



LESOTHO

Government Gazette

Vol. 67

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LEGAL NOTICE NO. 77 OF 2022

**Extension of Submission of Objections to the Electors Register
Notice, 2022**

Pursuant to section 142(1)(a) of the National Assembly Electoral Act, 2011¹, I,

MPAIPHELE MAQUTU

Director of Elections, extend publication of electors register for inspection and submission of objections to the electors' register until Monday the 15th of August, 2022.

DATED:**MPAIPHELE MAQUTU
DIRECTOR OF ELECTIONS****NOTE**

1. Act No. 14 of 2011
-

LEGAL NOTICE NO. 78 OF 2022

**National Assembly Electoral Act, 2011 Constituency Delimitation
(Amendment) Order, 2022**

Pursuant to section 67(1) and (4) of the Constitution of Lesotho¹, the Independent Electoral Commission makes the following notice:

Citation and commencement

1. This Order may be cited as the National Assembly Electoral Act, 2011 Constituency Delimitation (Amendment) Order, 2022² and shall come into operation on the date of publication in the Gazette.

Amendment of Schedule

2. The National Assembly Electoral Act, 2011 Constituency Delimitation

Order 2022 (in this Order referred to as “the Principal Order”) is amended by deleting and substituting the constituencies in the Schedule in their sequential order, and renaming the Schedule, Schedule 1.

Insertion of new Schedule

3. The Principal Order is amended by inserting a new Schedule after Schedule 1.

DATED:

**MPHASA MOKHOCHANE
CHAIRPERSON OF THE COMMISSION**

**DR. KARABO MOKOBOCHO-MOHLAKOANA
MEMBER OF THE COMMISSION**

**TŠOEU PETLANE
MEMBER OF THE COMMISSION**

NOTE

1. The Constitution of Lesotho
2. L.N. No. 37 of 2022

SCHEDULE 1**DESCRIPTION OF CONSTITUENCIES****CONSTITUENCY NO. 01: MECHECHANE****Number of voters : 14 473****Boundary:**

Starting at the meet of Tšehlanyane-Mohokare watershed with the international boundary (Grid Reference 06. 298697), which is the common point of constituencies 01 and 03 the boundary proceeds generally in a Northern direction along the international boundary to the point (GR. 06. 291667), which is the source of the Mohokare River. From the source of Mohokare River the boundary follows Mohokare River downstream to its confluence Hololo River, then flows upstream the Hololo river to its confluence with ngoajane river, then follows Ngoajane river upstream to a tributary on the east that flows between Tiping and Ha Botilo villages then pass between Ha Sera and Makeneng villages. The border continues to follow the stream up to its sources on Thaba-Putsoa ridge. From the source on Thaba-Putsoa ridge the boundary then follows Thaba-Putsoa ridge up to a valley that follows south and passes between Ha Moteuli and Qobella Villages down to Hololo stream. The boundary moves upstream Hololo river to Bitso-Lebe peak then to the source of Khatibe river and proceed to 'Moteng pass which is the common point of constituencies 01, 02 and 03, this also being the common boundary between constituency 01 and 02 From 'Moteng pass the boundary follows the Thaba-Putsoa watershed, which is the common boundary of constituencies 01 and 03, to the starting point.

CONSTITUENCY NO. 02: HOLOLO**Number of Voters: 14 454****Boundary:**

Starting at the confluence of Hololo river which flows on the east of Ha Mabine village and Mohokare River, which is the common point of constituencies 01 and 02 the boundary follows Mohokare downstream to its confluence with 'Malere stream, the confluence being the common point of constituencies 02 and 04. From the confluence of Mohokare and 'Malere stream the boundary follows 'Malere stream up to a gulley that origionate east of Ha Nthontso, putting Ha Nthontso and Lekhirika in 04 constituency and Maloseng in 02 constituency.

