

OFFICIAL GAZETTE

REPUBLIC OF SEYCHELLES

EXTRAORDINARY

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TABLE OF CONTENTS

GENERAL NOTICES

Gazette Notice No. 1365 of 2023 is published by Order.

GAZETTE SUPPLEMENTS

Gazette	Description	Price
74	Data Protection Act, 2023. (Act 24 of 2023)	200.00
	Citizenship (Amendment) Act, 2023. (Act 25 of 2023)	28.00
	Financial Laws (Amendment) Act, 2023, (Act 26 of 2023)	20.00
	Revenue Law (Amendment) Act, 2023. (Act 27 of 2023)	28.00
	Beneficial Ownership (Amendment) Act, 2023. (Act 28 of 2023)	12.00
	Financial Stability Act, 2023. (Act 29 of 2023)	44.00
	Supplementary Appropriation Act, 2023. (Act 30 of 2023)	8.00
	Revenue Administration (Amendment) Act, 2023. (Act 31 of 2023)	12.00
	Political Parties (Registration and Regulation) (Amendment) Act, 2023. (Act 32 of 2023)	16.00
	State Land and River Reserves (Amendment) Act, 2023. (Act 33 of 2023)	20.00
	Anti-Corruption (Salary and Allowances of Commissioner, Chairperson and Members of Advisory Council) (Amendment) Regulations, 2023. (S.I. 108 of 2023)	4.00

No. 1365 of 2023

CENTRAL BANK OF SEYCHELLES ACT

(Act 12 of 2004)

Section 40(2)

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given pursuant to section 40(2) of the Central Bank of Seychelles Act, 2004, that the Central Bank of Seychelles, in consultation with the Ministry of Finance, has determined that the total amount of advances made by the Central Bank of Seychelles to the Government of Seychelles in the year 2024 shall not exceed 14 per cent of the Government's revenue from the year 2023.

Dated this 21st day of December, 2023.

CAROLINE	ABEL
GOVERN	OR

SUPPLEMENT TO OFFICIAL GAZETTE



SUPPLEMENTARY APPROPRIATION ACT, 2023

(Act 30 of 2023)



I assent

Wavel Ramkalawan President

19th December, 2023

AN ACT TO PROVIDE FOR THE PURPOSES OF A SUPPLEMENTARY ESTIMATE APPROVED BY THE NATIONAL ASSEMBLY.

ENACTED by the President and the National Assembly.

Short title

1. This Act may be cited as the Supplementary Appropriation Act, 2023.

SUPPLEMENT TO OFFICIAL GAZETTE

Appropriation of Expenditure

2. The sum not exceeding four hundred and seventy four million, six hundred and twenty nine thousand, two hundred and twenty two rupees and sixty one cents (SCR474,629,222.61) referred to in the supplementary estimate approved by the resolutions of the National Assembly on Wednesday 28th September 2022 (SCR472,807,404.81), and on Monday 4th December 2023 (SCR1,821,817.80), is hereby appropriated from the Consolidated Fund for the purposes specified in the supplementary estimate.

I certify that this is a correct copy of the Bill which was passed by the National Assembly on 11th December, 2023.

Mrs. Tania Isaac

Therae

Clerk to the National Assembly

720

STATE LAND AND RIVER RESERVES (AMENDMENT) ACT, 2023

(Act 33 of 2023)

ARRANGEMENT OF SECTIONS

Sections

- 1. Short title
- 2. Amendment of section 2
- 3. Amendment of section 6
- 4. Amendment of section 10



STATE LAND AND RIVER RESERVES (AMENDMENT) ACT, 2023

(Act 33 of 2023)



I assent

Wavel Ramkalawan President

19th December, 2023

AN ACT TO AMEND THE STATE LAND AND RIVER RESERVES ACT, (CAP 228).

ENACTED by the President and the National Assembly.

Short title

1. This Act may be cited as the State Land and River Reserves (Amendment) Act, 2023.

Amendment of section 2

- 2. Section 2 of the State Land and River Reserves Act, (hereinafter referred to as the "principal Act") is amended by inserting, in alphabetical order, the following new definitions
 - "Foreign State" means the government of that State, its Diplomatic Mission and its Consular Mission;
 - "International Organisation" means an Intergovernmental Organisation, including a specialised agency of the United Nations;";

Amendment of section 6

- 3. Section 6 of the principal Act is amended by inserting after subsection (3) the following new subsection
 - "(4) Notwithstanding subsections (1) and (2), the President may
 - (a) dispose of by free grant, at market value or at any other value than its full market value State land to a public body for a specific purpose;
 - (b) dispose of State land at market value or at any other value to a Foreign State or an International Organisation as may be prescribed;
 - (c) sell or lease State land at a discount of the market value of the land to a citizen in accordance with a scheme or policy of the Government relating to sale or lease of State land to citizens for residential or commercial purposes approved by the President or as may be prescribed; or
 - (d) transfer State land to a previous owner of land compulsorily acquired from the person under

[22nd December 2023]

the Land Acquisition Act, 1977 or acquired by the State by private agreement during the period from 5th June, 1977 to 20th June, 1993, in accordance with a scheme or policy of the Government approved by the President for the return of such State land or the undeveloped part of such State land or as may be prescribed."

Amendment of section 10

- **4.** Section 10 of the principal Act is amended as follows
 - (a) by repealing subsection (2);
 - (b) by renumbering subsection (3) as subsection (8);
 - (c) by inserting after subsection (1), the following new subsections
 - "(2) In all leases of State land there shall be inserted a condition that
 - (a) any sale, assignment or transfer of the whole or any part of land leased or leasehold interest granted shall require the express prior written approval of the President on such terms and conditions as the President shall determine;
 - (b) where land is leased for the purpose of development
 - (i) the leased land shall be developed for a specific purpose or use; and
 - (ii) a condition for or in respect to the commencement or completion of the permitted development within a specified period.

- (3) The President may, by statutory instrument order that any transfer or assignment of any category or class of leased State land be subject to a transfer fee payable to the Republic or to such public body as may be prescribed.
- (4) The President may exempt any lessee from the application of subsections (2) or (3) where, after consultation with the Minister responsible for lands, the President is of the opinion that special circumstances exist justifying such exemption.
- (5) Save where death of the lessee is an event upon which a lease is expressed to determine, a transfer of lease or undivided share in the lease resulting from the death of the lessee or co-lessee to his heirs on intestacy or a legatee under his will or by way of distribution between his heirs or legatees or by order of a competent court in relation to the entitlement of any of his heirs or legatees shall not be subject to approval of the President or to such prescribed transfer fee.
- (6) Subject to the provisions of subsections (2), (3), (4) and (5), leases of State land shall be as nearly as may be in the form of Schedule B.
- (7) The President may by regulations made under section 42 amend, vary or replace Schedule B.".

I certify that this is a correct copy of the Bill which was passed by the National Assembly on 13th December, 2023.

Mrs. Tania Isaac

Clerk to the National Assembly

SUPPLEMENT TO OFFICIAL GAZETTE

FINANCIAL STABILITY ACT, 2023

(Act 29 of 2023)

ARRANGEMENT OF SECTIONS

PART 1 - PRELIMINARY

SECTIONS

- 1. Short title
- 2. Interpretation

PART 2 - FINANCIAL STABILITY COMMITTEE

- 3. Financial Stability Committee
- 4. Composition of Committee
- 5. Co-option of members
- 6. Sub-committees
- 7. Functions of Committee
- 8. Powers of Committee
- 9. Meetings of Committee
- 10. Formal recommendations of Committee

PART 3 - ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS

- 11. Reports
- 12. Confidentiality
- 13. Misuse of information
- 14. Delivery of documents and information

PART 4 - MISCLLANEOUS

- 15. Funds of Committee
- 16. Regulations

SUPPLEMENT TO OFFICIAL GAZETTE



FINANCIAL STABILITY ACT, 2023

(Act 29 of 2023)



I assent

Wavel Ramkalawan President

19th December, 2023

AN ACT TO PROMOTE A STABLE FINANCIAL SYSTEM THROUGH THE CREATION OF A PUBLIC BODY CHARGED WITH FINANCIAL STABILITY OVERSIGHT AND TO PROVIDE FOR OTHER CONNECTED OR INCIDENTAL MATTERS.

ENACTED by the President and the National Assembly.

PART 1 - PRELIMINARY

Short title

1. This Act may be cited as the Financial Stability Act, 2023.

SUPPLEMENT TO OFFICIAL GAZETTE

Interpretation

2. In this Act, unless the context otherwise requires —

"Central Bank" means the Central Bank of Seychelles established under the Central Bank of Seychelles Act, Cap. 26;

"First Deputy Governor" means the First Deputy Governor of the Central Bank appointed under the Central Bank of Seychelles Act, Cap 26;

"Committee" means the Financial Stability Committee established under section 3:

"financial institution" means a person carrying on a financial services business or activity regulated under a law administered by the Central Bank or the Financial Services Authority;

"Financial Intelligence Unit" means the Financial Intelligence Unit established under the Anti-Money Laundering and Countering the Financing of Terrorism Act, 2020;

"financial market" includes the money market, the foreign exchange market, the capital market and the derivatives market within Seychelles;

"Financial Services Authority" means the Financial Services Authority established under the Financial Services Authority Act, 2013;

"financial stability" means a condition in which the financial system is able to adequately perform its financial intermediation role, whilst managing systemic risks effectively and remaining resilient to idiosyncratic and systemic shocks;

"financial system" means a system within Seychelles encompassing financial institutions, capital market intermediaries or participants, financial markets and payment systems;

SUPPLEMENT TO OFFICIAL GAZETTE

"Governor" means the Governor of the Central Bank appointed under the Central Bank of Seychelles Act, Cap 26;

"member institution" means the institution from which a member is drawn pursuant to section 4;

"Minister" means the Minister responsible for finance and "Ministry" shall be accordingly construed;

"payment system" means the payment system under the National Payment Systems Act, 2014;

"risk to financial stability" means a risk which in the opinion of the Committee disrupts, or is likely to disrupt, the financial intermediation process, including the orderly functioning of the financial market or which affects, or is likely to affect public confidence in the financial or national payment system or the stability of the financial or national payment system.

PART 2 - FINANCIAL STABILITY COMMITTEE

Financial Stability Committee

3. There is constituted, for the purpose of financial stability oversight in Seychelles, a Committee known as the Financial Stability Committee.

Composition of Committee

- **4.**(1) The Committee shall comprise the following members
 - (a) the Governor;
 - (b) the First Deputy Governor and, in his or her absence, the Central Bank official responsible for bank regulation and supervision;
 - (c) a senior official nominated by the Minister from the Ministry of Finance who —

SUPPLEMENT TO OFFICIAL GAZETTE

- (i) bears the responsibility for financial matters; and
- (ii) holds a rank of a Principal Secretary or above;
- (d) the Chief Executive Officer of the Financial Services Authority; and
- (e) the Director of the Financial Intelligence Unit.
- (2) The Governor shall be the Chairperson of the Committee and, in his or her absence, the First Deputy Governor shall assume chairmanship.
- (3) Where the First Deputy Governor acts as Chairperson , the Central Bank official responsible for bank regulation and supervision shall, for the purpose of that meeting, play the role that the First Deputy Governor would have otherwise played.

Co-option of members

- **5.**(1) The Committee may co-opt any person whom it deems has the relevant knowledge or experience in matters pertaining to financial stability to attend its meetings and take part in its deliberations.
- (2) A person co-opted under subsection (1) shall not have a right to vote on matters deliberated on at that meeting.

Sub-committees

- **6.**(1) The Committee may on such terms and conditions as it determines, constitute sub-committees to
 - (a) assist it on matters related to the functions of the Committee;
 - (b) convene the meetings of the Committee as and when requested by the Chairperson;
 - (c) record the minutes of the meeting of the Committee;
 - (d) implement the decisions of the Committee; and

SUPPLEMENT TO OFFICIAL GAZETTE

- (e) uphold the legal requirements of the Committee's governing documents.
- (2) The Committee shall, before assigning a person to a sub-committee, be satisfied that the person
 - (a) is an employee of a member institution;
 - (b) displays expert skills and knowledge and has experience in a field related to the functions of the Committee; and
 - (c) exhibits probity and competence.
- (3) A person shall not serve on a sub-committee or remain on a sub-committee under subsection (1) if he or she
 - (a) has been convicted of an offence involving fraud, theft or dishonesty; or
 - (b) is involved in any activity which the members of the Committee, by a decision, deem could interfere with the exercise or performance of the person's functions as a member of the sub-committee.

