deals with the safety of electric washing machines for household and similar use, that are intended for washing clothes and textiles, their rated voltage being not more than 250 V for single phase appliances and 480 V for other appliances. This standard also deals with the safety of electric washing machines for household and similar use employing an electrolyte instead of a detergent. (This Uganda Standard cancels and replaces US IEC 60335-2-7:2002, Household and similar electrical appliances — Safety — Part 2-7: Particular requirements for washing machines, which has been technically revised).
25. US IEC 60335-2-21: 2009, Household and similar electrical appliances — Safety — Part 2-21: Particular requirements for storage water heaters (2nd Edition)
 Scope: This Uganda Standard deals with the safety of storage water heaters for household and similar purposes and intended for heating water below boiling temperature, their rated voltage being not more than 250 V for single phase appliances and 480 V for other appliances. As far as is practicable, this standard deals with the common hazards presented by appliances that are encountered by all persons in and around the home. (This Uganda Standard cancels and replaces US IEC 60335-2-21:2004, Household and similar electrical appliances — Safety — Part 2-21: Particular requirements for storage water heaters, which has been technically revised).
26. US IEC 60335-2-24: 2012, Household and similar electrical appliances — Safety — Part 2-24: Particular requirements for refrigerating appliances, ice-cream appliances and ice-makers (2nd Edition)
 Scope: This Uganda Standard deals with the safety of refrigerating appliances, ice-cream appliances and ice-makers, their rated voltage being not more than 250 V for single phase appliances, 480 V for other appliances and 24 V d.c for appliances when battery operated. (This Uganda Standard cancels and replaces US IEC 60335-2-24:2005, Household and similar electrical appliances — Safety — Part 2-24: Particular requirements for refrigerating appliances, ice-cream appliances and ice-makers, which has been technically revised).
27. US IEC 60335-2-80: 2008, Household and similar electrical appliances — Safety — Part 2-80: Particular requirements for fans (2nd Edition)
 Scope: This Uganda Standard deals with the safety of electric fans for household and similar purposes, their rated voltage being not more than 250 V for single phase appliances and 480 V for other appliances. (This Uganda Standard cancels and replaces US IEC 60335-2-80:2004, Household and similar electrical appliances — Safety — Part 2-80: Particular requirements for fans, which has been technically revised).
28. US IEC 60669-1: 2007, Switches for household and similar fixed-electrical installations — Part 1: General requirements (2nd Edition)
 Scope: This Uganda Standard applies to manually operated general switches, for a.c only with a rated voltage not exceeding 440 V and a rated current not exceeding 63 A, intended for household and similar fixed electrical installations, either indoors or outdoors. (This Uganda Standard cancels and replaces US IEC 60669-1:2000, Switches for household and similar fixed-electrical installations — Part 1: General requirements, which has been technically revised).
29. US IEC 61215: 2005 Crystalline silicon terrestrial photovoltaic (PV) modules — Design qualification and type approval.
 Scope: This Uganda Standard lays down IEC requirements for the design qualification and type approval of terrestrial photovoltaic modules suitable for long-term operation in general open air climates, as defined in IEC 60721-2-1. It applies only to crystalline silicon modules types. This standard does not apply to modules used with concentrated sunlight. (This Uganda Standard cancels and replaces in Part, US 553:2005, Thin film terrestrial PV (PV) modules — design qualification and type approval, which has been republished).
30. US IEC 61646: 2008, Thin-film terrestrial photovoltaic (PV) modules — Design qualification and type approval
 Scope: This Uganda Standard lays down requirements for the design qualification and type approval of terrestrial, thin-film photovoltaic modules suitable for long term operation in general open-air climates as defined in IEC 60721-2-1. This standard is intended to apply to all terrestrial flat plate module materials not covered by US IEC 61215. (This Uganda Standard cancels and replaces in Part, US 553:2005, Thin film terrestrial PV (PV) modules — design qualification and type approval, which has been republished).

31. US IEC 61701: 2011, Salt mist corrosion testing of photovoltaic (PV) modules

Scope: This Uganda Standard describes test sequences useful to determine the resistance of different PV modules to corrosion from salt mist containing Cl⁻ (NaCl, MgCl₂, etc).

32. US IEC 61702: 1995, Rating of direct coupled photovoltaic (PV) pumping systems

Scope: This Uganda Standard defines predicted short-term characteristics (instantaneous and for a typical daily period) of direct coupled photovoltaic (PV) water pumping systems. It also defines minimum actual performance values to be obtained on-site. It does not address PV pumping systems with batteries.

2.2 METROLOGY

33. US ISO 8041:2005, Human response to vibration — Measuring instrumentation

Scope: This Uganda Standard specifies the performance specifications and tolerance limits for instruments designed to measure vibration values, for the purpose of assessing human response to vibration. It includes requirements for pattern evaluation, periodic verification and *in-situ* checks, and the specification of vibration calibrators for *in-situ* checks. Vibration instruments specified in this standard can be single instruments, combinations of instrumentation or computer-based acquisition and analysis systems.

34. US 1022-1:2013, Material measures of length for general use — Part 1: Metrological and technical requirements (2nd Edition)

Scope: This Uganda Standard applies to material measures of length for general use, hereinafter called "measures". This standard specifies the technical, metrological and administrative conditions which are mandatory for these measures. It also includes the requirements for digital readouts on the cases of tapes, whether electronic or mechanical. This standard does not apply to high-precision measures used by industry in the field of mechanics or in geodesy (for example: gauge blocks, geodetic wires and precision line measures). It also does not address safety aspects, for example the use of material measures with electronic devices in hazardous areas. Guidelines for these aspects should be followed in accordance with the applicable international, regional or national regulations or other standards. (*This Uganda Standard cancels and replaces US 1022:2006, Material measures of length for general use, which has been technically revised*).

35. US 1025:2013, Moisture meters for cereal grain and oilseeds — Specification (2nd Edition)

Scope: This Uganda Standard specifies requirements for moisture meters for cereal grains and oilseeds, that is to say instruments measuring and indicating, either directly or by means of conversion tables and (or) correction tables, the moisture content of cereal grains and the moisture and volatile matter content of oilseeds. This standard applies only to moisture meters used for measurements on statistical samples. (*This Uganda Standard cancels and replaces US 1025:2006, Moisture meters for cereal grain and oilseeds, which has been technically revised*).

36. US 1028:2013, Labelling requirements for pre-packaged products (2nd Edition)

Scope: This Uganda Standard specifies requirements for the labelling of pre-packaged products with constant

nominal content with respect to the identity of the product, the name and place of business of the manufacturer, packer, distributor, importer or retailer and the net quantity of the product. This standard does not apply to the labelling of pre-packaged foods or cosmetics for which separate standards apply. (*This Uganda Standard cancels and replaces US 1028:2006, Labelling requirements for pre-packaged products, which has been technically revised*).

37. US 1030:2013, Quantity of product in pre-packages (2nd Edition)

Scope: This Uganda Standards specifies the legal metrology requirements for prepackaged products (also called prepackaged commodities or prepackaged goods) labelled in predetermined constant nominal quantities of weight, volume, linear measure, area, or count; and sampling plans and procedures for use by legal metrology officials in verifying the quantity of product in prepackages. (*This Uganda Standard cancels and replaces US 1030:2006, Quantity of product in prepackages, which has been technically revised*).

38. US 1035:2013, Wood moisture meters — General provisions for verification methods and equipment

Scope: This Uganda Standard prescribes the methods, equipment and conditions for the initial and periodic verifications of wood moisture meters. This standard covers all moisture meters, irrespective of their principles of operation.

39. US 1039:2013, Speedometers, mechanical odometers and chronotachographs for motor vehicles — Metrological requirements

Scope: This Uganda Standard specifies the requirements for speedometers, mechanical odometers and chronotachographs for motor vehicles.

40. US 1042:2013, Alcoholometers and alcohol hydrometer; and thermometers for use in alcoholometry — Specification

Scope: This Uganda Standards specifies the requirements for alcoholometers and alcohol hydrometers used for the determination of the alcoholic strength of mixtures of water and ethanol, and to thermometers for use in alcoholometry. It sets out technical and metrological specifications for these instruments, in accordance with International Alcoholometric Tables. This standard covers glass hydrometers indicating percentage alcoholic strength by mass, referred to as mass alcoholometers, glass hydrometers indicating percentage alcoholic strength by volume, referred to as volume alcoholometers, and glass hydrometers indicating density in kilogram per cubic metre, referred to as alcohol hydrometers.

SECTION 3

CHEMICALS AND CONSUMER PRODUCTS

41. US 1532:2013, Hair extensions — Specification

Scope: This Uganda Standard specifies the requirements and methods of test for hair extensions for use on humans.

SECTION 4

MANAGEMENT, SERVICES AND LEADERSHIP

4.1 LEISURE AND HOSPITALITY MANAGEMENT

42. US 809:2013, Code of practice for the management of swimming and spa pools

Scope: This Uganda Standard covers the guidelines for the management of swimming and spa pools.

43. US 944:2013, Sanitation of bed and breakfast establishments

Scope: This Uganda Standard gives guidelines for sanitation in bed and breakfast (or B & B) establishments which are small lodging establishments that offer overnight accommodation and breakfast, but usually do not offer other meals.

44. US ISO 18513:2003, Tourism services — Hotels and other types of tourism accommodation — Terminology

Scope: This Uganda Standard defines terms used in the tourism industry in relation to the various types of tourism accommodation and other related services.

4.2 TRANSPORT MANAGEMENT

45. US 1531:2013, Child care — Safety of transportation — Requirements

Scope: This Uganda Standard specifies the requirements for the safe transportation of children.