The boundary then follow Qalo stream up to its confluence with a stram on the west of Motjanyela Village taking Qokobane and Ha Lesia villages into 02 constituency. The boundary proceeds upstream khasebeng valley to the peak of Thaba-Lihlolo peak which is the district boundary between Leribe and Butha-Buthe districts. Then proceed eastwads to the peak where the source of Kutu-Kutu stream originates down to Khukhune river and proceeds down to the confluence with Hololo river south of Matjaeng Village. From the confluence of Khukhune-Hololo river, the boundary moves upstream Hololo river to its source. The boundary then follows Thaba-Putsoa ridge up to 'Moteng pass which is the common point of constituencies 01, 02 and 03, this being the common boundary of constituencies 02 and 03. From Thaba-Putsoa ridge, the boundary follows description already mentioned in 01 constituency to the starting point.

CONSTITUENCY NO. 06: MALIBA-MATŠO

Number of Voters: 15,414

Boundary:

Starting at the Hololo Pass, the boundary proceeds along the Front Range passing Pela-Tšoeu Pass up to Matšeng Pass. From Matšeng Pass it follows the Front Range watershed up to the source of Bokong river at Phatl'a Khomo. It then follows Bokong river downstream to its confluence with Maliba-Matšo River. From the confluence of Bokong river with Malibamatšo river the boundary then proceeds along Malibamatšo river to its confluence with the stream which flows between Bokong Ha Kennan and Ha Ramokoatsi villages. From the confluence of Malibamatšo river and the stream which flows between Bokong Ha Kennan and Ha Ramokoatsi villages the boundary follows Malibamatšo river to its confluence with Matsoku and then follows Matsoku upstream to its confluence with Liseleng stream. From there the boundary follows from Matsoku river up to its source at Lekhalong-La-Lithunya and then follows the common boundary of constituencies #03 and #06 to the starting point.

CONSTITUENCY NO. 07: MPHOSONG

Number of voters: 16 563

Boundary:

The boundary of Mphosong constituency Starts at the T-Junction of Hlotse tarred road and Romeng gravel road down to the open fields straight to the wetlands of Ha Ntoere village London. The boundary goes down the stream to Bolahla

river down to Mphosong river. The boundary then goes East along Mphosong river to its confluence with Morotong stream then goes North along Morotong stream to the confluence of Morotong and Morotoaneng streams. The boundary then goes north along Morotoaneng stream and Tokhong stream to Ha Pita cliffs then goes East along Makhaloaneng, Boleke, Thaba-Telle and Langa le Balele Pass. The boundary goes South along the mountains to the source of Tsunyane river then goes West along Tsunyane river to the small ridge between Ha Khomoatsana and Pitseng London down to T-Junction of Hlotse tarred road and Romeng gravel road.

CONSTITUENCY NO. 08: THABA-PHATŠOA
Number of Voters: 16 911

Boundary:

The boundary starts at the confluence of Hlotse river and Likhakeng river, it then goes west along Likhakeng river until it reaches the village of Ha Mahlomola Letlapeng, where it leaves the river and goes behind the villages of Ha Mahlomola Letlapeng and Ha Jane Boinyatso, the boundary then goes along the Hydro power lines leaving those villages in Thaba-Phatšoa #8 as well as the villages of Ha Mahlomola, Ha Phiri and Ha Mahlomola Moreneng. It then goes south-west along power lines to the village of Ha Lesitsi down Hlotsenyane river, where it crosses the river to Tsikoane mountain down to Ha Ben and Mathokoane tarred road to the open fields leaving Ha Poulo Phahameng in Tsikoane #14 down to Khomokhoana river. The boundary goes east along Khomokhoana river to Leribe and Berea district boundaries to the source of Phuthiatsana river. The boundary goes North along the mountains to the source of Tsunyane river. Then goes West along Tsunyane river to the confluence of Ha Thabo small stream and Tsunyane river then goes south along the small stream to the open fields between Ha Thabo and Ha Ntsu villages then follows westerly along open fields to the ridge between Ha Maromaki and Ha Porobebe villages, then goes north along the ridge to Hlotse river leaving Likhakeng Ha Kotsana in Mahobong #09. The boundary goes west along Hlotse river to its confluence with Likhakeng river.