Functions of Committee

- 7. The Committee shall *inter alia*
 - (a) monitor risks and vulnerabilities to the financial system;
 - (b) devise the country's financial stability policy strategy;
 - (c) provide policy guidance to a specific member for consideration in the institution from which he or she is drawn or upon request by the Cabinet of Ministers;
 - (d) collect information and statistical data from members and other bodies that the Committee deems relevant to the furtherance of financial stability;

SUPPLEMENT TO OFFICIAL GAZETTE

- (e) identify and assess risks to financial stability;
- (f) monitor domestic and international financial regulatory developments;
- (g) recommend improvements in areas that enhance the integrity, efficiency, competitiveness, solvency and liquidity of financial institutions and the financial market;
- (h) facilitate information sharing and coordination amongst its members regarding the content of and manner in which the following is to be carried out in each member institution
 - (i) financial policy development;
 - (ii) assessments;
 - (iii) examinations;
 - (iv) reporting requirements; and
 - (v) enforcement actions;
- (i) identify general priorities and principles which the member institutions are encouraged to prioritise;
- (j) identify and mitigate gaps identified in skills, expertise, directives, legislation and practices; and
- (k) promote the development of effective crisis management and the implementation of a coordinated response to financial crises.

Powers of Committee

- **8.** The Committee may
 - (a) based on its decision, issue formal recommendations to any member institution; and

SUPPLEMENT TO OFFICIAL GAZETTE

(b) perform acts necessary in the lawful exercise of its powers under this section or in the performance of its functions under this Act

Meetings of Committee

- **9.**(1) The Committee shall observe such rules of procedure in regard to its business transactions at its meetings as the Chairperson determines.
- (2) The Committee shall meet at such time and place as the Chairperson determines, provided that a meeting is held every three months.
- (3) In a meeting of the Committee, all members or their representatives nominated pursuant to section 9 (6) shall constitute a quorum.
- (4) A decision of the Committee shall be taken by the majority of the votes of the members.
- (5) Where both the Governor and First Deputy Governor are unavailable to chair a meeting, the meeting shall not take place.
- (6) Where a member specified in section 4(1) (c) to (e) is unable to attend a meeting of the Committee, that person shall nominate a representative who shall
 - (a) be of appropriate seniority to fill the vacancy during such meeting; and
 - (b) be given the same voting rights as the member.
- (7) A member of the Committee or the representative of a member who attends and participates in a meeting through electronic means shall be deemed to be present at that meeting.
- (8) A sub-committee so constituted shall keep minutes of the proceedings of every meeting of the Committee.

SUPPLEMENT TO OFFICIAL GAZETTE

Formal recommendations of Committee

- **10.**(1) Where the Committee issues a formal recommendation pursuant to section 8 (a), the member drawn from that member institution to which the recommendation applies shall, within 30 days, notify the Committee as to how the member institution intends to implement that recommendation and, on a regular basis, inform the Committee of its implementation progress.
- (2) Where the Committee makes a recommendation which a member institution does not intend to implement, that member institution shall provide the Committee with detailed reasons as to why it will not implement that recommendation.
- (3) A failure to implement a recommendation issued by the Committee shall be disclosed in the report prepared pursuant to section 11 unless such disclosure negatively affects the work of the Committee.

PART 3 - ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS

Reports

- 11.(1) The Committee shall, not later than six months after the end of each financial year, submit to the President and the National Assembly a report which shall include the following information
 - (a) a summary of its activities and of the recommendations issued pursuant to section 8 (a) of the Committee throughout the preceding financial year; and
 - (b) the gaps identified in skills, expertise, directives, legislation and practices which may negatively affect financial stability.
- (2) Where the Committee considers it necessary and in the public interest, the Committee may publish in media outlets determined by it, adhoc reports on any matter relevant to financial stability.

SUPPLEMENT TO OFFICIAL GAZETTE

(3) A report specified in subsections (1) and (2) shall be published in a manner that can reasonably be expected to bring the report to the attention of the public.

Confidentiality

- **12.**(1) A person required to fulfil an obligation or to exercise power under this Act shall
 - (a) observe and preserve the confidentiality of all matters relating to that function or power and such confidentiality shall subsist after the termination of his or her term of office or, where the circumstances so warrant, after the lapsing of his or her mandate; and
 - (b) not disclose to any other person confidential information which has been obtained in the exercise or performance of his or her powers or functions under this Act, except if a disclosure of such information
 - (i) is necessary for the purpose of the exercise or performance of his or her powers or functions under this Act; or
 - (ii) is required by order of a court of law.
- (2) A person who contravenes this section commits an offence and is liable on conviction to a fine of level 4 on the standard scale or to imprisonment of a term not exceeding 5 years or to both.

Misuse of information

- **13.**(1) A person required to fulfil an obligation or to exercise power under this Act shall not use information obtained under this Act for personal gain or benefit, or for the gain or benefit of another person.
- (2) A person who contravenes subsection (1) commits an offence and is liable on conviction to a fine of level 4 on the standard scale or to imprisonment of a term not exceeding 5 years or to both.

SUPPLEMENT TO OFFICIAL GAZETTE

Delivery of documents and information

- **14.**(1) A person who ceases to be a member of the Committee or a sub-committee shall deliver to the Chairperson any correspondence, document, information, datum or property belonging to the Committee or acquired for the purpose of carrying out a mandate for the Committee or sub-committee which remains in his or her possession or under his or her control.
- (2) A person who contravenes subsection (1) commits an offence and is liable on conviction to a fine of level 3 on the standard scale or to imprisonment of a term not exceeding 2 years or to both.

PART 4 - MISCELLANEOUS

Funds of Committee

- **15.**(1) The funds of the Committee shall comprise monies donated from each member institution from funds allocated to them pursuant to their respective constitutive Acts.
- (2) The Central Bank of Seychelles shall be bestowed a financial power of Attorney only to the extent that the Central Bank holds, on behalf of the Committee, the funds of the Committee.
- (3) The manner in which the monies shall be spent shall be decided by the Committee.
- (4) Monies received pursuant to subsection (1) shall be used for the purposes of the Committee.

Regulations

16. The Minister may make Regulations for carrying into effect the provisions of this Act.

I certify that this is a correct copy of the Bill which was passed by the National Assembly on 11th December, 2023.

Mrs. Tania Isaac

Clerk to the National Assembly

SUPPLEMENT TO OFFICIAL GAZETTE

S.I. 108 of 2023

ANTI-CORRUPTION ACT

(Act 2 of 2016)

Anti-Corruption (Salary and Allowances of Commissioner, Chairperson and Members of Advisory Council) (Amendment) Regulations, 2023

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 85 read with sections 6 (5) and 10 (4) of the Anti-Corruption Act, 2016, the President being the Minister responsible for Public Administration hereby makes the following regulations —

Citation and commencement

1. These Regulations may be cited as the Anti-Corruption (Salary and Allowances of Commissioner, Chairperson and Members of the Advisory Council) (Amendment) Regulations, 2023 and shall be deemed to have come into operation on 1st of April, 2023.

Amendment of S.I. 90 of 2022

- **2.** Regulation 2 of the Anti-Corruption (Salary and Allowances of Commissioner, Chairperson and Members of the Advisory Council) Regulations, 2022, is amended by repealing sub regulation (1) and substituting it with the following
 - "(1) The monthly salary of the Commissioner shall be the sum specified at Step 9 of the Salary Band 10 of the Public Service Salary Table, as stipulated in Circular No.3 of 2023 published by the Public Service Bureau.".

MADE this 20th day of December, 2023.

WAVEL RAMKALAWAN PRESIDENT

SUPPLEMENT TO OFFICIAL GAZETTE

REVENUE LAW (AMENDMENT) ACT, 2023

(Act 27 of 2023)

ARRANGEMENT OF SECTIONS

Sections

PART I - PRELIMINARY

1. Short title

PART II - REVENUE ADMINISTRATION ACT

- 2. Amendment of section 2
- 3. Amendment of section 3
- 4. Amendment of section 20
- Amendment of Second Schedule

PART III - INCOME AND NON-MONETARY BENEFITS TAX ACT

6. Amendment of section 10

PART IV - BUSINESS TAX ACT

7. Amendment of section 73

PART V - TOURISM MARKETING TAX ACT

- 8. Amendment of section 4
- 9. Amendment of section 5
- 10. Insertion of Schedule 2

SUPPLEMENT TO OFFICIAL GAZETTE



REVENUE LAW (AMENDMENT) ACT, 2023

(Act 27 of 2023)



I assent

Wavel Ramkalawan
President

19th December, 2023

AN ACT TO AMEND CERTAIN REVENUE LAWS TO STREAMLINE THE TAX MANAGEMENT SYSTEM FOR THE PURPOSE OF ADDRESSING OPERATIONAL CHALLENGES AND REVENUE LEAKAGES.

ENACTED by the President and the National Assembly.

PART I - PRELIMINARY

Short title

1. This Act may be cited as the Revenue Laws (Amendment) Act, 2023.

SUPPLEMENT TO OFFICIAL GAZETTE

PART II - REVENUE ADMINISTRATION ACT

Amendment of section 2

- **2.** Section 2 of the Revenue Administration Act (Cap 308). in this Part referred to as the "principal Act", is amended
 - (a) in the definition of "Return"
 - (i) by repealing in paragraph (a) the word "or";
 - (ii) by repealing paragraph (b) and substituting it with the following paragraphs
 - "(b) a withholding tax remittance form filed under the Business Tax Act; or
 - (c) all payroll withholding statements filed under the Income and Non-Monetary Benefits Tax Act."; and
 - (b) in the definition of "revenue decision", by inserting in paragraph (b) after the words "Immovable Property Tax Act", the words "Environmental Protection (Tourism Environmental Sustainability Levy) Regulations. 2023".

Amendment of section 3

- 3. Section 3 of the principal Act is amended by renumbering subsections (1), (2) and (3) as (3), (4) and (5) respectively and inserting before the section as so renumbered, the following subsections
 - "(1) A taxpayer required to furnish a monthly return. including a self-assessment return under any revenue law shall do so
 - (a) on or before the 21st day of the month in which the return is due in cases where it is furnished in person; or
 - (b) on or before the 23rd day of the month in which the return is due in cases where it is furnished through the Seychelles Revenue Commission Tax Portal.

SUPPLEMENT TO OFFICIAL GAZETTE

(2) A large business shall furnish its return through the Seychelles Revenue Commission Tax Portal".

Amendment of section 20

4. Section 20 of the principal Act is amended by renumbering section 20 as 20A and inserting before the section so renumbered, the following new section —

Payment of tax

- **20.**(1) The monthly tax due under a revenue law shall be paid
 - (a) on or before the 21st day of the month in which the tax is due in cases where it is paid in person; or
 - (b) on or before the 23rd day of the month in which the tax is due in cases where it is paid through the Seychelles Revenue Commission Tax Portal or bank transfer.
- (2) A large business or a taxpayer making payment of tax of SCR50,000 or more under any revenue law shall pay their tax through the Seychelles Revenue Commission Tax Portal.".

Amendment of Second Schedule

- 5. The Second Schedule to the principal Act is amended
 - (a) by repealing in paragraph (1) the word "and"; and
 - (b) by repealing paragraph (2) and substituting it with the following paragraphs
 - "(2) a return required to be furnished under the Value Added Tax Act;
 - (3) a return required to be furnished under the Accommodation Turnover Tax Act;
 - (4) a return required to be furnished under the Income and Non-Monetary Benefits Tax Act;

SUPPLEMENT TO OFFICIAL GAZETTE

- (5) a return required to be furnished under the Tourism Marketing Tax Act; and
- (6) a return required to be furnished under the Environment Protection (Tourism Environmental Sustainability Levy) Regulations 2023."

PART III - INCOME AND NON-MONETARY BENEFITS TAX ACT

Amendment of section 10

6. Section 10 of the Income and Non-Monetary Benefits Tax Act, (Cap 273) is amended by repealing the words "a withholding tax statement" and substituting them with the words "a payroll withholding statement".

PART IV - BUSINESS TAX ACT

Amendment of section 73

7. The Business Tax Act (Cap 20) is amended by repealing section 73 and substituting it with the following new section —

Withholding tax remittance form

"73. A person withholding tax under this Division shall, within such period and in such form as may be prescribed, lodge with the Commissioner General a withholding tax remittance form".