4.3 CONFORMITY ASSESSMENT

46. US ISO/IEC 17007:2009, Conformity assessment — Guidance for drafting normative documents suitable for use for conformity assessment

Scope: This Uganda Standard provides principles and guidance for developing normative documents that contain specified requirements for objects of conformity assessment to fulfil and those for conformity assessment systems that can be employed when demonstrating whether an object of conformity assessment fulfils specified requirements. This standard is intended for use by standards developers not applying the ISO/IEC Directives, industry associations and consortia, purchasers, regulators, consumers and non-government groups, accreditation bodies, conformity assessment bodies, conformity assessment scheme owners, and other interested parties, such as insurance organizations.

47. US ISO/IEC 17020:2012, Conformity assessment — Requirements for the operation of various types of bodies performing inspection (2nd Edition)

Scope: This Uganda Standard specifies requirements for the competence of bodies performing inspection and for the impartiality and consistency of their inspection activities. It applies to various types of inspection bodies and it applies to any stage of inspection. (This Uganda Standard cancels and replaces US ISO/IEC 17020:1998, General criteria for the operation of various types of bodies performing inspection, which has been technically revised).

48. US ISO/IEC 17024:2012, Conformity assessment — General requirements for bodies operating certification of persons (2nd Edition)

Scope: This Uganda Standard contains principles and requirements for a body certifying persons against

specific requirements, and includes the development and maintenance of a certification scheme for persons. (This Uganda Standard cancels and replaces US ISO/IEC 17024:2003, Conformity assessment — General requirements for bodies operating certification of persons, which has been technically revised).

49. US ISO/IEC 17043:2010, Conformity assessment — General requirements for proficiency testing

Scope: This Uganda Standard specifies general requirements for the competence of providers of proficiency testing schemes and for the development and operation of proficiency testing schemes. These requirements are intended to be general for all types of proficiency testing schemes, and they can be used as a basis for specific technical requirements for particular fields of application. (This Uganda Standard cancels and replaces US ISO/IEC Guide 43-1:1997, Proficiency testing by interlaboratory comparisons - Part 1: Development and operation of proficiency testing schemes and US ISO/IEC Guide 43-2:1997, Proficiency testing by interlaboratory comparisons - Part 2: Selection and use of proficiency testing schemes by laboratory accreditation bodies, which have been technically revised).

50. US ISO/IEC 17065:2012, Conformity assessment — Requirements for bodies certifying products, processes and services

Scope: This Uganda Standard contains requirements for the competence, consistent operation and impartiality of product, process and service certification bodies. Certification bodies operating to this standard need not offer all types of products, processes and services certification. Certification of products, processes and services is a third-party conformity assessment activity. (This Uganda Standard cancels and replaces US ISO/IEC Guide 65:1996, which has been technically revised).

51. US ISO/IEC TS 17022:2012, Conformity assessment — Requirements and recommendations for content of a third-party audit report on management systems

Scope: This Uganda Standard contains requirements and recommendations to be addressed in a third-party management system certification audit report based on the relevant requirements in US ISO/IEC 17021.

4.4 OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH AND SAFETY MANAGEMENT

52. US ISO 4007:2012, Personal protective equipment — Eye and face protection — Vocabulary

Scope: This Uganda Standard defines and explains the principal terms used in the field of personal eye and face protection.

4.5 QUALITY MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS

53. US ISO 10004:2012, Quality management — Customer satisfaction — Guidelines for monitoring and measuring

Scope: This Uganda Standard provides guidance in defining and implementing processes to monitor and measure customer satisfaction. This standard is intended for use by organizations regardless of type, size or product provided. The focus of this standard is on customers external to the organization.

4.6 ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT

54. US ISO 14005:2010, Environmental management systems — Guidelines for the phased implementation of an environmental management system, including the use of environmental performance evaluation

Scope: This Uganda Standard provides guidance for all organizations, but particularly small- and medium-sized enterprises (SMEs), on the phased development, implementation, maintenance and improvement of an environmental management system. It also includes advice on the integration and use of environmental performance evaluation techniques. This standard is applicable to any organization, regardless of its level of development, the nature of the activities undertaken or the location at which they occur.

55. US ISO 14006:2011, Environmental management systems — Guidelines for incorporating ecodesign

Scope: This Uganda Standard provides guidelines to assist organizations in establishing, documenting, implementing, maintaining and continually improving their management of ecodesign as part of an environmental management system (EMS). This standard is intended to be used by those organizations that have implemented an EMS but can help in integrating ecodesign in other management systems. The guidelines are applicable to any organization regardless of its size or activity.

56. US ISO 14050:2009, Environmental management — Vocabulary (2nd Edition)

Scope: This Uganda Standard defines terms of fundamental concepts related to environmental management. (*This Uganda Standard cancels and replaces US ISO 14050:2002, which has been technically revised*).

57. US ISO 14051:2011, Environmental management — Material flow cost accounting — General framework

Scope: This Uganda Standard provides a general framework for material flow cost accounting (MFCA). Under MFCA, the flows and stocks of materials within an organization are traced and quantified in physical units (e.g. mass, volume) and the costs associated with those material flows are also evaluated. The resulting information can act as a motivator for organizations and managers to seek opportunities to simultaneously generate financial benefits and reduce adverse environmental impacts. MFCA is applicable to any organization that uses materials and energy, regardless of their products, services, size, structure, location, and existing management and accounting systems.

58. US ISO/TR 14047:2012, Environmental management — Life cycle assessment — Illustrative examples on how to apply ISO 14044 to impact assessment situations

Scope: This Uganda Standard provides examples to illustrate current practice of life cycle impact assessment. These examples are only a sample of all possible examples and they reflect the key elements of the life cycle impact assessment (LCIA) phase of the LCA.

59. US ISO/TS 14033:2012, Environmental management — Quantitative environmental information — Guidelines and examples

Scope: This Uganda Standard supports the application of standards and reports on environmental

management. It provides guidelines on how to acquire quantitative environmental information and data and implement methodology. It gives guidelines to organizations on general principles, policy, strategy and activities necessary to obtain quantitative environmental information for internal and/or external purposes. Such purposes can be, for example, to establish inventory routines and support decision making related to environmental policies and strategies, aimed in particular at comparing quantitative environmental information. The information is related to organizations, activities, facilities, technologies or products.

60. US ISO 14045:2012, Environmental management — Eco-efficiency assessment of product systems — Principles, requirements and guidelines

Scope: This Uganda Standard describes the principles, requirements and guidelines for eco-efficiency assessment for product systems including: the goal and scope definition of the eco-efficiency assessment, the environmental assessment, the product system value assessment, the quantification of eco-efficiency, interpretation (including quality assurance), reporting and critical review of the eco-efficiency assessment.

4.7 EVENT MANAGEMENT

61. US ISO 20121:2012, Event sustainability management systems — Requirements with guidance for use

Scope: This Uganda Standard specifies requirements for an event sustainability management system for any type of event or event-related activity, and provides guidance on conforming to those requirements. This standard has been designed to address the management of improved sustainability throughout the entire event management cycle.

4.8 FOOD SAFETY MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS

62. US ISO/TS 22002-1:2009, Prerequisite programmes on food safety — Part 1: Food manufacturing

Scope: This Uganda Standard specifies requirements for establishing, implementing and maintaining prerequisite programmes (PRP) to assist in controlling food safety hazards. This standard is applicable to all organizations, regardless of size or complexity, which are involved in the manufacturing step of the food chain and wish to implement PRP in such a way as to address the requirements.

63. US ISO/TS 22002-3:2011, Pre-requisite programmes on food safety — Part 3: Farming

Scope: This Uganda Standard specifies requirements and guidelines for the design, implementation, and documentation of prerequisite programmes (PRPs) that maintain a hygienic environment and assist in controlling food safety hazards in the food chain. This standard is applicable to all organizations (including individual farms or groups of farms), regardless of size or complexity, which are involved in farming steps of the food chain and wish to implement PRPs.

4.9 SOCIETAL SECURITY

64. US ISO 22301:2012, Societal security — Business continuity management systems — Requirements

Scope: This Uganda Standard for business continuity management specifies requirements to plan, establish,

implement, operate, monitor, review, maintain and continually improve a documented management system to protect against, reduce the likelihood of occurrence, prepare for, respond to, and recover from disruptive incidents when they arise. The requirements specified in this standard are generic and intended to be applicable to all organizations, or parts thereof, regardless of type, size and nature of the organization. The extent of application of these requirements depends on the organization's operating environment and complexity.

65. **US ISO 22320:2011, Societal security — Emergency management — Requirements for incident response**
Scope: This Uganda Standard specifies minimum requirements for effective incident response and provides the basics for command and control, operational information, coordination and cooperation within an incident response organization. It includes command and control organizational structures and procedures, decision support, traceability, information management, and interoperability. It establishes requirements for operational information for incident response which specifies processes, systems of work, data capture and management in order to produce timely, relevant and accurate information. It supports the process of command and control as well as coordination and cooperation, internally within the organization and externally with other involved parties, and specifies requirements for coordination and cooperation between organizations. This standard is applicable to any organization (private, public, governmental or non-profit) involved in preparing or responding to incidents at the international, national, regional or local levels.