CONSTITUENCY NO. 09: MAHOBONG**Number of voters: 16 370****Boundary:**

The boundary starts at the confluence of Tsunyane river and Ha Thabo small stream, then goes south along Ha Thabo small stream to the open field between Ha Thabo and Ha Ntsu villages leaving Ha Ntsu village in Thaba-Phatšoa # 08. The boundary goes west through open fields then goes between Ha Mositi and Ha Thabo villages, leaving Ha Mositi village in Thaba-phatsoa # 08. The boundary then goes to the small ridge between Ha Maromaki and Ha Porobele villages, leaving Ha Maromaki in Thaba-Phatšoa # 08. The boundary then goes North-west along the small ridge moving between the villages of Likhakeng Ha Mako and Likhakeng Ha Kotsana down to Hlotse river. The boundary then goes north to the ridge of Khanyane mountain leaving Europa village in Hlotse # 13. It goes north-west along the small stream to the small ridge of Thaba-ea-khanyane mountain. The boundary further goes north along the small ridge to Hlotse-Pitseng tarred-road at Likonyeleng Ha-Moliboea, then goes east along a small ridge near Sebipela village to the cliffs of Qoqolosing mountains plateau, then goes further east along the cliffs of Qoqolosing plateau, to the small stream near Maqhaoe Ha-Timitia. It then goes east along the small stream to Hlotse river. The boundary further takes east-north direction along Hlotse river to the confluence of Hlotse river and Menkhoaneng stream. It then goes east along Menkhoaneng stream to the small ridge at Nelese village further to north-east along the small ridge to the range of Hills between Nelese and Seqhoang villages. It then goes east along the range of Hills to Menkhoaneng and then goes further east along Menkhoaneng stream to the cliffs of Ha Pita then goes South along the ridge to Tokhong stream. The boundary then goes to the confluence of Tokhong and Morotoaneng streams further down to Morotong stream to its confluence with Mphosong river. The boundary goes to the confluence of Mphosong and Bolahlala rivers then goes south along the small stream to the wetlands near Ha Ntoere village to the open fields, to Hlotse, Pitseng and Romeng T-Junction road to the small ridge between Khomoatsana and Pitseng villages. The boundary goes along the ridge to Tsunyane river to its confluence with Ha Thabo small stream.

CONSTITUENCY NO. 13: HLOTSE
Number of Voters: 16,691

Boundary:

Starting at the confluence of Mohokare river and Manamahola donga, the boundary follows Manamahola donga until it reaches cliffs of Qoqolosing Plateau, then it follows the cliffs in an easterly directions leaving Ha-Monki, Ha Patlo in #12 and Ts'ifalimali in #13. The boundary goes along the cliffs of Qoqolosing until it gets to Khokhotsaneng Pass leaving Khokhotsaneng village in Hlotse #13 while Ntloana-tsoana High School and Borantise village are left in Mahobong # 09. The boundary follows the foot path between Ntloana-tsoana High School and Khokhotsaneng village down until it gets to 'Mataemane Dam then crosses the Litlhaping stream then takes a gravel road between Jabafu village and Borantisi village to the tarred-road easterly heading to Pitseng when it gets opposite to Thaba-Khanyane the boundary takes South direction leaving the tar-road towards the mountain (Thaba-Khanyane). The boundary goes between St. Barnard Primary School and Europe village to the top of the mountain leaving the school at # 09 while Europe village at # 13. The boundary goes south westerly to the cliffs of Thaba-Khanyane (Mountain) leaving the village of Khaseng at # 09 down the cliffs to Ha Materibi donga down to Hlotse river to its confluence with Likhaka river. The boundary goes south along Likhaka river then goes to the village of Sentsonyane Ha Mohlolo then goes Easterly along the open fields to the small stream between Mapheaneng and Sentsonyane Lipeleleng to Hlotse river then goes south to the confluence of Hlotse river and Mohokare river.