PART V -TOURISM MARKETING TAX ACT

Amendment of section 4

- **8.** Section 4 of the Tourism Marketing Tax Act, 2013, in this Part referred to as the "principal Act", is amended by inserting after subsection (4) the following new subsection
 - "(5) A person who files a return for a tax year shall be treated as having made a self-assessment of the turnover of the business and the tax payable thereon as specified in the return.".
- **9.** Section 5 of the principal Act is amended by repealing subsection (2) and substituting it with the following new subsection —

SUPPLEMENT TO OFFICIAL GAZETTE

- "(2) A person liable to pay the tourism marketing tax under this Act shall
 - (a) remit the tax to the Commissioner General in accordance with section 20 of the Revenue Administration Act, (Cap 308); and
 - (b) furnish to the Commissioner General a return in the form prescribed in Schedule 3 of this Act, and in accordance with sections 1 and 2 of the Revenue Administration Act, (Cap 308).".
- 10. The principal Act is amended by inserting after Schedule 2, the following new Schedule —

SCHEDULE 3

[Section 5(2)]

Form of Return

	SRC/TMT/R-2023 SRC/TMT/R-2023			
Tourism Marketing Tax Return Tourism Marketing Tax (Amendment) Act, 2019				
Month:	Taxpayer's Name:			
Year:	Trading Name:			
	TIN:			
	Payment Advice Number:			
Monthly Turnover:				
Tax rate:	0.50%			
Tax payable:				
DECLARATION				
I (full name) declare that the particulars provided on this form are true and correct. I also affirm that i am authorised to make this declarartion.				
Signature:	Date:			

SUPPLEMENT TO OFFICIAL GAZETTE

I certify that this is a correct copy of the Bill which was passed by the National Assembly on 6th December, 2023.

Mrs. Tania Isaac

Clerk to the National Assembly

SUPPLEMENT TO OFFICIAL GAZETTE

CITIZENSHIP (AMENDMENT) ACT, 2023

(Act 25 of 2023)

ARRANGEMENT OF SECTIONS

SECTIONS

- 1. Short title
- 2. Amendment of section 2
- 3. Repeal and replacement of section 5
- 4. Amendment of section 5A
- 5. Repeal of section 5B
- 6. Repeal of section 5C
- 7. Amendment of section 6
- 8. Amendment of section 7
- 9. Amendment of section 9
- 10. Amendment of section 17

SUPPLEMENT TO OFFICIAL GAZETTE



CITIZENSHIP (AMENDMENT) ACT, 2023

(Act 25 of 2023)



I assent

Wavel Ramkalawan President

19th December, 2023

AN ACT TO AMEND THE CITIZENSHIP ACT, CAP 30.

ENACTED by the President and the National Assembly.

Short title

1. This Act may be cited as the Citizenship (Amendment) Act, 2023.

SUPPLEMENT TO OFFICIAL GAZETTE

Amendment of section 2

- **2.** Section 2 of the Citizenship Act, Cap 30 which is in this Act referred to as the "principal Act" is amended
 - (a) by repealing the definition of "legal resident" and substituting it with the following new definition
 - ""legal resident" means a person residing in Seychelles under a permit issued under the Immigration Decree, excluding a visitor's permit;"
 - (b) by inserting in the appropriate alphabetical sequence, the following new definitions
 - ""Citizenship Eligibility Committee" means the committee established under section 9A;
 - "meritorious" means an act done to the people of Seychelles or for the Republic of Seychelles that deserves recognition, praise or reward;
 - "passport sized photograph" means a photograph or other image of a person's face and shoulders;
 - "register" means the register of citizens by naturalisation and registration which is maintained and kept by the Citizenship Officer under section 9(1);"

Repeal and replacement of section 5

3. Section 5 of the principal Act is repealed and substituted with the following new section —

"Citizenship for distinguished service or under special circumstances

5.(1) The President may, upon the recommendation of the Citizenship Eligibility Committee and with the consent of that

SUPPLEMENT TO OFFICIAL GAZETTE

REPUBLIC OF SEYCHELLES

person, grant citizenship by registration to a person who has done signal honour or rendered distinguished service to Seychelles, or where the person is otherwise meritorious.

- (2) The President may grant citizenship to a person, not otherwise entitled to or eligible for citizenship, if that person is a surviving spouse of a deceased citizen.
- (3) The President shall not grant citizenship to a person pursuant to subsection (2), unless the President is satisfied that the person
 - (a) has been a legal resident for an aggregate period of 2 years or more;
 - (b) would have, if not for the death of his or her spouse, celebrated at least 15 years of marriage at the time he or she lodges the application;
 - (c) has lived together with the spouse for a period of not less than 5 years prior to his or her death;
 - (d) has not re-married at the time of making an application for citizenship;
 - (e) has not been absent from Seychelles for a continuous period exceeding 1 year without the prior written permission of the Minister;
 - (f) obtains at least 80 per cent marks in one of the 3 national languages in a citizenship qualifying examination prescribed under this Act; and
 - (g) has not been sentenced to a term of imprisonment of 1 year or more for an offence punishable under any law of Seychelles."

SUPPLEMENT TO OFFICIAL GAZETTE

Amendment of section 5A

- **4.** Section 5A of the principal Act is amended by repealing paragraph (ii) and substituting it with the following
 - "(ii) he or she has not been sentenced to a term of imprisonment of 1 year or more for an offence punishable under any laws of Seychelles,"

Repeal of section 5B

5. Section 5B of the principal Act is repealed.

Repeal of section 5C

6. Section 5C of the principal Act is repealed.

Amendment of section 6

- 7. Section 6 of the principal Act is amended in subsection (3)(a)
 - (a) by repealing the words "10 years" and substituting them with the words "15 years"; and
 - (b) by repealing the words "a period of at least 5 years" and substituting them with the words "an aggregate period of 2 years".

Amendment of section 7

- **8.** Section 7 of the principal Act is amended by inserting after subsection (3) the following new subsection
 - "(3A) The oath of allegiance may be taken collectively or individually as directed by the Citizenship Officer."

Amendment of section 9

9. Section 9 of the principal Act is amended —

SUPPLEMENT TO OFFICIAL GAZETTE

- (a) by renumbering section 9 as 9(1);
- (b) in the renumbered 9(1), by repealing the semicolon after the word "naturalisation" and substituting it with a comma, and after the comma inserting the words "the date and number of their registration or naturalisation, and their permanent addresses".
- (c) by inserting after subsection (1), the following new subsections
 - "(2) The register shall be kept in the custody of the Citizenship Officer at the principal office of the Department of Immigration.
 - (3) The Citizenship Officer may keep a secure electronic system for the maintenance of the register and may grant any person access to the register.
 - (4) The Citizenship Officer shall publish in the Gazette and a local daily newspaper, within thirty (30) days of their registration or naturalisation as citizen, the names, permanent addresses and recent passport sized photographs of all persons who have become citizens by registration or naturalisation, and the date of their registration or naturalisation.
 - (5) A person may, during official hours of business, inspect the register free of charge or obtain an extract of the register by paying a fee as prescribed by regulations."

Amendment of section 17

- **10.** Section 17 of the principal Act is amended as follows
 - (a) by repealing in paragraph (d), the full stop after the words "Supreme Court" and substituting it with a semicolon and after the semicolon inserting the word "and"; and

SUPPLEMENT TO OFFICIAL GAZETTE

- (b) by inserting after paragraph (d) the following new paragraph
 - '(e) be accompanied by a recent passport sized photograph."

I certify that this is a correct copy of the Bill which was passed by the National Assembly on 5th December, 2023.

Mrs. Tania Isaac

Clerk to the National Assembly

REVENUE ADMINISTRATION (AMENDMENT) ACT, 2023

(Act 31 of 2023)

ARRANGEMENT OF SECTIONS

SECTIONS

- 1. Short title
- 2. Amendment of section 2
- 3. Amendment of section 94
- 4. Insertion of section 94A

SUPPLEMENT TO OFFICIAL GAZETTE





REVENUE ADMINISTRATION (AMENDMENT) ACT, 2023

(Act 31 of 2023)



I assent

Wavel Ramkalawan President

19th December, 2023

AN ACT TO AMEND THE REVENUE ADMINISTRATION ACT (CAP 308).

ENACTED by the President and the National Assembly.

Short title

1. This Act may be cited as the Revenue Administration (Amendment) Act, 2023.

SUPPLEMENT TO OFFICIAL GAZETTE

Amendment of section 2

2. Section 2 of the Revenue Administration Act (Cap 308) in this Act referred to as the "principal Act" is amended by inserting after the definition of "electronic record" the following definition —

"electronic signature" means a digital signature as prescribed under Section 3 of the Electronic Transactions Act, 2001, or an electronic ID with an email, password and security pin; ".

Amendment of section 94

3. Section 94 of the principal Act is amended by substituting the full stop after the word "Commission" for a comma and inserting thereafter the following words —

"or submitted electronically through the electronic service established by the Commissioner General.".

Insertion of section 94A

4. The principal Act is amended by inserting after section 94 the following section —

"Manner of signing documents

94A. An application, notice or other document referred to in section 94 shall be signed using either a wet signature or an electronic signature."

I certify that this is a correct copy of the Bill which was passed by the National Assembly on 12th December, 2023.

Mrs. Tania Isaac

Clerk to the National Assembly

SUPPLEMENT TO OFFICIAL GAZETTE

FINANCIAL LAWS (AMENDMENT) ACT, 2023

(Act 26 of 2023)

ARRANGEMENT OF SECTIONS

PART I PRELIMINARY

SECTION

1. Short title

PART II BUSINESS TAX ACT

- 2. Amendment of section 11
- 3. Amendment of section 25

PART III VALUE ADDED TAX ACT

- 4. Amendment of section 3
- 5. Insertion of new section 50A

PART IV TOURISM MARKETING TAX ACT

6. Amendment of section 2

PART V ACCOMMODATION TURNOVER TAX ACT

7. Amendment of section 3

REPUBLIC OF SEYCHELLES SUPPLEMENT TO OFFICIAL GAZETTE



FINANCIAL LAWS (AMENDMENT) ACT, 2023

(Act 26 of 2023)



I assent

Wavel Ramkalawan President

19th December, 2023

AN ACT TO AMEND LAWS RELATED TO REVENUES AND PUBLIC FUNDS OF SEYCHELLES NAMELY THE BUSINESS TAX ACT, 2009, VALUE ADDED TAX, 2010, TOURISM MARKETING TAX 2013 AND THE ACCOMMODATION TURNOVER TAX, 2022 AND TO PROVIDE FOR OTHER CONNECTED OR INCIDENTAL MATTERS.

ENACTED by the President and the National Assembly.

PART I Preliminary

Short title

1. This Act may be cited as the Financial Laws (Amendment) Act, 2023.

SUPPLEMENT TO OFFICIAL GAZETTE

PART II BUSINESS TAX ACT

Amendment of section 11

2. The Business Tax Act, 2009 is amended in section 11 in the chapeau by inserting after the phrase "subsection (2)" the words ", excluding revenue collected from the tourism environmental sustainability levy under the Environment Protection Act, 2016,".

Amendment of section 25

- 3. The Business Tax Act, 2009 is amended in section 25 by inserting immediately after subsection (3), a new subsection (3A) as follows
 - "(3A) If a person carries on the business of production and generation of solar, hydropower, wind, biomass or any renewable energy and the business has a net loss for the previous tax year and the net loss is not wholly deducted under subsection (2), the amount not deducted is carried forward to the next following tax year and applied as specified in subsection (2) in that year, and so on until the loss is fully deducted, but the loss shall not be carried forward for more than ten tax years after the year in which the loss was incurred."

PART III Value Added Tax Act

Amendment of section 3

4. The Value Added Tax Act, 2010 is amended in section 3, in the resuming words to subsection (1) by inserting after the word "levies" the words "excluding revenue collected from the tourism environmental sustainability levy under the Environment Protection Act, 2016,".

Insertion of new Section 50A

5. The Value Added Tax Act, 2010 is amended by inserting immediately after section 50, a new section 50A as follows —

SUPPLEMENT TO OFFICIAL GAZETTE

"Applicability of commission on VAT

50A. A booking platform or any other person, on behalf of a business, shall not collect any amount as commission or otherwise over and above value added tax and any agreement for collection of any such amount shall be void.".

PART IV TOURISM MARKETING TAX ACT

Amendment of section 2

- **6.** The Tourism Marketing Tax Act, 2013 is amended in section (2) by repealing paragraph (g) and substituting it as follows
 - "(g) "turnover" means the gross receipts from the carrying on of business, including the consideration received from the disposal of trading stock and the gross fees for the provision of services derived by a person from sources in Seychelles, excluding receipts from the tourism environmental sustainability levy under the Environment Protection Act, 2016".