STANDARDS FOR WITHDRAWAL

The following Uganda Standards have been withdrawn as a result of issuance of new standards in the same fields

1. US ISO 5666:1999, *Water quality — Determination of mercury*
2. US ISO 7887:1994, *Water quality — Examination and determination of colour*
3. US ISO 9308-2:1990, *Water quality — Detection and enumeration of coliform organisms, thermotolerant coliform organisms and presumptive Escherichia coli — Part 2: Multiple tube (Most Probable Number) method*
4. US ISO 16590:2000, *Water quality — Determination of mercury — Methods involving enrichment by amalgamation*
5. US ISO 14403:2002, *Water quality — Determination of total cyanide and free cyanide by continuous flow analysis*
6. US 553:2005, *Thin film terrestrial PV (PV) modules — design qualification and type approval*
7. US IEC 60335-1:2005, *Household and similar electrical appliances — Safety — Part 1: General requirements*
8. US IEC 60335-2-3:2005, *Household and similar electrical appliances — Safety — Part 2-3: Particular requirements for electric irons*
9. US IEC 60335-2-6:2002, *Household and similar electrical appliances — Safety — Part 2-6: Particular*

requirements for stationary cooking ranges, hobs, ovens and similar appliances

10. US IEC 60335-2-7:2002, *Household and similar electrical appliances — Safety — Part 2-7: Particular requirements for washing machines*
11. US IEC 60335-2-21:2004, *Household and similar electrical appliances — Safety — Part 2-21: Particular requirements for storage water heaters*
12. US IEC 60335-2-24:2005, *Household and similar electrical appliances — Safety — Part 2-24: Particular requirements for refrigerating appliances, ice-cream appliances and ice-makers*
13. US IEC 60335-2-80:2004, *Household and similar electrical appliances — Safety — Part 2-80: Particular requirements for fans*
14. US IEC 60669-1:2000, *Switches for household and similar fixed-electrical installations — Part 1: General requirements*
15. US 1022:2006, *Material measures of length for general use*
16. US 1025:2006, *Moisture meters for cereal grain and oilseeds*
17. US 1028:2006, *Labelling requirements for pre-packaged products*
18. US 1030:2006, *Quantity of product in prepackages*
19. US ISO/IEC 17020:1998, *General criteria for the operation of various types of bodies performing inspection*
20. US ISO/IEC 17024:2003, *Conformity assessment — General requirements for bodies operating certification of persons*
21. US ISO/IEC Guide 43-1:1997, *Proficiency testing by interlaboratory comparisons - Part 1: Development and operation of proficiency testing schemes*
22. US ISO/IEC Guide 43-2:1997, *Proficiency testing by interlaboratory comparisons - Part 2: Selection and use of proficiency testing schemes by laboratory accreditation bodies*
23. US ISO/IEC Guide 65:1996, *General requirements for bodies operating product certification systems*
24. US ISO 14050:2002, *Environmental management — Vocabulary*

APPROVED THIS DAY 25th June 2013

William M. Ssali

Dr. William Ssali
 CHAIRMAN, NATIONAL STANDARDS COUNCIL

Ben Manyindo

Dr. Ben Manyindo
 SECRETARY, NATIONAL STANDARDS COUNCIL

General Notice No. 743 of 2013.

THE UGANDA NATIONAL BUREAU OF
STANDARDS ACT, 1983 (*Cap 327, Section 18*)

NOTICE FOR THE DECLARATION OF COMPULSORY STANDARDS

PRELIMINARY NOTICE

IN ACCORDANCE with Section 18 of Cap 327 of the laws of Uganda, the National Standards Council intends to recommend to the Minister of Trade, Industry and Cooperatives, to declare the standards indicated below for compulsory application.

The National Standards Council therefore calls upon all interested persons or parties that may have any objection to declaring the compulsory application of these standards to lodge their objections in writing to the Executive Director, Uganda National Bureau of Standards, Plot M217 Nakawa Industrial Area, P.O. Box 6329, Kampala, Tel: 0414-222367/9, 0414-505995, Fax: 0414-286123, E-mail: info@unbs.go.ug within 60 days of this notice.

Every person who has an objection to the declaration of a standard as compulsory shall be entitled to be heard by the National Standards Council. No standard specification shall be declared compulsory until the council has heard all persons who have lodged objections.

FOOD AND AGRICULTURE

1. US 972:2013, Chilli sauce — Specification

Scope: This Uganda Standard specifies requirements and methods of sampling and test for chilli sauce, offered for direct consumption, including for catering purposes or for repacking if required. This standard does not apply to the product when indicated as being intended for further processing.

2. US 1501:2013, Fresh onions — Specification

Scope: This Uganda Standard specifies requirements for onions of varieties (cultivars) grown from *Allium cepa* L. to be supplied to the consumer in the natural state. This standard does not specify requirements for Bermuda onions, Creole onions, green onions with full leaves and onions for industrial processing.

3. US 1502:2013, Fresh Bermuda onions — Specification

Scope: This Uganda Standard specifies requirements for onions of varieties (cultivars) of Bermuda-Granex-Grano grown from *Allium cepa* L. to be supplied to the consumer in the natural state. This standard does not specify requirements for Bermuda onions for industrial processing.

4. US 1503:2013, Fresh common green onions — Specification

Scope: This Uganda Standard specifies requirements for fresh common green onions of varieties (cultivars) grown from *Allium fistulosum*, *Allium ascalonicum*, *Allium chinense* and other non-bulbing onion cultivars to be supplied fresh to the consumer. This standard does not specify requirements for green onions for industrial processing.

5. US 1504:2013, Fresh Creole onions — Specification

Scope: This Uganda Standard specifies requirements for Creole onions of varieties (cultivars) grown from *Allium cepa* L. to be supplied to the consumer in the natural state. This standard does not specify requirements for Creole onions for industrial processing.

6. US 1506:2013, Fresh tomatoes — Specification

Scope: This Uganda Standard specifies requirements for commercial varieties of tomatoes grown from *Lycopersicon esculentum* Mill. and *Lycopersicon pimpinellifolium* of the *Solanaceae* family, to be supplied fresh to the consumer. This standard does not specify requirements for tomatoes for industrial processing.

7. US 1507:2013, Tomato paste — Specification

Scope: This Uganda Standard specifies requirements and methods of test for tomato paste for direct consumption, including for catering purposes or for repacking if required. This standard also applies to the product when indicated as being intended for further processing.

8. US 1508:2013, Tomato puree — Specification

Scope: This Uganda Standard specifies requirements for tomato puree offered for direct consumption, including for catering purposes or for repacking if required. This standard also applies to the product when indicated as being intended for further processing.

9. US 1533:2013, Fresh bananas — Specification

Scope: This Uganda Standard specifies requirements for commercial varieties of fresh bananas grown from *Musa* spp., of the *Musaceae* family, in the green state, to be supplied fresh to the consumer, after preparation and packaging. This standard does not specify requirements for fresh bananas intended for cooking only (plantains) or for industrial processing. Varieties covered by this standard are included in Annex A of this standard.

10. US 952:2013, Amaranth grain — Specification

Scope: This Uganda Standard specifies requirements and methods of sampling and test of whole grains obtained from *Amaranthus caudatus*, *A. hypochondricus* and *A. cruentus* intended for human consumption.

11. US 953:2013, Amaranth flour — Specification

Scope: This Uganda Standard specifies requirements and methods of sampling and test for flour prepared from dried amaranth grain (*Amaranthus caudatus*, *A. hypochondricus*, *A. cruentus*) intended for human consumption.

12. US 979:2013, Breakfast cereals — Specification

Scope: This Uganda Standard specifies requirements and methods of sampling and test for breakfast cereals intended for human consumption.

13. US 984:2013, Soy protein products — Specification

Scope: This Uganda Standard specifies requirements and methods of sampling and test for soy protein products intended for use as food or as an ingredient in other foods intended for human consumption.

ENGINEERING

14. US IEC 60335-1: 2010, Household and similar electrical appliances — Safety — Part 1: General requirements (2nd Edition)

Scope: This Uganda Standard deals with the safety of electrical appliances for household and similar purposes, their rated voltage being not more than 250 V

for single phase appliances and 480 V for other appliances. *(This Uganda Standard cancels and replaces US IEC 60335-1:2005, Household and similar electrical appliances — Safety — Part 1: General requirements, which has been technically revised).*

15. US IEC 60335-2-3: 2012, Household and similar electrical appliances — Safety — Part 2-3: Particular requirements for electric irons (2nd Edition)

Scope: This Uganda Standard deals with the safety of electric dry irons and steam irons, including those with a separate water reservoir or boiler having a capacity not exceeding 5 L, for household and similar purposes, their rated voltage being not more than 250 V. Appliances not intended for normal household use, but which nevertheless may be a source of danger to the public, such as appliances intended to be used by laymen in shops, in light industry and on farms, are within the scope of this standard. *(This Uganda Standard cancels and replaces US IEC 60335-2-3:2005, Household and similar electrical appliances — Safety — Part 2-3: Particular requirements for electric irons, which has been technically revised).*

16. US IEC 60335-2-6: 2008, Household and similar electrical appliances — Safety — Part 2-6: Particular requirements for stationary cooking ranges, hobs, ovens and similar appliances (2nd Edition)

Scope: This Uganda Standard deals with the safety of stationary electric cooking ranges, hobs, ovens and similar appliances for household use, their rated voltages being not more than 250 V for single phase appliances connected between phase and neutral, and 480V for other appliances. *(This Uganda Standard cancels and replaces US IEC 60335-2-6:2002, Household and similar electrical appliances — Safety — Part 2-6: Particular requirements for stationary cooking ranges, hobs, ovens and similar appliances, which has been technically revised).*

17. US IEC 60335-2-7: 2012, Household and similar electrical appliances — Safety — Part 2-7: Particular requirements for washing machines (2nd Edition)