PART V ACCOMMODATION TURNOVER TAX ACT

Amendment of section 3

- 7. The Accommodation Turnover Tax Act, 2022 is amended in section 3 by repealing the definition of "turnover" and substituting it as follows
 - "turnover" means the gross receipts from the carrying on of business, including the consideration received from the disposal of trading stock and the gross fees for the provision of services derived by a person from sources in Seychelles, excluding receipts from the tourism environmental sustainability levy under the Environment Protection Act, 2016."

SUPPLEMENT TO OFFICIAL GAZETTE

I certify that this is a correct copy of the Bill which was passed by the National Assembly on 6th December, 2023.

Mrs. Tania Isaac

Clerk to the National Assembly

SUPPLEMENT TO OFFICIAL GAZETTE

POLITICAL PARTIES (REGISTRATION AND REGULATION) (AMENDMENT) ACT, 2023

(Act 32 of 2023)

ARRANGEMENT OF SECTIONS

SECTIONS

PART I - PRELIMINARY

1. Short title

PART II - AMENDMENT TO THE POLITICAL PARTIES (REGISTRATION AND REGULATION) ACT

2. Amendment of section 26

PART II - CONSEQUENTIAL AMENDMENTS TO THE BUSINESS TAX ACT (CAP 20)

- 3. Amendment of section 15
- 4. Amendment of Second Schedule

REPUBLIC OF SEYCHELLES SUPPLEMENT TO OFFICIAL GAZETTE



POLITICAL PARTIES (REGISTRATION AND REGULATION) (AMENDMENT) ACT, 2023

(Act 32 of 2023)



I assent

Wavel Ramkalawan President

19th December, 2023

AN ACT TO AMEND THE POLITICAL PARTIES (REGISTRATION AND REGULATION) ACT, 1995 AND TO MAKE CONSEQUENTIAL AMENDMENTS TO THE BUSINESS TAX ACT.

ENACTED by the President and the National Assembly.

PART I - PRELIMINARY

Short title

1. This Act may be cited as the Political Parties (Registration and Regulation) (Amendment) Act, 2023.

SUPPLEMENT TO OFFICIAL GAZETTE

PART II - AMENDMENT TO THE POLITICAL PARTIES (REGISTRATION AND REGULATION) ACT

Amendment of section 26

- **2.** Section 26 of the Political Parties (Regulation and Registration Act), 1995 is repealed and substituted with the following
 - **"26.** A political party registered pursuant to section 3 shall be exempt from tax insofar as
 - (a) pursuant to Section 24(4D), its income relates to moneys received in the form of donations, gifts and membership subscriptions; and
 - (b) its income relates to moneys of the Fund established pursuant to section 27 of this Act."

PART III - CONSEQUENTIAL AMENDMENTS TO THE BUSINESS TAX ACT (CAP 20)

Amendment of section 15

- 3. Section 15 of the Business Tax Act, in this Part referred to as the "principal Act", is amended
 - (a) by deleting in subsection (1) the words "an amount is not allowed as a deduction if the amount" and replacing it with the words "For the purpose of determining what constitutes taxable income pursuant to section 10, the items in the following list shall be construed as non-deductibles"-; and
 - (b) by inserting after paragraph (j) the following new paragraph
 - "(k) a gift or donation, given to a political party registered pursuant to the Political Parties (Registration and Regulations) Act."

SUPPLEMENT TO OFFICIAL GAZETTE

Amendment of Second Schedule

- **4.** The Second Schedule to the principal Act is amended by inserting after item 24, the following new item
 - **"25.** Income accruing to a political party registered under the Political Parties (Registration and Regulation) Act obtained from
 - (a) the Political Parties Financial Support Fund established under Section 27 of the Political Parties (Registration and Regulation) Act;
 - (b) donations;
 - (c) gifts; and
 - (d) membership subscriptions.".

I certify that this is a correct copy of the Bill which was passed by the National Assembly on 12th December, 2023.

Mrs. Tania Isaac

Clerk to the National Assembly

SUPPLEMENT TO OFFICIAL GAZETTE

DATA PROTECTION ACT, 2023

(Act 24 of 2023)

ARRANGEMENT OF SECTIONS

PART I - PRELIMINARY

Sections

- 1. Short title
- 2. Interpretation
- 3. Application
- 4. Exemptions

PART II - INFORMATION COMMISSION

- 5. Information Commission
- 6. Powers and duties of Commission
- 7. Investigations and audits
- 8. Enforcement notice and corrective powers
- 9. Preliminary injunction
- 10. Disclosure
- 11. Liability
- 12. Powers and duties of Chief Executive Officer
- 13. Right of appeal
- 14. Cooperation

PART III - DATA PROTECTION

- 15. Processing personal data
- 16. Data retention
- 17. Data minimization
- 18. Data quality
- 19. Access, requests and correction of data
- 20. Data security and confidentiality
- 21. Accountability for data processing activities

PART IV - PROCESSING SPECIAL CATEGORIES OF PERSONAL DATA

- 22. Sensitive data
- 23. Data related to minors
- 24. Processing of personal data relating to offences and criminal conviction

SUPPLEMENT TO OFFICIAL GAZETTE

PART V - DATA SUBJECTS RIGHTS

- 25. Rights of data subjects
- 26. Right to be informed
- 27. Right to access data
- 28. Right of rectification or correction
- 29. Right to cancel or delete data
- 30. Right to object the processing of data for a specific purpose
- 31. Right to data portability
- 32. Right to compensation

PART VI - OBLIGATIONS OF DATA CONTROLLERS AND DATA PROCESSORS

- 33. Safe custody
- 34. Transparency
- 35. Privacy by design
- 36. Data processors
- 37. Records of processing activities
- 38. Logging
- 39. Blocking data
- 40. Data protection impact assessment
- 41. Prior consultation
- 42. Security of processing
- 43. Notification of a personal data breach to the Commission
- 44. Communication of a personal data breach to the data subject
- 45. Data protection officer
- 46. Tasks of data protection officer

PART VII - TRANSFER OF DATA TO THIRD PARTIES

47. Cross-border data flows

PART VIII - OFFENCES AND PENALTIES

- 48. Unlawful disclosure of personal data
- 49. Obstruction
- 50. Offence for which no penalty provided
- 51. General conditions for imposing administrative fines

SUPPLEMENT TO OFFICIAL GAZETTE

PART IX - MISCELLANEOUS

- Cooperation with other authorities 52.
- 53. Compliance audit
- 54. Regulations
- 55. Repeal of (Cap 57)56. Transitional Provisions

SUPPLEMENT TO OFFICIAL GAZETTE



DATA PROTECTION ACT, 2023

(Act 24 of 2023)



I assent

Wavel Ramkalawan President

19th December, 2023

AN ACT FOR THE PROTECTION OF INDIVIDUALS WITH REGARD TO THE PROCESSING OF PERSONAL DATA, TO RECOGNISE THE RIGHT TO PRIVACY ENVISAGED IN ARTICLE 20 OF THE CONSTITUTION, TO PROMOTE AND FACILITATE RESPONSIBLE AND TRANSPARENT FLOW OF INFORMATION BY PRIVATE AND PUBLIC ENTITIES AND TO PROVIDE FOR OTHER RELATED MATTERS.

ENACTED by the President and the National Assembly.

PART I - PRELIMINARY

Short title

1. This Act may be cited as the Data Protection Act, 2023.

SUPPLEMENT TO OFFICIAL GAZETTE

Interpretation

2. In this Act unless context otherwise requires —

"biometrics" means personal data resulting from specific technical processing relating to the physical, physiological or behavioral characteristics of a natural person, which allows or confirms the unique identification of that natural person;

"Chief Executive Officer" means the Chief Executive Officer appointed under section 41 of the Access to Information Act;

"Commission" means the Information Commission established under section 36 of the Access to Information Act;

"consent" means an informed, freely given and unambiguous agreement to the processing of personal information by a data subject;

"data controller" means an individual or legal entity which alone, or jointly with others, determines the purposes and means of processing personal data and has decision making power with respect to the processing;

"data processor" means any natural or legal person who processes personal data for or on behalf of a data controller;

"data protection impact assessment" means a tool to identify and assess privacy risks arising from the development life cycle of a program or system;

"data subject" means any natural person whose personal data is being collected, processed, stored or further distributed;

"designated officers" means officers or individuals tasked by the Commission to conduct an investigation or audit;

"genetics" means personal data relating to the inherited or acquired genetic characteristics of a natural person which give unique information about the physiology or the health of that SUPPLEMENT TO OFFICIAL GAZETTE

natural person and which result, in particular, from an analysis of a biological sample from the natural person in question;

"Minister" means the Minister responsible for information;

"personal data" means any information relating to an identified or identifiable natural person;

"processing" means an operation involving collection, recording, structuring or storage, adaptation or alteration, retrieval, consultation or use, disclosure by transmission, dissemination or otherwise making available, alignment or combination, or restriction, erasure or destruction;

"personal data breach" means an unauthorized access and retrieval of personal information by an individual, group of persons, or software system or a breach of security leading to the accidental or unlawful destruction, loss, alteration, unauthorised disclosure of or access to personal data transmitted, stored or otherwise processed;

"profiling" means automated processing of personal data consisting of the use of personal data to evaluate certain personal aspects relating to a natural person, and in particular to analyse or predict aspects concerning that natural person's performance at work, economic situation, health, preferences, interests, reliability, location or movements;

"sensitive personal data" means personal data related to the most private areas of the data subject's life, or whose misuse might lead to discrimination or involve a serious risk for the data subject;

"third party" means a natural or legal person, public authority, agency or body that is authorised to process personal data; and

"traffic data" means any computer data relating to a communication by means of a computer system generated by a computer system that formed a part in the chain of

SUPPLEMENT TO OFFICIAL GAZETTE

communication, indicating the communication's origin, destination, route, time, date, size, duration, or type of underlying service.

Application

3. This Act applies to the processing of data through automatic or semi-automatic means, and to the processing of data through non-automatic means within Seychelles, which data forms part of a filing system whether managed by a private or public data controller.

Exemptions

- **4.** This Act does not apply to
 - (a) the processing of personal data by relevant authorities in the course of a criminal investigation;
 - (b) matters that pertain to national security; or
 - (c) processing of personal data by a natural person for a personal activity.

PART II - INFORMATION COMMISSION

Information Commission

- **5.**(1) The Information Commission is the competent authority to enforce and implement this Act.
- (2) Any function of the Commission under this Act and under any regulations made under this Act may, to the extent authorised by the Commission, be performed by any officer of the Commission.
- (3) In order to implement this Act, the Commission shall appoint its own officers and staff who may be public servants, consultants or such other persons as the Commission may consider necessary.

Powers and duties of the Commission

6.(1) The Powers and duties of the Commission under this Act include, among others —

SUPPLEMENT TO OFFICIAL GAZETTE

- (a) enforcement of this Act and any related regulations;
- (b) promoting public awareness;
- (c) handling complaints from data subjects;
- (d) conducting investigations;
- (e) imposing fines; and
- (f) performing such other functions as may be conferred upon it under any other written law.
- (2) Notwithstanding the generality of subsection (1), the Commission shall
 - (a) issue and adopt rules and procedures, to allow it to exercise its functions under this Act, and amend such rules of procedures as appropriate;
 - (b) determine the nature, process and undertakings necessary to enable the Commission to discharge its mandate under this Act, including all work necessary for the promotion, monitoring and protection of personal data and the rights conferred under this Act;
 - (c) promote awareness of data controllers and data processors of their obligations under this Act;
 - (d) promote self-regulation among data controllers and data processors including encouraging the establishment of data protection certification mechanisms and of data protection seals and marks, approve the criteria of certification, and where applicable, carry out a periodic review of certifications issued;
 - (e) exercise control on all data processing operations, either of its own concurrence or at the request of a data subject, and verify whether the processing of data is done in accordance with this Act:

SUPPLEMENT TO OFFICIAL GAZETTE

- (f) promote public awareness, including to minors and the youth, on the risks, rules, safeguards and rights in relation to processing personal data, and in general to familiarise the general public with the provisions of this Act;
- (g) provide information to data subjects on the exercise of their rights and remedies under this Act;
- (h) advise other public institutions on measures and tools to protect personal data;
- (i) issue, on the Commission's own initiative or on request, opinions to the National Assembly or the Government, on any issue related to the protection of personal data;
- (j) undertake research and monitor relevant developments that can impact the protection of personal data, in particular the development of information and communication technologies and commercial practices;
- (k) examine any proposal for automated decision making or data linkage that may involve an interference with, or may otherwise have an adverse effect on the privacy of individuals, and ensure that any adverse effect of the proposal on the privacy of individuals is minimised;
- cooperate with supervisory authorities of other countries, to the extent necessary for the performance of its duties under this Act, in particular by exchanging relevant information in accordance with the laws and regulations of Seychelles;
- (3) The Commission shall in consultation with the relevant public and private sector stakeholders issue guidelines to further facilitate the implementation of this Act.