Scope: This Uganda Standard deals with the safety of electric washing machines for household and similar use, that are intended for washing clothes and textiles, their rated voltage being not being more than 250V for single phase appliances and 480V for other appliances. This standard also deals with the safety of electric washing machines for household and similar use employing an electrolyte instead of a detergent. *(This Uganda Standard cancels and replaces US IEC 60335-2-7:2002, Household and similar electrical appliances — Safety — Part 2-7: Particular requirements for washing machines, which has been technically revised).*

18. US IEC 60335-2-21: 2009, Household and similar electrical appliances — Safety — Part 2-21: Particular requirements for storage water heaters (2nd Edition)

Scope: This Uganda Standard deals with the safety of storage water heaters for household and similar purposes and intended for heating water below boiling temperature, their rated voltage being not being more than 250V for single phase appliances and 480V for other appliances. As far as is practicable, this standard

deals with the common hazards presented by appliances that are encountered by all persons in and around the home. *(This Uganda Standard cancels and replaces US IEC 60335-2-21:2004, Household and similar electrical appliances — Safety — Part 2-21: Particular requirements for storage water heaters, which has been technically revised).*

19. US IEC 60335-2-24: 2012, Household and similar electrical appliances — Safety — Part 2-24: Particular requirements for refrigerating appliances, ice-cream appliances and ice-makers (2nd Edition)

Scope: This Uganda Standard deals with the safety of refrigerating appliances, ice-cream appliances and ice-makers, their rated voltage being not being more than 250 V for single phase appliances, 480 V for other appliances and 24 V d.c for appliances when battery operated. *(This Uganda Standard cancels and replaces US IEC 60335-2-24:2005, Household and similar electrical appliances — Safety — Part 2-24: Particular requirements for refrigerating appliances, ice-cream appliances and ice-makers, which has been technically revised).*

20. US IEC 60335-2-80: 2008, Household and similar electrical appliances — Safety — Part 2-80: Particular requirements for fans (2nd Edition)

Scope: This Uganda Standard deals with the safety of electric fans for household and similar purposes, their rated voltage being not more than 250V for single phase appliances and 480V for other appliances. *(This Uganda Standard cancels and replaces US IEC 60335-2-80:2004, Household and similar electrical appliances — Safety — Part 2-80: Particular requirements for fans, which has been technically revised).*

21. US IEC 60669-1: 2007, Switches for household and similar fixed-electrical installations — Part 1: General requirements (2nd Edition)

Scope: This Uganda Standard applies to manually operated general switches, for a.c only with a rated voltage not exceeding 440 V and a rated current not exceeding 63 A, intended for household and similar fixed electrical installations, either indoors or outdoors. *(This Uganda Standard cancels and replaces US IEC 60669-1:2000, Switches for household and similar fixed-electrical installations — Part 1: General requirements, which has been technically revised).*

22. US IEC 61215: 2005 Crystalline silicon terrestrial photovoltaic (PV) modules — Design qualification and type approval.

Scope: This Uganda Standard lays down IEC requirements for the design qualification and type approval of terrestrial photovoltaic modules suitable for long-term operation in general open air climates, as defined in IEC 60721-2-1. It applies only to crystalline silicon modules types. This standard does not apply to modules used with concentrated sunlight. *(This Uganda Standard cancels and replaces US 553:2005, Thin film terrestrial PV (PV) modules — design qualification and type approval, which has been republished).*

23. US IEC 61646: 2008, Thin-film terrestrial photovoltaic (PV) modules — Design qualification and type approval

Scope: This Uganda Standard lays down requirements for the design qualification and type approval of terrestrial, thin-film photovoltaic modules suitable for long term operation in general open-air climates as defined in IEC 60721-2-1. This standard is intended to apply to all terrestrial flat plate module materials not covered by 61215. *(This Uganda Standard cancels and replaces US 553:2005, Thin film terrestrial PV (PV) modules – design qualification and type approval, which has been republished).*

24. US IEC 61702: 1995, Rating of direct coupled photovoltaic (PV) pumping systems

Scope: This Uganda Standard defines predicted short-term characteristics (instantaneous and for a typical daily period) of direct coupled photovoltaic (PV) water pumping systems. It also defines minimum actual performance values to be obtained on-site. It does not address PV pumping systems with batteries.

25. US 1022-1:2013, Material measures of length for general use — Part 1: Metrological and technical requirements (2nd Edition)

Scope: This Uganda Standard applies to material measures of length for general use, hereinafter called “measures”. This standard specifies the technical, metrological and administrative conditions which are mandatory for these measures. It also includes the requirements for digital readouts on the cases of tapes, whether electronic or mechanical. This standard does not apply to high-precision measures used by industry in the field of mechanics or in geodesy (for example: gauge blocks, geodetic wires and precision line measures). It also does not address safety aspects, for example the use of material measures with electronic devices in hazardous areas. Guidelines for these aspects should be followed in accordance with the applicable international, regional or national regulations or other standards. *(This Uganda Standard cancels and replaces US 1022:2006, Material measures of length for general use, which has been technically revised).*

26. US 1025:2013, Moisture meters for cereal grain and oilseeds — Specification (2nd Edition)

Scope: This Uganda Standard specifies requirements moisture meters for cereal grains and oilseeds, that is to say instruments measuring and indicating, either directly or by means of conversion tables and (or) correction tables, the moisture content of cereal grains and the moisture and volatile matter content of oilseeds. This standard applies only to moisture meters used for measurements on statistical samples. *(This Uganda Standard cancels and replaces US 1025:2006, Moisture meters for cereal grain and oilseeds, which has been technically revised).*

27. US 1028:2013, Labelling requirements for pre-packaged products (2nd Edition)

Scope: This Uganda Standard specifies requirements for the labelling of pre-packaged products with constant nominal content with respect to the identity of the product, the name and place of business of the manufacturer, packer, distributor, importer or retailer and the net quantity of the product. This standard does not apply to the labeling of

pre-packaged foods or cosmetics for which a separate standard applies. *(This Uganda Standard cancels and replaces US 1028:2006, Labelling requirements for pre-packaged products, which has been technically revised).*

28. US 1030:2013, Quantity of product in pre-packages (2nd Edition)

Scope: This Uganda Standard specifies the legal metrology requirements for pre-packaged products (also called prepackaged commodities or pre-packaged goods) labelled in predetermined constant nominal quantities of weight, volume, linear measure, area, or count; and sampling plans and procedures for use by legal metrology officials in verifying the quantity of product in pre-packages. *(This Uganda Standard cancels and replaces US 1030:2006, Quantity of product in pre-packages, which has been technically revised).*

29. US 1039:2013, Speedometers, mechanical odometers and chronotachographs for motor vehicles — Metrological requirements

Scope: This Uganda Standard specifies the requirements for speedometers, mechanical odometers and chronotachographs for motor vehicles.

30. US 1042:2013, Alcoholometers and alcohol hydrometer and thermometers for use in alcoholometry— Specification

Scope: This Uganda Standard specifies the requirements for alcoholometers and alcohol hydrometers used for the determination of the alcoholic strength of mixtures of water and ethanol, and to thermometers for use in alcoholometry. It sets out technical and metrological specifications for these instruments, in accordance with International Alcoholometric Tables. This standard covers glass hydrometers indicating percentage alcoholic strength by mass, referred to as mass alcoholometers, glass hydrometers indicating strength by volume, referred to as volume alcoholometers, and glass hydrometers indicating density in kilogram per cubic metre, referred to as alcohol hydrometers.

CHEMICALS AND CONSUMER PRODUCTS

31. US 1532:2013, Hair extensions — Specification

Scope: This Uganda Standard specifies the requirements and methods of test for hair extensions for use on humans.

APPROVED THIS DAY 25th June 2013

William M. Ssali

Dr. William Ssali

CHAIRMAN, NATIONAL STANDARDS COUNCIL

Ben Manyindo

Dr. Ben Manyindo

SECRETARY, NATIONAL STANDARDS COUNCIL

General Notice No. 744 of 2013.

**THE UGANDA NATIONAL BUREAU OF
STANDARDS ACT, 1983 (Cap 327, Section 15)**

NOTICE

**NOTICE FOR DECLARATION OF NATIONAL
STANDARDS**

It is hereby notified for general information that the National Standards Council in exercise of the powers conferred upon the Council by Section 15 of the Uganda National Bureau of Standards (UNBS) Act (Cap 327) hereby declare that the following standards the scopes of which appear hereunder are elaborated Uganda National Standards.

These standards may be viewed (and/or obtained at a fee) at the UNBS head Office, Plot M217 Nakawa Industrial Area, P.O. Box 6329, Kampala, Tel: 0414-222367/505995, 031-262688/689, Fax: 0414-286123, E-mail: info@unbs.go.ug

FOOD AND AGRICULTURE

Fruits, vegetables and related processed products

1. US 923:2013, Code of practice for Horticulture Industry

Scope: This Uganda Standard specifies the requirements for the responsible and safe production of both edible and ornamental horticultural products. The code also applies to the procurement of inputs and placing in the market of all horticultural products.

2. US 999:2013, Fresh chilli pepper— Specification

Scope: This Uganda Standard specifies requirements for fresh chili peppers of varieties grown from *Capsicum species* to be supplied fresh to the consumer. This standard does not cover requirements for chili pepper for industrial processing.