Investigations and audits

7.(1) The Commission has the powers of investigation and audit for complaints received from a person in relation to offences under this Act.

SUPPLEMENT TO OFFICIAL GAZETTE

- (2) The power of the Commission under subsection (1) includes the power to investigate complaints or information that an offence may have been, is being, or is about to be, committed under this Act.
- (3) In the performance of the duties under this section, the designated officers shall have the authority of a law enforcement agent.
- (4) For the purposes of an investigation under this section, the designated officers shall have the right to obtain the information needed to carry out their duties, and notify the data controller or data processor of the alleged infringement under this Act.
- (5) The right to obtain information under subsection (4) includes the right of the designated officers to issue an order to
 - (a) request the receipt or inspection of any required documentation or information, and examine those documents or information where they are located or where the data is processed;
 - (b) obtain a copy of any documents or information in a form that can be taken away and is visible and legible;
 - (c) inspect equipment, systems or a place used to process the data, documents or information, and request the running, processing or managing of any such systems or equipment to inspect how they are de *facto* used;
 - (d) whenever needed for the investigation, access the premises of an investigated party, either by having obtained prior consent by such party, or having obtained a court order;
 - (e) compel the attendance of a person at a specified time and place, for the purpose of being examined orally in relation to an investigation;
 - (f) a person to furnish a statement in writing made under oath, with all the information which may be required under the order;

SUPPLEMENT TO OFFICIAL GAZETTE

- (6) A person on whom an order has been served under this section shall comply with the order in the time given therein.
- (7) Any person who fails to comply with an order under this section, commits an offence and shall be liable to an administrative fine not exceeding SCR200,000.
- (8) Subject to this section, the Commission shall regulate the handling of complaints, investigations and conduct of hearings in such manner as the Commission may determine.
- (9) Where the Commission is unable to facilitate, within a reasonable time, the amicable resolution of the complaint by the parties concerned, the Commission shall make a decision in relation to the complaint and notify in writing the person who made the complaint of its decision.
- (10) The Commission shall plan pre-emptive audits of data processing in any given sector to assess compliance with this Act and implementing regulations.
- (11) If an investigation or audit is performed pursuant to a complaint, the Commission shall keep the complainant informed of the results of the investigation or audit.

Enforcement notice and corrective powers

- **8.**(1) If the Commission has information or receives a complaint that a data processor or data controller is contravening this Act, the Commission may, following an investigation or audit, serve that person with a written enforcement notice requiring him or her to take, within such time as is specified in the notice, such steps as are specified for securing compliance with this Act.
 - (2) An enforcement notice under subsection (1) shall
 - (a) contain a statement of the provision of this Act that has been, is being, or is likely to be or to have been contravened:

SUPPLEMENT TO OFFICIAL GAZETTE

- (b) specify the measures that shall be taken to remedy or eliminate the situation that may cause the contravention to arise;
- (c) specify a period which shall not be less than 21 days within which those measures shall be implemented; and
- (d) state that a right of appeal against the enforcement notice is available under section 13, and if such appeal is brought, such measure need not be taken pending the determination or withdrawal of the appeal.
- (3) If by reason of special circumstances the Commission considers that the steps required by an enforcement notice should be taken as a matter of urgency, the Commission may include a statement to that effect in the notice, and, in that event, subsection (2) (c) shall not apply.
- (4) On complying with an enforcement notice, the relevant data controller or data processor, shall, not later than 21 days after compliance, notify
 - (a) the data subject concerned; and
 - (b) where such compliance materially modifies the data concerned, any person to whom the data was disclosed during the period beginning 12 months before the date of the service of the notice and ending immediately before compliance, of any amendment.
- (5) The Commission may vary the notice and, where this is done, the Commission shall give written notice to the person on whom the notice was served.
- (6) The Commission may cancel an enforcement notice by written notification to the person on whom it was served, providing the reasons for the cancellation of the enforcement notice.
- (7) Any person who fails to comply with an enforcement notice commits an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding level 5 on the Standard Scale.

SUPPLEMENT TO OFFICIAL GAZETTE

- (8) In addition to the powers of the Commission, the Commission shall have the power to
 - (a) issue reprimands to a data controller or data processor where processing operations have infringed provisions of this Act;
 - (b) order the data controller or data processor to comply with the data subject's requests to exercise his or her rights under this Act;
 - (c) order the data controller to communicate a personal data breach to the data subject;
 - (d) impose a temporary or definitive limitation including a ban on processing;
 - (e) order the rectification or erasure of personal data or restriction of processing and the notification of such actions to recipients to whom the personal data have been disclosed;
 - (f) impose an administrative fine in addition to, or instead of measures referred to in this section, depending on the circumstances of each individual case;
 - (g) order the suspension of data flows to a recipient in another country or to an international organization.

Preliminary injunction

- **9.**(1) The Commission may apply to a court for a preliminary injunction to preserve data, including traffic data, where the Commission has reasonable ground to believe that the data is vulnerable to loss or modification.
- (2) Where the court is satisfied that a preliminary injunction may be made under subsection (1), the court shall issue the injunction specifying a period for preservation, which shall not be more than 90 days during which the order shall remain in force.

SUPPLEMENT TO OFFICIAL GAZETTE

(3) The court may, on application by the Commission, extend the 90 day period by such period as the Commission thinks fit.

Disclosure

- **10.**(1) The Commission and every person acting on behalf or under the direction of the Commission shall be bound by the duty of secrecy and shall not disclose any confidential information that comes to their knowledge in the performance of their duties and functions under this Act, neither during nor after their term in office.
- (2) The Commission may disclose or may authorise any person acting on behalf or under the direction of the Commission to disclose information
 - (a) that, in the opinion of the Commission, is necessary to
 - (i) carry out an investigation under this Act;
 - (ii) establish the grounds for findings and recommendations contained in any report under this Act; or
 - (b) in the course of a prosecution for an offence under this Act, or an appeal from a review of a court.

Liability

11. No criminal or civil proceedings shall be pursued against the Commission, or against any person acting on behalf or under the direction of the Commission for anything done, reported or said in good faith in the course of the exercise or performance of any power, duty or function of the Commission under this Act.

Powers and duties of the Chief Executive Officer

- **12.**(1) Subject to the direction, control and supervision of the Commission, the Chief Executive Officer shall
 - (a) keep internal records and publicise infringements and measures taken under this Act;

SUPPLEMENT TO OFFICIAL GAZETTE

- (b) fulfil any other tasks related to the protection of personal data under this Act; and
- (c) commence or engage in legal proceedings in order to enforce the provisions of this Act.
- (2) The Chief Executive Officer shall produce an annual general report on the Commission's activities regarding data protection, and shall present the report to the National Assembly and publish it in the Gazette.
- (3) The Chief Executive Officer may produce other reports relating to the Commission's functions and present them to the National Assembly.

Right of appeal

13. Any person aggrieved by a decision, order or notice of the Commission under this Act may, within 21 working days from the date when the decision, order or notice is served to that person, appeal to the Supreme Court.

Cooperation

14. The Commission has the right to obtain, on request, assistance from public bodies, natural or legal persons for performing its tasks, including the right to obtain data, reports, and any other documentation needed to perform its duties under this Act.

PART III - DATA PROTECTION

Processing personal data

- **15.**(1) Every data controller and data processor shall adhere to the principles under this Act for processing data quality, purpose limitation, use and further disclosure limitation, transparency, data subject's participation, proportionality and accountability.
 - (2) Personal data shall be processed if
 - (a) the data subject has provided consent for the processing of such data;

SUPPLEMENT TO OFFICIAL GAZETTE

- (b) it is necessary for the performance of contractual obligations between the data controller and the data subject;
- (c) a specific law requires the processing of personal data by the data controller to comply with its provisions;
- (d) it is necessary to protect vital interests of the data subject or of another natural person;
- (e) it is conducted in the context of the public interest and a legal framework in support of such public interest;
- (f) processing of personal data responds to the legitimate interests of the data controller or a third party;
- (g) processing is necessary for the administration of justice, or public function in a state of emergency when the processing is conducted for the benefit of the data subject.
- (3) Where consent is required for the processing of personal data, consent shall be obtained in an informed, free and explicit manner.
- (4) Data controllers shall develop policies, procedures and processes that enable the data subject to provide consent in an intelligible and user-friendly manner, and systems developed by the data controllers shall be designed in such manner as to allow consent to be given under this section.
- (5) When combining data from different sources data controllers shall develop a layered approach to consent, allowing data subjects to choose between categories of data to be processed and the data controllers based on the specific purposes for data processing.
- (6) The layered approach in subsection (5) shall not apply under the following circumstances
 - (a) when limiting data items can affect the purpose of the processing or impede such processing; or
 - (b) when categories of information are complementary to each

SUPPLEMENT TO OFFICIAL GAZETTE

other and contribute to the quality of the data being processed.

- (7) Data controllers shall provide data subjects all necessary information regarding the processing to allow the data subjects to make an informed decision.
- (8) Data subjects may withdraw their consent for data processing at any time in a manner prescribed.
- (9) Data controllers shall be able to provide evidence of a data subject's consent to processing his or her data.
- (10) For credit reporting systems, the credit information laws for the time in force shall regulate the specific circumstances for the giving of consent.
- (11) Data controllers shall not, as a condition of the supply of a product or service, require a data subject to consent to the processing of personal data beyond what is required to fulfil the specified and legal purposes.
- (12) Where consent is not required for processing personal data, a data controller shall still provide sufficient information to a data subject regarding the processing of the data.
- (13) When data is not obtained directly from the data subject, a data controller shall inform the data subject about the processing of data by a third party.
- (14) In certain circumstances personal information may be collected, used, or disclosed without the knowledge and consent of the individual for protecting vital interests of the data subject or another individual.
- (15) When data is not obtained from the data subject, such data shall remain confidential in compliance with the law.

Data retention

16.(1) Personal data shall be stored for the necessary period to meet the

SUPPLEMENT TO OFFICIAL GAZETTE

purpose of data processing and after such period the data shall be anonymised, archived and if necessary erased from the database.

- (2) Data controllers shall adopt procedures, mechanisms and processes to ensure that data remains anonymous once the retention period has elapsed, using techniques such as data masking, pseudonymization, encryption or removal of personal identifiable information among others.
- (3) Further retention of personal data shall be lawful where it is necessary for exercising the right of freedom of expression and information, for compliance with a legal obligation, for the performance of a task carried out in the public interest or in the exercise of official authority vested in the data controller, or on the grounds of public interest in the area of public health, for archiving purposes in the public interest, for scientific or historical research purposes or statistical purposes or for the establishment or exercise or defence of legal claims.
- (4) The Minister may make regulations related to specific data retention periods for different types of purposes in compliance with other laws of Seychelles.

Data minimisation

- **17.**(1) Personal data processed shall be kept to the minimum necessary to meet the purposes specified by the data controller.
- (2) Every data controller shall disclose the specific purpose or purposes for data processing that shall be compatible with the purposes of disclosure to third parties, unless additional legal basis for such disclosure is established.

Data quality

- **18.**(1) Personal data shall be processed free of error, complete and up to date.
- (2) Personal data may be collected, used and disclosed only for purposes
 - (a) that are specific and appropriate in the circumstances;

SUPPLEMENT TO OFFICIAL GAZETTE

- (b) that the individual has been informed of under section 15.
- (3) Data controllers processing personal data shall adequately inform data subjects of
 - (a) the purposes for the collection of information;
 - (b) the name of the organisation and the procedures to follow to exercise any rights established under section 15.

Access, requests and correction of data

19. Data subjects shall have the right to access, request correction or deletion of data, block access to their data and oppose the usage of their data for specific purposes and request data controllers to permit usage of their data to a third party.

Data security and confidentiality

- **20.**(1) Data controllers and data processors shall implement technical, organisational and physical measures to manage security risks arising from the processing of personal data.
- (2) Personal data processed under this Act shall be confidential and shall not be disclosed in any manner that contravenes this Act.
- (3) The Minister may make regulations setting specific security standards that need to be adhered to under this section.