Coffee, Tea, Cocoa and related processed products

3. US 1536:2013, Code of practice for prevention and reduction of Ochratoxin A in Uganda

Scope: This Uganda Standard specifies practices for the prevention and reduction of Ochratoxin A in Coffee (intended for human consumption) during production, processing, storage, and transportation

Nutrition and foods for special dietary uses

4. US 908:2013, Nutrient-concentrated foods for therapeutic uses – Specification

Scope: This Uganda Standard specifies the requirements and methods of sampling and test for nutrient-concentrated foods for therapeutic uses.

APPROVED THIS DAY 31st July 2013

William M. Ssali

DR. WILLIAM SSALI,
Chairman, National Standards Council.

Ben Manyindo

DR. BEN MANYINDO,
Secretary, National Standards Council.

General Notice No. 745 of 2013.

THE TRADE MARKS ACT.

(Cap. 83).

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that any person who has grounds to oppose the registration of any of the marks advertised herein may within sixty days from the date of this *Gazette*, lodge a Notice of opposition on Trade Mark Form No. 6 together with a fee of Shs. 4000 in case of National applicants or USS 250 in case of Foreign applicants. The period of lodging Notice of opposition may be extended in suitable cases by the Registrar as he thinks fit upon such terms as he may direct. Formal opposition should not be lodged until after reasonable notice has been given by letter to the applicant so that he may have an opportunity to withdraw his application before the expense of opposition proceedings is incurred. Failure to give such notice will be taken into account in considering any application by the opponent for an order for costs if the opposition is uncontested by the applicant. Representations of the marks herein advertised can be inspected at the office of the Registrar of Trade Marks, Amamu House, Plot No. 5B George Street, P.O. Box 6848, Kampala.

(541) Representation of Mark



(210) APPLICATION NO. 2013/48054 IN PART "A".

(220) *Date of filing Application*— 13th August, 2013.

(310) (320) (330) Priority Claim

(510) *Nature of Goods/Services*— Bleaching preparations and other substances for laundry use; cleaning, polishing, scouring and abrasive preparations; soaps; perfumery, essential oils, cosmetics, hair lotions; dentifrices; scourers and other materials for cleaning in Class 3.

(511) *Class:* 3

(526) *Disclaimer*

(591) *Restriction to Colours*

(646) *Association*

(731) *Name of Applicant and Address*— SUNDRIES BARGAINS (UGANDA) LIMITED, C/o. P.O. Box 7166, Kampala, Uganda.

(740) *Address for Agent/Representative*— 3RD FLOOR, DIAMOND TRUST BUILDING, P.O. Box 7166, Kampala, Uganda.

(750) *Address for Service*— MMAKS ADVOCATES, 3RD FLOOR, DIAMOND TRUST BUILDING, P.O. Box 7166, Kampala, Uganda.

(541) Representation of Mark



(210) APPLICATION NO. 2013/48408 IN PART "B".

(220) *Date of filing Application*— 14th October, 2013.

(310) (320) (330) Priority Claim

- (510) *Nature of Goods/Services*— Confectionaries.
 (511) *Class*: 30
 (526) *Disclaimer*
 (591) *Restriction to Colours*
 (646) *Association*
 (731) *Name of Applicant and Address*— FAMILY BAKERY LIMITED, Plot 17, Old Masaka Rd. Nalukolongo - Nateete, P.O. Box 6131, Kampala, Uganda.
 (740) *Address for Agent/Representative*— P.O. Box 12891, Kampala, Uganda.
 (750) *Address for Service*— Crest Law Associates, P.O. Box 12891, Kampala, Uganda.
-
- (541) *Representation of Mark*



- (210) APPLICATION NO. 2013/48332 IN PART "B".
 (220) *Date of filing Application*— 25th September, 2013.
 (310) (320) (330) *Priority Claim*
 (510) *Nature of Goods/Services*— Services for providing food and drink; temporary accommodation.
 (511) *Class*: 43
 (526) *Disclaimer*
 (591) *Restriction to Colours*
 (646) *Association*
 (731) *Name of Applicant and Address*— BESUSA LTD., Plot 4, Speke Road, Amber House, P.O. Box 9876, Kampala, Uganda.
 (740) *Address for Agent/Representative*
 (750) *Address for Service*— BESUSA LTD., Plot 4, Speke Road, Amber House, P.O. Box 9876, Kampala, Uganda.

(541) *Representation of Mark*

PATRON

- (210) APPLICATION NO. 2012/46696 IN PART "A".
 (220) *Date of filing Application*— 20th December, 2012.
 (310) (320) (330) *Priority Claim*
 (510) *Nature of Goods/Services*— Alcoholic beverages (except beers); distilled spirits; rum; tequila; vodka; wines; liquors; liqueurs.
 (511) *Class*: 33
 (526) *Disclaimer*
 (591) *Restriction to Colours*
 (646) *Association*
 (731) *Name of Applicant and Address*— PATRON SPIRITS INTERNATIONAL AG, QUAISTRASSE 11, 8200, SCHAFFHAUSEN, Switzerland.
 (740) *Address for Agent/Representative*— P.O. Box 8543, Kampala, Uganda.
 (750) *Address for Service*— Muganwa, Nanteza & Co., P.O. Box 8543, Kampala, Uganda.

(541) *Representation of Mark*

XO CAFE

- (210) APPLICATION NO. 2012/46698 IN PART "A".
 (220) *Date of filing Application*— 20th December, 2012.
 (310) (320) (330) *Priority Claim*

- (510) *Nature of Goods/Services*— Alcoholic beverages (except beers); distilled spirits; rum; tequila; vodka; wines; liquors; liqueurs.
 (511) *Class*: 33
 (526) *Disclaimer*
 (591) *Restriction to Colours*
 (646) *Association*
 (731) *Name of Applicant and Address*— PATRON SPIRITS INTERNATIONAL AG, QUAISTRASSE 11, 8200, SCHAFFHAUSEN, Switzerland.
 (740) *Address for Agent/Representative*— P.O. Box 8543, Kampala, Uganda.
 (750) *Address for Service*— Muganwa, Nanteza & Co. Advocates, P.O. Box 8543, Kampala, Uganda.

(541) *Representation of Mark*



- (210) APPLICATION NO. 2012/46700 IN PART "A".
 (220) *Date of filing Application*— 20th December, 2012.
 (310) (320) (330) *Priority Claim*
 (510) *Nature of Goods/Services*— Alcoholic beverages (except beers); distilled spirits; rum; tequila; vodka; wines; liquors; liqueurs.
 (511) *Class*: 33
 (526) *Disclaimer*
 (591) *Restriction to Colours*
 (646) *Association*
 (731) *Name of Applicant and Address*— PATRON SPIRITS INTERNATIONAL AG, QUAISTRASSE 11, 8200, SCHAFFHAUSEN, Switzerland.
 (740) *Address for Agent/Representative*— P.O. Box 8543, Kampala, Uganda.
 (750) *Address for Service*— Muganwa, Nanteza & Co. Advocates, P.O. Box 8543, Kampala, Uganda.

(541) *Representation of Mark*

ZOOMER

- (210) APPLICATION NO. 2013/46813 IN PART "A".
 (220) *Date of filing Application*— 16th January, 2013.
 (310) (320) (330) *Priority Claim*
 (510) *Nature of Goods/Services*— Pesticides, insecticides, fungicides and herbicides.
 (511) *Class*: 5
 (526) *Disclaimer*
 (591) *Restriction to Colours*
 (646) *Association*
 (731) *Name of Applicant and Address*— AGAN CHEMICAL MANUFACTURERS LTD., NORTHERN INDUSTRIAL ZONE, P.O. BOX 262, ASHDOD 77102, Israel.
 (740) *Address for Agent/Representative*— P.O. Box 8543, Kampala, Uganda.
 (750) *Address for Service*— Muganwa, Nanteza & Co., Advocates, P.O. Box 8543, Kampala, Uganda.

(541) *Representation of Mark***TRACE**

(210) APPLICATION NO. 2013/46989 IN PART "A".

(220) *Date of filing Application*— 26th February, 2013.

(310) (320) (330) Priority Claim

(510) *Nature of Goods/Services*— Telecommunications, press agencies, news information agencies, communications by fibre-optic networks, communications by computer terminals, radio communications, communications by telegram, telephone communications, broadcasting of television programmes, broadcasting of documentaries, radio broadcasting television broadcasting, providing access to a global computer network, electronic mail, transmission of messages, computer-aided transmission of messages and images, transmission using mobile radiotelephony, cable television broadcasting, transmission by satellite.(511) *Class*: 38(526) *Disclaimer*(591) *Restriction to Colours*(646) *Association*(731) *Name of Applicant and Address*— Trace TV, 73 RUE HENRI FARBUSSE, 92110, Clichy, France.(740) *Address for Agent/Representative*— NICE APARTMENTS, PLOT 1-3, CORAL-CRESCENT, LOWER KOLOLO, OFF WAMPEWO AVENUE, P.O. Box 8543, Kampala, Uganda.(750) *Address for Service*— Muganwa, Nanteza & Co. Advocates, NICE APARTMENTS, PLOT 1-3, CORAL-CRESCENT, LOWER KOLOLO, OFF WAMPEWO AVENUE, P.O. Box 8543, Kampala, Uganda.Kampala, AGABA GILBERT,
14th October, 2013. *Registrar of Trademarks.*(541) *Representation of Mark***CITRÓNGE**

(210) APPLICATION NO. 2012/46697 IN PART "A".

(220) *Date of filing Application*— 20th December, 2012.

(310) (320) (330) Priority Claim

(510) *Nature of Goods/Services*— Alcoholic beverages (except beers); distilled spirits; rum; tequila; vodka; wines; liquors; liqueurs.(511) *Class*: 33(526) *Disclaimer*(591) *Restriction to Colours*(646) *Association*(731) *Name of Applicant and Address*— PATRON SPIRITS INTERNATIONAL AG, QUAISTRASSE 11, 8200, SCHAFFHAUSEN, Switzerland.(740) *Address for Agent/Representative*— P.O. Box 8543, Kampala, Uganda.(750) *Address for Service*— Muganwa, Nanteza & Co. Advocates, P.O. Box 8543, Kampala, Uganda.(541) *Representation of Mark***WIPER**

(210) APPLICATION NO. 2013/46814 IN PART "A".

(220) *Date of filing Application*— 16th January, 2013.

(310) (320) (330) Priority Claim

(510) *Nature of Goods/Services*— Pesticides, insecticides, herbicides and fungicides.(511) *Class*: 5(526) *Disclaimer*(591) *Restriction to Colours*(646) *Association*(731) *Name of Applicant and Address*— AGAN CHEMICAL MANUFACTURERS LTD., NORTHERN INDUSTRIAL ZONE, P.O. BOX 262, ASHDOD 77102, Israel.(740) *Address for Agent/Representative*— P.O. Box 8543, Kampala, Uganda.(750) *Address for Service*— Muganwa, Nanteza & Co. Advocates, P.O. Box 8543, Kampala, Uganda.Kampala,
28th March, 2013.EVA MUDONDO,
Registrar of Trademarks.(541) *Representation of Mark***AMIRA**

(210) APPLICATION NO. 2012/045897 IN PART "A".

(220) *Date of filing Application*— 07th August, 2012.

(310) (320) (330) Priority Claim

(510) *Nature of Goods/Services*— Sugar, rice, tapioca, flour and preparations made from cereals, confectionery, salt.(511) *Class*: 30(526) *Disclaimer*(591) *Restriction to Colours*(646) *Association*(731) *Name of Applicant and Address*— AMIRA PURE FOODS PRIVATE LIMITED, HO at 54, Prakriti Marg, Sultanpur Farms Mehrauli, New Delhi, India.(740) *Address for Agent/Representative*— C/o. Muganwa, Nanteza & Co. Advocates, P.O. Box 8543, Kampala, Uganda.(750) *Address for Service*Kampala, MERCY KYOMUGASHO KAINOBWISHO,
14th August, 2012. *Registrar of Trademarks.*

(21) APPLICATION NO. 2010/41205 IN PART "A".

(52) Class 12.

(54)

HYUNDAI i45

(53)

(59)

(64) *Association*— To be associated with T.M. Nos. 27524, 30324, 19789, 20725, 30044, 22943, 41200, 41201, 41202, 41203 and 41204.(57) *Nature of goods*— Apparatus for locomotion by land; vehicles, automobiles including passenger cars, vans, trucks, motor buses, racing cars, refrigerated vehicles, sports cars, automobile engines, bumpers for automobiles, windscreens, windscreen wipers, seats for automobiles, wheels for automobiles, hoods for automobiles, air bags [safety devices for

automobiles], tyres for automobiles, safety belts for automobiles, horns for automobiles, mirrors [rearview] for automobiles, doors for automobiles, automobile bodies seat covers for automobiles, transmissions for land vehicles, bearings for land vehicles, mufflers for land vehicles, rubber belts for land vehicles, fuel tanks for land vehicles, clutches for land vehicles.

(73) *Name of applicant*— Hyundai Motor Company.

(77) *Address*— 231, Yangjae-Dong, Seocho-Gu, Seoul, Republic of Korea.

(74) *C/o.* Muganwa, Nanteza & Co. Advocates, P.O. Box 8543, Kampala, Uganda.

(22) *Date of filing application*— 31st August, 2010.

(21) APPLICATION NO. 2010/41204 IN PART "A".

(52) Class 12.

(54)

HYUNDAI i40

(53)

(59)

(64) *Association*— To be associated with T.M. Nos. 27524, 30324, 19789, 20725, 30044, 22943, 41200, 41201, 41202 and 41203.

(57) *Nature of goods*— Apparatus for locomotion by land; vehicles, automobiles including passenger cars, vans, trucks, motor buses, racing cars, refrigerated vehicles, sports cars, automobile engines, bumpers for automobiles, windscreens, windscreen wipers, seats for automobiles, wheels for automobiles, hoods for automobiles, air bags [safety devices for automobiles], tyres for automobiles, safety belts for automobiles, horns for automobiles, mirrors [rearview] for automobiles, doors for automobiles, automobile bodies seat covers for automobiles, transmissions for land vehicles, bearings for land vehicles, mufflers for land vehicles, rubber belts for land vehicles, fuel tanks for land vehicles, clutches for land vehicles.

(73) *Name of applicant*— Hyundai Motor Company.

(77) *Address*— 231, Yangjae-Dong, Seocho-Gu, Seoul, Republic of Korea.

(74) *C/o.* Muganwa, Nanteza & Co. Advocates, P.O. Box 8543, Kampala, Uganda.

(22) *Date of filing application*— 31st August, 2010.

(21) APPLICATION NO. 2010/41202 IN PART "A".

(52) Class 12.

(54)

HYUNDAI i25

(53)

(59)

(64) *Association*— To be associated with T.M. Nos. 27524, 30324, 19789, 20725, 30044, 22943, 41200 and 41201.

(57) *Nature of goods*— Apparatus for locomotion by land; vehicles, automobiles including passenger cars, vans, trucks, motor buses, racing cars, refrigerated vehicles, sports cars, automobile engines, bumpers

for automobiles, windscreens, windscreen wipers, seats for automobiles, wheels for automobiles, hoods for automobiles, air bags [safety devices for automobiles], tyres for automobiles, safety belts for automobiles, horns for automobiles, mirrors [rearview] for automobiles, doors for automobiles, automobile bodies seat covers for automobiles, transmissions for land vehicles, bearings for land vehicles, mufflers for land vehicles, rubber belts for land vehicles, fuel tanks for land vehicles, clutches for land vehicles.

(73) *Name of applicant*— Hyundai Motor Company.

(77) *Address*— 231, Yangjae-Dong, Seocho-Gu, Seoul, Republic of Korea.

(74) *C/o.* Muganwa, Nanteza & Co. Advocates, P.O. Box 8543, Kampala, Uganda.

(22) *Date of filing application*— 31st August, 2010.

Kampala,
31st October, 2011.

JULIET NASSUNA,
Registrar of Trademarks.

ADVERTISEMENTS

THE REGISTRATION OF TITLES ACT.

(Cap. 230).

NOTICE.

ISSUE OF SPECIAL CERTIFICATE OF TITLE.

Plot No. 592, Block 5, Kigezi Area: 0.9 Acres.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that after the expiration of one month from the publication hereof, I intend to issue in the names of Mathew N. Rukikaire, a Special Certificate of Title under the above Block and Plot, the Certificate of Title which was originally issued having been lost.

Mbarara, DAN OUNDO MALINGU,
26th September, 2013. *for Commissioner of Land Registration.*

THE REGISTRATION OF TITLES ACT.

(Cap. 230).

NOTICE.

ISSUE OF SPECIAL CERTIFICATE OF TITLE.

Plot No. 49 Block 201 Kyaggwe Area: 34.4 Hectares
Leasehold/Freehold Register Volume..... Folio.....

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that after the expiry of one month from the publication hereof, I intend to issue in the names of Sserwadda Emmanuel & Nakalema Oliver, a special Certificate of Title under the above Volume and Folio, the Title which was originally issued having been lost.

OVERSON ARINAITWE,
2nd November, 2012. *for Commissioner for Land Registration.*

THE REGISTRATION OF TITLES ACT.

(Cap. 230).

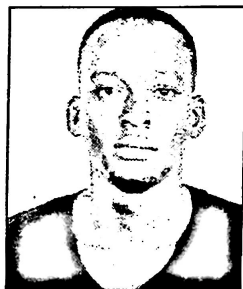
NOTICE.

ISSUE OF SPECIAL CERTIFICATE OF TITLE.

Kyadondo Block 9, Plot 491, Land at Kagugube Hill.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that after the expiration of one month from the publication hereof, I intend to issue in the names of Harriet Nagawa (Minor till 18th April, 1989) C/o. Christopher Muyingo Kisibe, Ssabawali of P.O. Kagugube Hill, a special Certificate of the Title which was originally issued having been lost.

Kampala, **KARUHANGA JOHN,**
10th September, 2013. *for Commissioner for Land Registration.*

IN THE MATTER OF THE DECLARATIONS ACT,
CAP. 22IN THE MATTER OF DEED POLL BY MUKASA
EDWARD WILLIAM MATOVU

By this Deed Poll, I **MUKASA EDWARD WILLIAM MATOVU** of C/o. Nabalende Kattazza & Associates of P.O. Box 75406, Kampala do solemnly make oath and state as hereunder:

1. That I am a male adult Ugandan of sound mind;
2. That I was born on the 12th day of October, 1989, in Uganda to the Late Mr. Joseph Roy Matovu and the Late Mrs. Christine Mary Kiwanuka;

3. That I was named **MUKASA EDWARD WILLIAM MATOVU** at birth and in 1989 I adopted the name **MUKASA EDWARD** and indeed appear as **MUKASA EDWARD** in all records and academic documents obtained after 1989;
4. That I do hereby out of my own will renounce the said name **MUKASA EDWARD WILLIAM MATOVU** AND **MUKASA EDWARD** and take on the use of the name **TALEMWA EBEN LUD** from this day forward;
5. That I hereby relinquish and abandon the use of my former name **MUKASA EDWARD WILLIAM MATOVU** and **MUKASA EDWARD** and declare that I shall at all times hereinafter in all records, deeds and dealings, private or public or whatsoever use the name **TALEMWA EBEN LUD**;
6. That I herewith and forthwith cease the usage of my former name, **MUKASA WILLIAM EDWARD MATOVU** and **MUKASA EDWARD**;
7. That I expressly authorize and request all persons at all times to designate and address me as **TALEMWA EBEN LUD**.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto subscribed and to my proper and adopted name **TALEMWA EBEN LUD** this 22nd day of October, 2013.