Accountability for data processing activities

- **21.**(1) Data controllers and data processors are responsible for the processing of personal data and shall be accountable for the data processing activities.
- (2) For the purposes of subsection (1), data controllers and data processors shall implement measures that guarantee data protection and adoption of privacy through design and security measures.
- (3) Data controllers shall maintain appropriate documentation and record keeping for all the data processing of related activities as well as

SUPPLEMENT TO OFFICIAL GAZETTE

formalising contractual arrangements with data processors and third parties providing outsourcing services that require access or processing personal data

PART IV - PROCESSING SPECIAL CATEGORIES OF PERSONAL DATA

Sensitive data

- **22.**(1) Processing of personal data relating to race, ethnic origin, biometrics, genetics, political opinions, religious or philosophical beliefs or for the purpose of identifying a person's health or sex life is prohibited.
 - (2) Subsection (1) shall not apply where
 - (a) the data subject has given explicit consent to the processing of that personal data for one or more specified purposes, unless the law otherwise provides that the prohibition under that subsection may not be lifted by the data subject;
 - (b) processing is necessary for the purposes of carrying out the obligations and exercising specific rights of the data controller or of the data subject in the field of employment and social security and social protection law;
 - (c) processing is necessary to protect the vital interests of the data subject or of another natural person where the data subject is physically or legally incapable of giving consent;
 - (d) processing is carried out in the course of its legitimate activities with appropriate safeguards by a foundation, association or any other not-for-profit body and on condition that the processing relates solely to the members or to former members of the body or to persons who have regular contact with it in connection with its purposes and that the personal data is not disclosed outside that body without the consent of the data subject;
 - (e) processing relates to personal data which is manifestly made public by the data subject;

SUPPLEMENT TO OFFICIAL GAZETTE

- (f) processing is necessary for the establishment, exercise or defence of legal claims or whenever courts request it, acting in their judicial capacity;
- (g) processing is necessary for reasons of substantial public interest, on the basis of Seychelles law;
- (h) processing is necessary for the purposes of medical diagnosis, preventive or occupational medicine, for the assessment of the working capacity of the employee, the provision of health or social care or treatment, or the management of health or social care systems and services;
- (i) processing is necessary for reasons of public interest in the area of public health, to protect against cross-border threats to health or to ensure high standards of quality and safety of health care and of medicinal products or medical devices;
- (j) processing is necessary for archiving purposes in the public interest, scientific or historical research purposes or statistical purposes; or
- (k) processing is necessary to cover data relating to misconduct or inadequate behavior.

Data related to minors

- **23.**(1) No person shall process the personal data of a child below the age of 18 years unless consent is given by the child's parent or legal guardian.
- (2) In accordance with subsection (1), the data controller shall obtain consent from the parents or legal guardians or verify that consent has been given in the case of data obtained from third parties, taking into account available technology.

Processing of personal data relating to offences and criminal convictions

24. Processing of personal data relating to criminal convictions and offences or related security measures based on the principles for lawful

SUPPLEMENT TO OFFICIAL GAZETTE

processing under this Act shall be carried out only under the control of official authority or when the processing is authorised by law providing for appropriate safeguards for the rights and freedoms of a data subject.

PART V - DATA SUBJECT'S RIGHTS

Rights of data subject

- **25.**(1) Rights of a data subject may be exercised personally or through a legal or voluntary representative.
- (2) A holder of parental or custodian authority may exercise on behalf of a minor or a person with mental disabilities the rights of access, rectification, deletion, blocking, opposition, data portability or any other rights that may apply under this Act.
- (3) A data controller shall ensure that any information that is required under this Part to be provided to the data subject is provided in intelligible and easily accessible form, using clear and plain language.
- (4) Information required under this Part to be provided may be provided in any form, including electronic form.
- (5) Where information is provided in response to a request by the data subject, the data controller shall provide the information in the same form or such form or manner as the information was provided if it is practicable to do so.
- (6) Where information is provided in response to a data portability request, the data controller shall enable its Application Programming Interface (API) to be accessed by a third party.
- (7) Where the data controller has reasonable doubts about the identity of an individual making a request under subsection (3), (4) or (5), the data controller may
 - (a) request the provision of additional information to enable the data controller to confirm the identity; or
 - (b) delay dealing with the request until the identity is confirmed.

SUPPLEMENT TO OFFICIAL GAZETTE

- (8) Any information that is required under this Part to be provided to the data subject shall be provided free of charge, unless a request from a data subject is manifestly unfounded or excessive.
- (9) Where a data subject request is considered unfounded or excessive, the data controller may charge a reasonable fee for dealing with the request, or refuse to act on the request.
- (10) The data controller shall facilitate the data subject to exercise his or her rights both in person and through remote access, and shall implement such safeguards as may be necessary to protect data from unauthorized access, use and disclosure as well as effectively identifying the legitimate data subject.
- (11) The data subject shall have the right to lodge a complaint with the Commission if he or she considers that the processing of personal data relating to him or her is being or has been conducted in contravention of this Act.
- (12) The data subject may in addition to subsection (11) lodge a complaint to the Commission in a case where the data subject considers that his or her rights have not been sufficiently responded to.
- (13) The Commission shall inform the complainant on the progress and the outcome of the complaint including the possibility of a judicial remedy.
- (14) The Minister may make regulations prescribing any matters regarding the data subject's rights under this Part, including limits to fees, timelines and such other matters as the Minister may consider necessary.

Right to be informed

- **26.**(1) The data controller shall, for the purpose of enabling the exercise of a data subject's rights under this Part, give the data subject the following
 - (a) information about the legal basis for the processing;
 - (b) information about the period for which the personal data will be stored or, where that is not possible, about the criteria used to determine that period;

SUPPLEMENT TO OFFICIAL GAZETTE

- (c) where applicable, information about the categories of recipients of the personal data, including recipients in other countries or international organisations;
- (d) such further information as may be necessary to enable the exercise of the data subject's rights under this Part.

Right to access data

- 27.(1) A data subject shall have the right to obtain from a data controller
 - (a) confirmation whether the data controller is processing the data subject's personal information;
 - (b) communication of the personal data undergoing processing and of any available information as to its origin;
 - (c) the recipients or categories of recipients to whom the personal data has been disclosed, including recipients or categories of recipients in third countries or international organisations;
 - (d) a list of data recipients that accessed the data in the past 6 months since the date of the request;
 - (e) the purposes for such data processing;
 - (f) the purposes of and legal basis for the processing;
 - (g) the categories of personal data concerned;
 - (h) the period for which it is envisaged that the personal data will be stored or, where that is not possible, the criteria used to determine that period.
- (2) A data subject shall have the right to obtain the following from the data controller
 - (a) rectification or correction of personal data, cancellation,

SUPPLEMENT TO OFFICIAL GAZETTE

deletion or erasure of personal data or the restriction of its processing;

- (b) objection to further processing of data and circumstances under which such objection is legitimate;
- (c) portability of data and mechanisms to request such access by a third party;
- (d) the existence of the data subject's right to lodge a complaint with the Commission and the contact details of the Information Commission.
- (3) The data controller may restrict, wholly or partly, the provision of information to the data subject under subsection (1) to the extent that and for so long as the restriction is in place, having regard to the rights and legitimate interests of the data subject, a necessary and proportionate measure to
 - (a) avoid obstructing an official or legal inquiry, investigation or procedure;
 - (b) avoid prejudicing the prevention, detection, investigation or prosecution of criminal offences or the execution of criminal penalties;
 - (c) protect public security;
 - (d) protect national security;
 - (e) protect the rights and freedoms of others.
- (4) Where the provision of information to a data subject under subsection (1) is restricted, wholly or partly, the data controller shall inform the data subject in writing without undue delay
 - (a) that the provision of information has been restricted;
 - (b) of the reasons for the restriction;

SUPPLEMENT TO OFFICIAL GAZETTE

- (c) of the data subject's right to make a request to the Commission;
- (d) of the data subject's right to lodge a complaint with the Commission; and
- (e) of the data subject's right to appeal to a court under section 13.
- (5) The data subject may request the Commission to verify and confirm that the restriction imposed by the data controller is lawful.

Right of rectification or correction

- **28.**(1) The data subject shall have the right to request correction of data in cases where the data processed is inaccurate, incomplete or not up to date.
- (2) The data controller shall evaluate the request and if there is disagreement with the request, the data controller shall justify the rejection for such correction and inform the data subject accordingly.
- (3) If the data subject is not satisfied with the justification provided by the data controller in relation to the correction, the data subject may file a complaint to the Commission.
- (4) When the data is corrected, the data controller shall inform the data subject about the correction and all other users that accessed such data in the previous 6 months since the correction request was received by the data controller.

Right to cancel or delete data

- **29.**(1) The data controller shall immediately delete personal data where
 - (a) the processing of the personal data would infringe sections 26, 27, or 28;
 - (b) the data controller has a legal obligation to delete the data;

SUPPLEMENT TO OFFICIAL GAZETTE

- (2) Where the data controller would otherwise be required to erase personal data under subsection (1) but the personal data must be maintained for evidence, the data controller shall restrict its processing.
- (3) Where a data subject contests the accuracy of personal data but it is not possible to ascertain whether it is accurate or not, the data controller shall restrict its processing.
- (4) The data controller shall delete personal data or restrict its processing based on the provisions of this Act whether or not the data subject makes a request.

Right to object the processing of data for a specific purpose

- **30.**(1) The data subject shall have the right to restrict or prevent the processing of personal data by a data controller when processing
 - (a) has served its purpose and data processing is no longer necessary;
 - (b) is conducted on the basis of a legal ground that is no longer in force; or
 - (c) is made contrary to the provisions of the law.
- (2) The Minister may, in consultation with the Commission, make such regulations as the Minister considers appropriate to provide suitable measures to safeguard a data subject's rights, freedoms and legitimate interests in connection with the taking of qualifying significant decisions based solely on automated processing.

Right to data portability

- **31.**(1) The data subject shall have the right to
 - (a) request the data controller to allow the data subject access to personal data in a structured, machine-readable and interoperable format; or
 - (b) transfer personal data from one data controller to another data controller.

SUPPLEMENT TO OFFICIAL GAZETTE

- (2) When designing systems involving processing of personal data, the data controller shall do so in a manner that enables the data subject to exercise data portability rights.
- (3) The Commission shall provide guidance related to the scope of personal data to be requested by the data subject, the security measures required to the infrastructure enabling the data portability and interoperability of formats.
- (4) The Commission shall in addition approve the consent mechanism and features for data portability scenarios.

Right to compensation

- **32.**(1) Any person who suffers material or non-material damage as a result of a contravention of this Act has a right to compensation from the data controller or data processor for the damage suffered.
- (2) A data controller who is involved in processing shall be liable for the damage caused by processing which contravenes this Act, but a data processor shall be liable for the damage caused by processing where the data processor has not complied with the obligations of this Act specifically directed to data processors or where the data processor has acted outside or contrary to lawful instructions of the data controller.
- (3) A data controller or data processor shall be exempt from liability under subsection (2) if it proves that it is not in any way responsible for the event giving rise to the damage.
- (4) Where more than one data controller or data processor, or both a data controller and a data processor are involved in the same processing, and where they are under subsections (2) and (3) responsible for any damage caused by processing, each data controller or data processor shall be liable for the entire damage and compensation to the data subject.
- (5) Where a data controller or data processor has, in accordance with subsection (4) paid compensation for damage suffered by a data subject, that data controller or data processor shall be entitled to claim from the other data controllers or data processors involved in the same processing, that portion

SUPPLEMENT TO OFFICIAL GAZETTE

of the compensation which corresponds to their part of responsibility for the damage in accordance with the conditions under subsection (2).

(6) Court proceedings for exercising the right to receive compensation under this section shall be brought before the competent courts under the laws of Seychelles.

PART VI - OBLIGATIONS OF DATA CONTROLLERS AND DATA PROCESSORS

Safe custody

- **33.**(1) A data controller is responsible for personal data in its possession or under its control.
- (2) A data controller shall designate one or more individuals to be responsible for ensuring that the data controller complies with this Act.
- (3) A person designated under subsection (2) shall not delegate to any other person the responsibility conferred by that designation.
- (4) A data controller shall make available to the public the business contact information of at least one of the individuals designated under subsection (2).

Transparency

- **34.**(1) A data controller and data processor shall make publicly and persistently available, in a clear and readily accessible manner, all the information in their custody, and shall develop a privacy policy that provides a detailed and accurate representation of the entity's data processing and data transfer activities.
 - (2) The policy developed under subsection (1) shall include
 - (a) the type of information being collected, processed and transferred;
 - (b) the identity and contact information of the data controller;
 - (c) categories of data and purposes of such data collection and further processing;

SUPPLEMENT TO OFFICIAL GAZETTE

- (d) security measures;
- (e) manner to exercise rights; and
- (f) data retention policies.