SWORN at Kampala by the said **TALEMWA EBEN LUD** this 22nd day of October, 2013.

Renouncer.

IN THE MATTER OF BIRTHS AND DEATHS
REGISTRATION ACT, (CAP. 309)DEED POLL

KNOW YE ALL MEN by this Deed Poll that **NAMIREMBE HELEN** of P.O. Box 8757, Kampala, Uganda, am also known as **NAMIREMBE HELEN LAETITIA** AND I ANNOUNCE AND DECLARE that **NAMIREMBE HELEN LAETITIA** is one and the same person.

AND I hereby AUTHORISE and REQUEST all parties to address and designate, describe me by either name.

IN WITNESS THEREOF I have therein undersigned and subscribed by my name of **NAMIREMBE HELEN LAETITIA**.

Dated at Kampala this 2nd day of October, 2013.

Signed by the said

NAMIREMBE HELEN LAETITIA.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF UGANDA AT NAKAWA

ADMINISTRATION CAUSE No. 747 OF 2013

IN THE MATTER OF THE ESTATE OF THE LATE
ANDEREA MATOVU (DECEASED) FORMERLY OF
KATABA ZONE L.C.1, NAKIREBE

AND

IN THE MATTER OF AN APPLICATION FOR LETTERS
OF ADMINISTRATION BY **THEREZA NAKIMERA MATOVU (WIDOW)** **SSEBUKEERA JOHN MASINDE (HEIR/SON)**, **REHEMAH NAKACWA MUSOOSI (DAUGHTER)**, **CHARLES SSEGUYA MATOVU (SON)**, **JACOB LUKOOZA (SON)** TO THE DECEASED

NOTICE

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN;

TAKE NOTICE that an application for a Grant of Administration to the Estate of the Late Anderea Matovu (deceased) has been made to this Court by **THEREZA NAKIMERA MATOVU (WIDOW)**, **SSEBUKEERA JOHN MASINDE (HEIR/SON)**, **REHEMAH NAKACWA MUSOOSI (DAUGHTER)**, **CHARLES SSEGUYA MATOVU (SON)**, **JACOB LUKOOZA (SON)** TO THE DECEASED.

THIS COURT will proceed to grant the same if no CAVEAT is lodged with this Hon. Court within a period of fourteen (14) days from the date of publication of this NOTICE unless cause be shown to the contrary.

DATED at KAMPALA, this 14th day of October, 2013.

Deputy Registrar.

STATUTORY INSTRUMENTS SUPPLEMENT

to The Uganda Gazette No. 54 Volume CVI dated 25th October, 2013

Printed by UPPC, Entebbe, by Order of the Government.

S T A T U T O R Y I N S T R U M E N T S

2013 No. 50.

**THE PROHIBITION OF FEMALE GENITAL MUTILATION
REGULATIONS, 2013**

ARRANGEMENT OF REGULATIONS

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Regulation

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2. Interpretation.

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4. Suspicion that a girl or woman is likely to undergo female genital mutilation.
5. Suspicion of self mutilation.
6. Protection of an informant.
7. Victimisation of an informant.
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FEMALE GENITAL MUTILATION.**

9. Discrimination against a person who has not undergone female genital mutilation.
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PART IV—INVESTIGATION.

11. Searching a place, house or other facility without a warrant.
12. Seizure and retention of exhibits by police.
13. Screening of a victim of female genital mutilation for HIV.

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14. Evidence in cases of self mutilation.
15. Death as a result of female genital mutilation.
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S T A T U T O R Y I N S T R U M E N T S

2013 No. 50.

The Prohibition of Female Genital Mutilation Regulations, 2013.

*(Under section 17 of The Prohibition of Female Genital Mutilation Act, 2010,
Act No.5 of 2010)*

IN EXERCISE of the powers conferred upon the Minister responsible for social development by section 17 of the Prohibition of Female Genital Mutilation Act, 2010, Act No.5 of 2010, these Regulations are made this 27th day of February, 2013.

PART I—PRELIMINARY

1. Title.

These Regulations may be cited as The Prohibition of Female Genital Mutilation Regulations, 2013.

2. Interpretation.

In these regulations, unless the context otherwise requires—

“Act” means The Prohibition of Female Genital Mutilation Act, 2010, Act No.5 of 2010;

“authorised officer” means a police officer, local council officer or probation and social welfare officer;

“authority” includes—

- (i) a local council official at any level of local Government;
- (ii) a probation and social welfare officer; or
- (iii) a community development officer;

“currency point” has the value assigned to it in the Schedule 1;

“chosen place” means a place which in the opinion of the authorised officer will be safe to protect a girl or woman from the danger of undergoing female genital mutilation.

“female genital mutilation tools” means knives, cutters, millet flour and includes any material that can be used to carry out female genital mutilation;

“health worker” means a person qualified in the promotion of health, the prevention of disease and the care of the sick and who is registered and enrolled under the Medical and Dental Practitioners Act, the Nurses and Midwives Act and the Allied Health Professionals Act;

“informant” means a person who gives information to a police officer or a person in authority about commission of an offence or intention to commit an offence under the Act or these Regulations;

“next of kin” for purposes of these Regulations, next of kin means a relative by consanguinity and includes a caretaker or guardian;

“victimization” includes intimidation, threat, harassment, persecution, abuse or any other form of ill treatment towards a person;

“warrant” means a search warrant or an arrest warrant.

PART II—REPORTING ACTS OF FEMALE GENITAL MUTILATION.

3. Reporting acts of female genital mutilation.

It is the duty of the victim or any other person to report an offence relating to female genital mutilation to the Police or any other authority for appropriate action in accordance with Part IV of the Act.

4. Suspicion that a girl or woman is likely to undergo female genital mutilation.

(1) A local council official, probation and social welfare official or any other person who suspects that a girl or woman is about to undergo female genital mutilation shall inform the police.

(2) A police officer upon information, may without a warrant enter any place, facility, house or structure for the removal and protection of a girl or woman where it is suspected that a girl or woman is about to undergo female genital mutilation.

(3) An officer proceeding under sub regulation (2) shall record in writing the grounds for effecting the arrest which shall be attached to the application for the protection order in Form B in Schedule 1.

5. Suspicion of self mutilation

(1) A person who suspects that a girl or woman intends or has carried out female genital mutilation on herself shall report the matter to a health worker or any person in authority.

(2) A health worker, local council officer or any other person in authority who receives the report, shall forward the report to the police.

(3) The police, upon receipt of a report in sub regulations (1) and (2) shall cause the detention of the suspect victim for purposes of medical examination by a health worker.

(4) A health worker who examines the suspect under sub regulation (3) shall use Form D of the Schedule 2 to these Regulations.

(5) Where, after a medical examination has been carried out, it is established that the suspect is a victim of female genital mutilation, the examining officer shall hand the victim over to the police.

6. Protection of an informant

(1) A person or authority to whom matters relating to female genital mutilation offences are reported, shall not disclose the identity of the informant.

(2) A person or authority who discloses the identity of an informant commits an offence and shall on conviction be liable to a fine not exceeding twenty-five currency points or one year's imprisonment or both.

(3) An informant whose identity is disclosed within the meaning of this regulation shall be accorded protection similar to that given to a witness who testifies in a court.

7. Victimization of an informant.

A person who either by himself or herself or through another person victimises an informant for making a disclosure commits an offence and is liable on conviction to imprisonment not exceeding twenty-five currency points or one year's imprisonment or both.

8. Participation in events leading to female genital mutilation.

For purpose of section 7 of the Act, participation in events leading to female genital mutilation include the following—

- (a) singing along with a girl or woman who is about to undergo female genital mutilation;
- (b) offering a gift or present to a girl or woman who is about to undergo female genital mutilation ;
- (c) counseling and abetting a girl or woman who is about to undergo female genital mutilation;
- (d) accepting an invitation to a female genital mutilation function;
or
- (e) participating in any other act which condones or abets female genital mutilation.

PART III—DISCRIMINATION RELATED TO FEMALE GENITAL MUTILATION

9. Discrimination against a person who has not undergone female genital mutilation.

For purpose of section 11 of the Act, discrimination against a female who has not undergone female genital mutilation includes—

- (a) prohibiting the female from attending a son's initiation ceremony;

- (b) failing to accord proper funeral rites to the female upon death;
- (c) denying the female from attending a son's marriage ceremony;
- (d) overt and derogatory name calling to the female;
- (e) denying the female from depositing or collecting food from the granary;
- (f) denying the female from going to the Kraal or milking cows; or
- (g) preventing the female from attending or contributing to a talk during a meeting.

10. Discrimination against a person whose relative has not undergone female genital mutilation.

For purposes of Sections 11 and 12 of the Act, discrimination against a person who has not undergone female genital mutilation includes—

- (a) denying the person from attending or performing a ceremony in a family setting and or community;
- (b) denying the person from attending or talking, or participating in any form of meeting; or
- (c) any other act that may amount to discriminating such relative.

PART IV—INVESTIGATION

11. Searching a place, house, or other facility without a warrant.

(1) A police officer above the rank of a sergeant, who has reasonable grounds to believe that anything necessary for the purpose of an investigation into a female genital mutilation offence may be found in any place and that the evidence cannot in his or her opinion be otherwise obtained without undue delay, may, without a warrant enter into that place, search or cause search to be made for that evidence.

(2) The provisions of the Magistrates Courts Act on search warrants shall so far as may be applicable, apply to a search under this regulation.

12. Seizure and retention of exhibits by police.

(1) A police officer under regulation 11 may seize any item found in the place, house or any other facility if he or she has reasonable grounds to believe that—

- (a) the item might be used as an exhibit in relation to an offence which he or she is investigating; and
- (b) it is necessary to seize that thing in order to prevent it from being concealed, lost, tampered with or destroyed.

(2) Where an item is seized under subsection (1), the police officer responsible for the seizure shall proceed in the manner prescribed under the Police Act.

(3) Exhibits taken under this regulation shall be handled in the manner prescribed in the Magistrate Courts' Act, the Criminal Procedure Code Act and any other relevant law.

13. Screening of a victim of female genital mutilation for HIV.

(1) Where, within the meaning of the Act or these Regulations, a girl or woman is confirmed as having undergone female genital mutilation, she shall be screened for HIV infection twice at an interval of three months.

(2) A health worker shall issue a medical report in the event that a girl or woman is screened under sub-regulation (1) and is confirmed to be infected with HIV.

PART V—TRIAL

14. Evidence in cases of self mutilation.

Where a person charged with self female genital mutilation opts to exercises her right to keep silent at a trial, the prosecution shall rely on the—

- (a) medical examination report; or
- (b) testimony of a police officer who handled the investigations.

15. Death as a result of female genital mutilation.

(1) Death shall be presumed to have occurred from female genital mutilation where such death occurs from female genital mutilation related complications within one year and one day from the date when the act of female genital mutilation was carried out on the deceased.

(2) A person shall be deemed to have caused the death of a victim of female genital mutilation although his or her act is not the immediate or sole cause of death if the person inflicts bodily injury related to genital mutilation on a girl or woman in consequence of which that girl or woman undergoes surgical or medical treatment which causes death.

(3) A report of a health worker and a post mortem report shall suffice to establish that death occurred as a result of female genital mutilation or complications related thereto.

16. Disability arising from female genital mutilation.

A person who suffers a disability as a result of female genital mutilation shall undergo rehabilitation including, counseling or treatment as the health worker may deem fit, at the expense of the perpetrator's estate.

PART VI—PROTECTION OF LIKELY VICTIMS.

17. Protection order.

(1) A girl or woman who is likely to undergo female genital mutilation or any person may apply for a protection order in accordance with section 14 of the Act.

(2) Where a person is making the application on behalf of a girl or woman who is likely to undergo female genital mutilation, the person shall state the reasons for bringing the application.

(3) An Application for a Protection Order shall be in Form B in the schedule 2 to these Regulations.

(4) The Court shall after being satisfied with the grounds of the application in sub regulation (2) issue a protection order in form C of the Schedule 2 to these Regulations.

18. Interim protection order.

(1) Where a girl or woman is removed or protected under regulation (5), the authorized officer shall issue an interim protection order in form A in the Schedule 2 to these Regulations specifying the chosen place in which the girl or woman shall be placed for protection.

(2) The interim protection order issued in sub regulation (2) shall be issued in accordance with section 14 of the Act and shall be valid for a period of fourteen days.

PART VII—OFFENCES

19. Obstruction of investigation.

A person who obstructs a police officer or any authorised officer while investigating or inquiring into an attempt or commission of female genital mutilation commits an offence and on conviction shall be liable to a fine not exceeding one hundred currency points or imprisonment for four years or both.

20. Presence of a person within the vicinity where female genital mutilation is likely to take place.

A person who is found within the vicinity where female genital mutilation is likely to take place or is taking place, and who is in possession of female genital mutilation tools commits an offence within the meaning of section 5 of the Act.

21. Possession of female genital mutilated body parts.

A person found in possession of body parts, clothing and other apparel from a victim of female genital mutilation commits an offence and shall on conviction be liable to a fine not exceeding one hundred currency points or imprisonment not exceeding four years or both.

22. Procuring female genital mutilation.

A person who, by any means, directly or indirectly—

- (a) procures, persuades, attempts to procure or persuade a girl or woman to undergo female genital mutilation;
- (b) aids, abets or is accessory to female genital mutilation or

- (c) having reason to believe a girl or woman has undergone female genital mutilation harbours or aids in concealing the act, commits an offence and on conviction shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding one hundred currency points or imprisonment not exceeding five years or both.

PART VIII—MISCELLANEOUS

23. Payment of compensation

(1) Where Court orders payment of compensation to a victim of female genital mutilation under Section 13 of the Act, such compensation shall be paid—

- (a) to the victim;
- (b) to the parent, guardian or caretaker of the victim in trust for the victim where—
 - (i) the victim is under 18 years or deceased; or
 - (ii) the parent, guardian or caretaker has not participated in the act of female genital mutilation; or
- (c) to the probation and social welfare officer in trust for the victim where the parent or guardian of the victim is the offender under the Act.

(2) Where the injury to a victim results into death, compensation for the death shall be awarded to the victim's next of kin.

24. Assessment of injuries suffered by the victim of female genital mutilation.

(1) A health worker shall assess and record injuries suffered by a victim of female genital mutilation to ascertain the degree of disability or loss of body parts by the victim.

(2) The Court shall, while awarding damages under section 13 of the Act be guided by sub regulation (1) above.

Schedule 1

Currency Point

A currency point is equal to twenty thousand Uganda shillings.

Schedule 2
Form A

Regulation 18

The Republic of Uganda

THE PROHIBITION OF FEMALE GENITAL MUTILATION ACT, 2010,
ACT No.5 OF 2010.

THE PROHIBITION OF FEMALE GENITAL MUTILATION
REGULATIONS, 2013

INTERIM PROTECTION ORDER

Whereas it has come to my knowledge that Ms _____
of _____ is a person suspected of being in danger of undergoing
female genital mutilation, and whereas I am satisfied that it is necessary that
Ms _____ should be placed under care and
protection until proceedings can be taken under section 14 of the Prohibition of
Female Genital Mutilation Act, I order that Ms _____
shall be removed and delivered to _____ who is authorised
to receive and accommodate her for a period not exceeding 14 days from the
date of this order.

Dated this _____ day of _____ 20_____

Authorised Officer

Form B
Republic of Uganda

THE PROHIBITION OF FEMALE GENITAL MUTILATION ACT, 2010,
ACT No.5 OF 2010

THE PROHIBITION OF FEMALE GENITAL MUTILATION
REGULATIONS, 2013

Protection Order

Regulation 17

Under section 14

APPLICATION FOR PROTECTION ORDER

In the Magistrates Court at _____

In the matter of _____ (name of victim),
a girl/ woman in danger of undergoing female genital mutilation

And

In the matter of an application for a protection order.

I _____ (name of applicant), being _____ (state
relationship to person for whom order is sought) apply for a protection order on
the following grounds:

Date this.....day of20.....

Applicant

Form C

Regulation 17

The Republic of Uganda

**THE PROHIBITION OF FEMALE GENITAL MUTILATION ACT, 2010,
ACT No.5 OF 2010**

**THE PROHIBITION OF FEMALE GENITAL MUTILATION
REGULATIONS, 2013**

In the Magistrate's Court of.....

Held at.....

Application No.....of.....

In the matter between

.....Applicant/Victim

And

.....respondent

1. Particulars of respondent

Physical address.....

Work address.....

Occupation.....

2. Particulars of the application

Where as an application for a protection order has been made by.....(applicant), after consideration of the application the court now orders as follows-

I. *The application for a protection order is dismissed; or

II. *That an interim protection order is granted; and the respondent is ordered-

a. *not to commit the following acts of female genital mutilation.....

.....
.....

- b. *not to enlist the help of another person to commit the acts of female genital mutilation specified above.

- III. *that the applicant be taken tofor her safety and protection.

Given under my hand and the seal of court this.....day of.....20....

.....

Magistrate

*delete whichever is not applicable.

FORM D

The Republic of Uganda

THE PROHIBITION OF FEMALE GENITAL MUTILATION ACT, 2010, ACT NO.5 OF 2010

THE PROHIBITION OF FEMALE GENITAL MUTILATION REGULATIONS, 2013

MEDICAL EXAMINATION REPORT

Regulations 5, 13, 24

To:

The Health Worker

Please examine.....(name of victim), who is suspected to be a victim of female genital mutilation and has been sent to you on the..... day of 20 Please furnish a report immediately upon examination on the reverse side of this form.

A note as to the kind of weapon used and reasons for the conclusion reached should also be given under "Remark."

Signature

Rank.....

Date Time

<i>Nature of injury whether cut, wound or bruise</i>	<i>On what part of the body inflicted</i>	<i>Size of each injury in inches (length/ breadth and depth)</i>	<i>HIV results</i>

Classification.....

Remarks:

.....
.....
.....

Date.....

Signature.....

Designation.....

Cross references:

The Prohibition of Female Genital Mutilation Act 2010, Act No.5 of 2010
The Criminal Procedure Code Act. 116
The Magistrate Courts' Act, Cap.16
The Penal Code Act, Cap. 120
The Police Act, Cap .303
The Allied Health Professionals Act, Cap. 268
The Medical and Dental Practitioners Act, Cap. 272
The Evidence Act, Cap 6

JOHN M. NASASIRA,
Minister for Gender, Labour and Social Development.