Privacy by design

- **35.**(1) A data controller shall, at the time of the determination of the means of processing the data, and at the time of the processing itself, implement appropriate technical and organisational measures which are designed to
 - (a) implement the data protection principles in an effective manner; and
 - (b) integrate into the processing itself the safeguards necessary for that purpose.
- (2) In order to implement such measures, the data controller shall take into account the technology available, the cost of implementation and the nature, scope, context and purposes of processing, as well as the likelihood and severity of risks posed by the processing to rights and freedoms of natural persons and in particular, in taking such measures, the data controller shall take into account whether
 - (a) the processing can lead to harm to the data subject;
 - (b) the processing can affect the rights and freedom of the data subject, or prevent him or her from exercising his or her rights on his or her personal data;
 - (c) the processing implies an evaluation of personal data with the goal to build a profile on the data subject;
 - (d) the processing involves the processing of data on vulnerable groups, such as minors or persons with disabilities, or the processing of special categories of data;
 - (e) the processing involves a large number of personal data or a large number of data subjects.

SUPPLEMENT TO OFFICIAL GAZETTE

- (3) Each data controller shall implement appropriate technical and organisational measures for ensuring that, by default, only personal data which is necessary for each specific purpose of the processing is processed, and this obligation applies to
 - (a) the amount of personal data collected;
 - (b) the extent of its processing;
 - (c) the period of its storage; and
 - (d) its accessibility.
- (4) In particular, the measures implemented to comply with the duty under subsection (1) shall ensure that, by default, personal data is not made accessible to an indefinite number of people without a data subject's intervention.
- (5) Where two or more data controllers jointly determine the purposes and means of processing data under this Act, they shall be known as joint data controllers.
- (6) The joint data controllers shall in a transparent manner determine their respective responsibilities for compliance with their obligations under this Act, in particular regarding the exercise of the rights of a data subject.

Data processors

- **36.**(1) A data controller may use only a data processor who provides guarantees to implement appropriate technical and organisational measures that are sufficient to secure that the processing shall meet the requirements of this Part and ensure the protection of the rights of the data subject.
- (2) The data processor used by a data controller shall not engage another data processor without the prior written authorisation of the data controller.
- (3) Where a data controller gives a general written authorisation to a data processor, the data processor shall inform the data controller if the data processor proposes to add to the number of other data processors engaged by

SUPPLEMENT TO OFFICIAL GAZETTE

it or to replace any of them, to afford the data controller an opportunity to object to the proposal if the data controller wishes to.

- (4) The processing by a data processor shall be governed by a contract in writing between the data controller and the data processor setting out the following
 - (a) the subject-matter and duration of the processing;
 - (b) the nature and purpose of the processing;
 - (c) the type of personal data and categories of data subjects involved; and
 - (d) the obligations and rights of the data controller and data processor.
- (5) The contract shall, in particular, provide that the data processor shall
 - (a) act only on instructions from the data controller;
 - (b) ensure that the persons authorised to process personal data are subject to an appropriate duty of confidentiality;
 - (c) assist the data controller to ensure compliance with the rights of the data subject;
 - (d) at the end of the provision of services by the data processor to the data controller
 - (i) delete or return to the data controller (at the choice of the data controller) the personal data to which the services relate, and
 - (ii) delete copies of the personal data unless subject to a legal obligation to store the copies;
 - (e) make available to the data controller all the information necessary to demonstrate compliance with this section; and

SUPPLEMENT TO OFFICIAL GAZETTE

- (f) comply with the requirements of this section for engaging another data processors.
- (6) The terms included in the contract shall provide that the data processor may transfer personal data to a third country or international organisation only if instructed by the data controller to make the particular transfer
- (7) If a data processor determines, in breach of this Part, the purposes and means of processing, the data processor is to be treated for the purposes of this Part as a data controller in respect of that processing.
- (8) A data processor shall be considered a data controller if the data processor interacts with the data subject in his or her own name, without disclosing that he or she is acting on behalf of a data controller, even if there is a contract complying with this Part that designates him or her as a data processor.
- (9) A data processor, and any person acting under the authority of a data controller or data processor, who has access to personal data may not process the data except on instructions from the data controller, or to comply with a legal obligation.
- (10) A data processor may keep the personal data blocked, in a manner specified under section 39, during the period in which he or she may still be liable following his or her relationship with the data controller.

Records of processing activities

- **37.**(1) Each data controller shall maintain a record of all processing activities for which the data controller is responsible.
- (2) When the data controller or the data processor have designated a data protection officer, they shall inform the officer of any modification, addition or exclusion to the record.
- (3) The data controller's record shall contain the following information
 - (a) the name and contact details of the data controller;

SUPPLEMENT TO OFFICIAL GAZETTE

- (b) where applicable, the name and contact details of the joint data controller;
- (c) where applicable, the name and contact details of the data protection officer;
- (d) the purposes of the processing;
- the categories of recipients to whom personal data has been or will be disclosed, including recipients in third countries or international organizations;
- (f) a description of the categories of the data subject, and personal data;
- (g) where applicable, details of the use of profiling;
- (h) where applicable, the categories of transfers of personal data to a third country or an international organisation;
- (i) an indication of the legal basis for the processing operations, including transfers, for which the personal data is intended;
- (j) where possible, the envisaged time limits for erasure of the different categories of personal data;
- (k) where possible, a general description of the technical and organisational security measures referred to in section 35.
- (4) Each data processor shall maintain a record of all processing activities carried out on behalf of a data controller.
- (5) The data processor's record shall contain the following information
 - (a) the name and contact details of the data processor and of any other another data processors engaged by the data processor in accordance with this section;

SUPPLEMENT TO OFFICIAL GAZETTE

- (b) the name and contact details of the data controller on behalf of which the data processor is acting;
- (c) where applicable, the name and contact details of the data protection officer;
- (d) the processing activities carried out on behalf of the data controller;
- (e) where applicable, details of transfers of personal data to a third country or an international organisation where explicitly instructed to do so by the data controller, including the identification of that third country or international organisation;
- (f) where possible, a general description of the technical and organizational security measures referred to in section 37.
- (6) The data controller and the data processor shall make the record kept under this section available to the Commission upon request.

Logging

- **38.**(1) A data controller or, where personal data is processed on behalf of the data controller by a data processor, the data processor, shall keep logs for all processing operations.
- (2) The logs of consultation shall make it possible to establish the justification for, and the date and time of, the consultation and as far as possible, the identity of the person who consulted the data.
- (3) The logs of disclosure shall make it possible to establish the justification for, and date and time of the disclosure and, as far as possible, the identity of the person who disclosed the data and the identity of the recipients of the data.
- (4) The logs kept under subsection (1) may be used only for one or more of the following purposes
 - (a) to verify the lawfulness of processing;

SUPPLEMENT TO OFFICIAL GAZETTE

- (b) to assist with self-monitoring by the data controller or the data processor, including the conduct of internal disciplinary proceedings;
- (c) to ensure the integrity and security of personal data;
- (d) for the purposes of criminal proceedings.
- (5) The data controller or the data processor shall make the logs available to the Commission upon request.

Blocking data

- **39.**(1) The data controller shall block access to data when the data becomes subject to rectification or erasure.
- (2) The data controller shall block such data following the principles established in Part III, including by
 - (a) adopting such technical and organisational measures that allow him or her to comply with the principles; and
 - (b) developing mechanisms to allow the data subjects to effectively exercise their rights under Part V.

Data protection impact assessment

- **40.**(1) Where a type of processing is likely to result in a high risk to the rights and freedoms of any individual, the data controller shall, prior to the processing, carry out a data protection impact assessment and a single assessment may address a set of similar processing operations that present similar high risks.
 - (2) An assessment is required when
 - (a) a systematic and extensive evaluation of personal aspects relating to individuals which is based on automated processing, including profiling, and on which decisions are based that produce legal effects concerning the individual or significantly affect the individual;

SUPPLEMENT TO OFFICIAL GAZETTE

- (b) processing on a large scale of special categories of data referred to under section 23;
- (c) there is a systematic monitoring of a publicly accessible area on a large scale;
- (d) there exist any other circumstances as specified by the Commission in the implementation of this Act.
- (3) A data protection impact assessment shall include the following
 - (a) a general description of the envisaged processing operations, their purpose, and legitimate interest pursued by the data processor;
 - (b) an assessment of the risks to the rights and freedoms of the data subjects;
 - (c) the measures envisaged to address those risks; and
 - (d) safeguards, security measures and mechanisms to ensure the protection of personal data and to demonstrate compliance with this section, taking into account the rights and legitimate interests of the data subjects and other persons concerned.
- (4) In deciding whether a type of processing is likely to result in a high risk to the rights and freedoms of any individual, the data controller shall take into account the nature, scope, context and purposes of the processing.

Prior consultation

- **41.**(1) This section applies where a data controller intends to create a filing system and process personal data forming part of it.
- (2) The data controller shall consult the Commission prior to the processing if a data protection impact assessment prepared under section 41 indicates that the processing of the data may result in a high risk to the rights and freedoms of individuals.

SUPPLEMENT TO OFFICIAL GAZETTE

- (3) Where the data controller is required to consult the Commission under subsection (2), the data controller shall give the Commission the data protection impact assessment prepared under section 41, and any other information requested by the Commission to enable the Commission to make an assessment of the compliance of the processing with the requirements of this Part.
- (4) Where the Commission is of the opinion that the intended processing referred to in subsection (1) would infringe upon a provision of this Part, the Commission shall leverage the powers conferred by this Act, and shall provide written advice to the data controller and, where the data controller is using a data processor, to the data processor.
- (5) The written advice provided under subsection (4) shall be made before the end of a period of 6 weeks beginning with the receipt of the request for consultation by the data controller or the data processor.
- (6) The Commission may extend the period of 6 weeks under subsection (5) by a further period of 1 month, taking into account the complexity of the intended processing.
- (7) If the Commission extends the period under subsection (6), the Commission shall inform the data controller and, where applicable, the data processor, of any such extension before the end of the period of 1 month beginning with the receipt of the request for consultation, and provide reasons for the delay.

Security of processing

- **42.**(1) The data controller and data processor shall implement appropriate technical and organizational measures to ensure a level of security appropriate to the risks arising from the processing of personal data, including
 - (a) the pseudonymization and encryption of personal data;
 - (b) the ability to ensure the ongoing confidentiality, integrity, availability and resilience of processing systems and services:

SUPPLEMENT TO OFFICIAL GAZETTE

- (c) the ability to restore the availability and access to personal data in a timely manner in the event of a physical or technical incident; and
- (d) a process for regularly testing, assessing and evaluating the effectiveness of technical and organisational measures for ensuring the security of the processing.
- (2) In order to implement the measures under subsection (1), the data controller and data processor shall take into account the latest technology available, the costs of implementation and the nature, scope, context and purpose of processing as well as the risk of varying likelihood and severity for the rights of the data subject.
- (3) In assessing the appropriate level of security, the data controller and data processor shall take into account the risks that are presented by processing, in particular from accidental or unlawful destruction, loss, alteration, unauthorised disclosure of, or access to personal data, transmitted, stored or otherwise processed.
- (4) The data controller and data processor shall implement measures designed to
 - (a) prevent unauthorised processing or unauthorised interference with the systems used in connection with it to ensure that it is possible to establish the precise details of any processing that takes place;
 - (b) ensure that any systems used in connection with the processing function properly and may, in the case of interruption, be restored at the minimum timeframe possible, and in any case not exceeding 72 hours; and
 - (c) prevent data corruption in case a system used in connection with the processing malfunctions or suffers a cyber vulnerability.
 - (5) The data controller and data processor shall take steps to ensure

SUPPLEMENT TO OFFICIAL GAZETTE

that any natural person who has authorised access to personal data under their control shall ensure that such data is processed in a diligent manner for the purposes specified by the data controller.

Notification of a personal data breach to the Commission

- **43.**(1) In the case of a personal data breach, the data controller shall not later than 72 hours after having become aware of it, notify the Commission of the personal data breach, and where the notification to the Commission is not made within 72 hours, the notification shall be accompanied by reasons for the delay.
 - (2) A data breach notification shall include
 - (a) a description of the nature of the personal data breach, including where possible the categories and approximate number of data subjects concerned and the categories and approximate number of personal data records concerned;
 - (b) the name and contact details of the data protection officer or other contact point from whom more information may be obtained;
 - (c) a description of the likely consequences of the personal data breach; and
 - (d) a description of the measures taken or proposed to be taken by the data controller to address the personal data breach, including where appropriate measures to mitigate its possible adverse effects.
- (3) The data controller shall record the information on a personal data breach in a manner that enables the investigation process to be initiated, including the facts relating to the breach, its effects, and the remedial action taken.
- (4) The data controller and data processor shall collaborate with the Commission and other relevant authorities to investigate any data breach.

SUPPLEMENT TO OFFICIAL GAZETTE

Communication of a personal data breach to the data subject

- **44.**(1) Where a data breach is likely to affect a significant number of individuals and their rights and freedoms, the data controller shall promptly inform the data subject of the breach.
- (2) The information given to the data subject under subsection (1) shall include
 - (a) a description of the nature of the breach;
 - (b) the name and contact details of the data protection officer or other contact point from whom more information may be obtained;
 - (c) a description of the likely consequences of the personal data breach;
 - (d) a description of the measures taken or proposed to be taken by the data controller to address the personal data breach, including, where appropriate, measures to mitigate its possible adverse effects.
 - (3) The duty under subsection (1) does not apply where
 - (a) the data controller has implemented appropriate technological and organisational protection measures which were applied to the personal data affected by the breach;
 - (b) the data controller has taken subsequent measures which ensure that the risk to the rights and freedoms of the data subject referred to in subsection (1) is no longer likely to materialise; or
 - (c) it would involve a disproportionate effort and the data controller has made a public communication or taken a similar measure where the data subject is informed in an equally effective manner.

SUPPLEMENT TO OFFICIAL GAZETTE

(4) Where the data controller has not already communicated the personal data breach to the data subject, the Commission may, after having considered the likelihood of the personal data breach resulting in a high risk, require it to do so.

Data protection officer

- **45.**(1) The data controller shall designate a data protection officer when
 - (a) the core activities of the data controller or the data processor consist of processing operations which, by virtue of their nature, their scope or their purposes, require regular and systematic monitoring of the data subjects on a large scale; or
 - (b) the core activities of the data controller or the data processor consist of processing on a large scale of special categories of data under Part IV.
- (2) For other activities not falling under subsection (1), the data controller may designate a data protection officer, who shall be subject to the same regime as those data protection officers designated under subsection (1).
- (3) When designating a data protection officer, the data controller shall have regard to the professional qualities of the proposed officer, in particular the proposed officer's expert knowledge of data protection law and practice, and the ability of the proposed officer to perform the tasks under section 47.
- (4) For the avoidance of any doubt the same person may be designated as a data protection officer by several data controllers, taking into account their organisational structure and size.

Tasks of the data protection officer

46.(1) The data protection officer shall monitor compliance with the data controller's policies on the protection of personal data and monitor compliance with this Act.

SUPPLEMENT TO OFFICIAL GAZETTE

- (2) The data protection officer shall act as the contact point for the Commission on issues relating to processing, including consultation, investigations, audits or any other aspect that the Commission deems necessary in relation to the data protection laws.
- (3) The data protection officer shall act as the main focal point to the data subjects' complaints, and shall be responsible for establishing adequate mechanisms to adopt handling of disputes.

PART VII -TRANSFERS OF DATA TO THIRD PARTIES

Cross-border data flows

- **47.**(1) Personal data shall not be transferred to a country or territory outside Seychelles unless the data processor in the recipient country or territory ensures a comparable level of protection for the rights and freedoms of data subjects in relation to the processing of personal data.
- (2) To establish a comparable level of protection, the Commission shall take into consideration the following
 - (a) the nature of the personal data;
 - (b) the purposes and period of time the data is intended to be processed;
 - (c) the law in force in the country of destination of the data;
 - (d) any cross-border privacy rules scheme; and
 - (e) any international agreements regarding data protection signed by the data controller in the country of destination of the data.
- (3) Personal data of Seychellois citizens pertaining to the special categories as specified under section 23 shall only be processed subject to the following
 - (a) there is a designated data controller accountable for cross-border data processing in Seychelles;

SUPPLEMENT TO OFFICIAL GAZETTE

- (b) the transfer is made between intra group schemes and the headquarters is located outside Seychelles;
- (c) the data controller or data processor has informed the data subjects about the location of the data processing and all other relevant information as specified under section 27;
- (d) the transfer is necessary to protect vital interests of the data subject.
- (4) The Commission may, by regulations specify
 - (a) the circumstances under which a transfer of personal data to another country or international organisation is to be considered necessary to meet public interest reasons; and
 - (b) restrictions to the transfer of a category of personal data to another country or international organisation.
- (5) The Commission may authorise the processing or transfer of personal data to another country, provided that it is part of a cross border privacy rules system that ensures
 - (a) cross-border rules system standards are legally enforceable against the data controllers and data processors as part of the certification system;
 - (b) data controllers and data processors have implemented security measures using a risk-based approach proportional to the probability of the threat and severity of the harm, the confidential nature of the information processed and the number of data subjects affected.
- (6) The Commission may prohibit the transfer of data under this section as may be necessary in the public interest.

PART VIII - OFFENCES AND PENALTIES

Unlawful disclosure of personal data

48.(1) A data controller who, without a lawful justification discloses

SUPPLEMENT TO OFFICIAL GAZETTE

personal data in any manner that is incompatible with the purpose for which such data has been collected, commits an offence.

- (2) A data processor who, without lawful justification, discloses personal data processed by him or her without the prior authority of the data controller on whose behalf the data is being or has been processed commits an offence.
 - (3) Subject to subsection (4), any person who
 - (a) obtains access to personal data, or obtains any information constituting such data without the prior authority of the data controller or data processor by whom the data is kept; or
 - (b) discloses the data or information to another person who is not entitled to access such data or information commits an offence
- (4) Subsection (3) shall not apply to a person who is an employee or agent of a data controller or data processor and who is acting within his or her mandate with the data controller or data processor.
- (5) Any person who offers to sell personal data, where such personal data has been obtained in breach of subsection (1), commits an offence.

Obstruction

- **49.**(1) No person shall obstruct the Commission or any person acting on behalf or under the direction of the Commission in the performance of the Commission's duties and functions under this Act.
- (2) Any person who contravenes this section commits an offence and liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding SR200,000.

Offence for which no specific penalty provided

50.(1) Any person who commits an offence under this Act for which no specific penalty is provided or who otherwise contravenes this Act shall be liable on conviction to imprisonment not exceeding 2 years or to a fine of level 5 on the Standard Scale.

SUPPLEMENT TO OFFICIAL GAZETTE

- (2) In addition to any penalty referred to under subsection (1), the court may
 - (a) order the forfeiture of any equipment or any article used or connected in any way with the commission of the offence; or
 - (b) order or prohibit the doing of any act to stop a continuing contravention.

General conditions for imposing administrative fines

- **51.**(1) The Commission shall ensure that the imposition of administrative fines for infringements of this Act shall, in each individual case, be effective, proportionate and dissuasive.
- (2) Administrative fines shall, depending on the circumstances of each individual case, be imposed in addition to, or instead of, measures under the corrective authority of the Commission.
- (3) When deciding whether to impose an administrative fine and on the amount of the fine in each individual case, the Commission will take into account the following
 - (a) the nature, gravity and duration of the infringement, taking into account the nature, scope or purpose of the processing concerned as well as the number of data subjects affected and the level of damage suffered by them;
 - (b) the intentional or negligent character of the infringement;
 - (c) any action taken by the data controller or data processor to mitigate the damage suffered by the data subjects;
 - (d) the degree of responsibility of the data controller or data processor, taking into account the technical and organisational measures implemented by them;
 - (e) any relevant previous infringements by the data controller or data processor;

SUPPLEMENT TO OFFICIAL GAZETTE

- (f) the degree of cooperation with the Commission, in order to remedy the infringement and mitigate the possible adverse effects of the infringement;
- (g) the categories of personal data affected by the infringement;
- (h) the manner in which the infringement became known to the Commission, in particular whether and if so to what extent the data controller or data processor notified the infringement;
- (i) where measures taken under the corrective authority of the Commission have previously been ordered against the data controller or data processor concerned with regard to the same subject-matter, compliance with those measures;
- (j) adherence to approved codes of conduct or certification mechanisms; and
- (k) any other aggravating or mitigating factor applicable to the circumstances of the case, such as financial benefits gained, or losses avoided, directly or indirectly, from the infringement.
- (4) If a data controller or data processor intentionally or negligently, for the same or linked processing operations, infringes several provisions of this Act, the total amount of the administrative fine shall not exceed the amount specified for the gravest infringement.
- (5) Infringements of the obligations of the data controller and the data processor under this Act shall, in accordance with subsection (2), be subject to administrative fines up to SCR200,000.
- (6) Infringements of the following provisions shall be subject to administrative fines up to SCR200,000
 - (a) the basic principles for processing, including conditions for consent;

SUPPLEMENT TO OFFICIAL GAZETTE

- (b) the data subjects' rights;
- (c) the transfers of personal data to a recipient in a third country or an international organisation;
- (d) non-compliance with an order or a temporary or definitive limitation on processing or the suspension of data flows; or
- (e) failure to provide access to the Commission in violation of section 7.
- (7) Non-compliance with an order by the Commission under its corrective authority shall, in accordance with subsection 2, be subject to administrative fines up to SCR200,000.
- (8) Without prejudice to the corrective powers of the Commission, the regulations implementing this Act may lay down the rules on whether and to what extent administrative fines may be imposed on public authorities and bodies.
- (9) The exercise by the Commission of its powers under this section shall be subject to appropriate procedural safeguards in accordance with the law, including effective judicial remedy and due process.
- (10) The Commission shall lay down the rules on other penalties applicable to infringements of this Act, in particular for infringements which are not subject to administrative penalties, and shall take all measures necessary to ensure that they are implemented.

PART IX - MISCELLANEOUS

Cooperation with other authorities

- **52.**(1) The Commission shall develop effective collaborative mechanisms with other authorities and government agencies to ensure the effective enforcement of this Act.
- (2) The Commission shall adopt formal and informal mechanisms to cooperate with international organisations and the supervisory authorities of

SUPPLEMENT TO OFFICIAL GAZETTE

other countries to facilitate the effective enforcement of this Act, and to support knowledge sharing and best practices.

- (3) The Commission shall provide international mutual assistance in the enforcement of legislation for the protection of personal data, including through notification, complaint referral, investigative assistance and information exchange, subject to appropriate safeguards for the protection of personal data and other rights and freedoms recognized under the Constitution of Seychelles.
- (4) The Commission shall cooperate with other authorities in solving jurisdictional conflicts with other countries.

Compliance audit

53. The Commission may carry out periodical audits of the systems of data controllers or data processors to ensure compliance with this Act.

Regulations

54. The Minister may, in consultation with the Commission make regulations generally for the better carrying into effect the provisions of this Act.

Repeal

55. The Data Protection Act (Cap 57) is repealed.

Transitional provisions

- **56.**(1) Any data controller or data processor that was or is processing any personal data before the coming into operation of this Act and does not conform to the provisions of this Act, shall, within a period of 18 months from the coming into operation of this Act, ensure that its activities conform to the provisions of this Act.
- (2) A data controller or data processor which fails to comply with subsection (1) commits an offence.

SUPPLEMENT TO OFFICIAL GAZETTE

I certify that this is a correct copy of the Bill which was passed by the National Assembly on 5th December, 2023.

Mrs. Tania Isaac

Clerk to the National Assembly

BENEFICIAL OWNERSHIP (AMENDMENT) ACT, 2023

(Act 28 of 2023)

ARRANGEMENT OF SECTIONS

SECTIONS

- 1. Short title
- 2. Amendment of section 18.

LIC OF SEYCHELLES SUPPLEMENT TO OFFICIAL GAZETT



BENEFICIAL OWNERSHIP (AMENDMENT) ACT, 2023

(Act 28 of 2023)



I assent

Wavel Ramkalawan President

19th December, 2023

AN ACT TO AMEND THE BENEFICIAL OWNERSHIP ACT, 2020.

ENACTED by the President and the National Assembly.

Short title

1. This Act may be cited as the Beneficial Ownership (Amendment) Act, 2023.

SUPPLEMENT TO OFFICIAL GAZETTE

Amendment of section 18

2. Section 18 of the Beneficial Ownership Act, 2020, is amended in subsection (2) by repealing the words "12 months" and substituting them with the words "24 months".

I certify that this is a correct copy of the Bill which was passed by the National Assembly on 6^{th} December, 2023.

Mrs. Tania Isaac

Therae

Clerk to the National Assembly