CONSTITUENCY NO. 14: TSIKOANE
Number of Voters: 17,015

Boundary:

Starting from the confluence of Mohokare and Hlotse river, the boundary goes north-east along Hlotse river to its confluence with small stream between Mpheaneng and Sentsonyane Lipeleleng to the open fields south-east leaving Likhakeng Ha Mahlomola in #08. The boundary further goes south along the hydro power lines to Ha Lesitsi vilage then goes westerly across Hlotsenyane river up to Tsikoane mountain to its cliff west of Ha Nthako to the tarred-road of Ha Ben and Mathokoane down to Khomokhoana river. The Boundary goes south to Leribe and Berea districts boundary at ha Matasane. The boundary goes

to the open fields between the villages of Ha Sethubatha and Serutle across Likhethlane stream up to the tarred-road between Ha Takalimane and Ha Ntebele villages then goes along Mpharane tarred-road to Likhethlane stream then goes east along East long Likhethlane stream to the small stream between Ha Sethubatha Matebeleng and Mpharane Qetsolane then goes north along the stream to the open fields of Ha Sethubatha Matebeleng to the gravel road that goes to Bela-Bela, Sethubatha and Ha Lepamo cross junction. The boundary goes north along Hlotse tarred-road to small valley near Hippo offices then goes north-west along the open fields to the small stream between Ha 'Mathata and Ha Chaka to Mohokare river then to its confluence with Hlotse river.

CONSTITUENCY NO. 16: MOSELINYANE

Number of Voters: 16, 980

Boundary:

The boundary starts at the T-Junction of Hlotse, Seretse-Khama and Maputsoe tarred-roads. It then goes west along Seretse-Khama tarred-road to the T-Junction of Ha Chonapase and Seretse-Khama tarred-roads, then goes south along the tar road between Ha Nyenye and Ha Chonapase villages to Moselinyane stream. It then goes west along Moselinyane stream to the confluence of Mohokare river and Moselinyane stream, and then goes south along Mohokare river to its confluence with Mokotakoti stream, it then goes south-east along Mokotakoti stream to the open fields between Ha Ralikuku and Ha Polaki villages then goes east along the open fields to the tarred-road of Mapoteng and Maputsoe tarred-road. The boundary then goes north-west along Maputsoe tar road to Likhethlane stream, it then goes East along Likhethlane stream to the stream between Mpharane Qetsolane and Ha Sethubatha Matebeleng then to Ha Sethubattha gravel road then goes north along the gravel road to the cross junction of Ha Lepamo, Mpharane and Bela-Bela then goes west along Mpharane tarred-road to the cross junction of Hlotse, Maseru and Mpharane. The boundary goes north direction along tarred-road to Seretse Khama T-Junction.

CONSTITUENCY NO. 17: PEKA

Number of Voters: 16 437

Boundary:

Starting from the boundary of Leribe and Berea boundary at Matasane village the boundary goes north to the open fields between Serutle and Ha Sethubatha

then goes south along likhetlane stream to the boundary between Ha Takalimane and Ha Ntebele villages to the tarred-road of Mapoteng/Maputsoe. The boundary goes west on the open fields between Ha Polaki and Ha Ralikuku villages in to Mokotakoti stream then goes north-west along Mokotakoti stream to its confluence with Mohokare river. It then goes west along Mohokare river to its confluence with Ngoana stream then goes north between the villages of Ha Napo and Ha Mpeke leaving Ha Mpeke in #18 then goes between Morali crushers mine and Ha Tsea village leaving crushers mine #18. The boundary goes to a small stream between the villages of Liphakoeng Ha Noha and Ha Kenya to the cliffs of Hleoheng mountain then east to Molumong mountain cliffs to the small stream between Molumong and Ha Makina villages then to the Leribe and Berea district boundaries, then goes north along district boundaries to Ha Matasane village.

CONSTITUENCY NO. 18: KOLONYAMA

Number of Voters: 17,038

Boundary:

Starting at the confluence of Ngoana stream and Mohokare river, the boundary goes down Mohokare river to its confluence with Phuthiatsana-ea-Ha-Masupha river. From the confluence of Mohokare and Phuthiatsana-ea-Ha Masupha river the boundary then follows Phuthiatsana-ea-Ha Masupha river up to its meet with Teya-Teyaneng river, then the boundary continues to follow Phuthiatsana-ea-Ha Masupha river to its confluence with Tebe-Tebe river. From the confluence of Phuthiatsana-ea-Ha Masupha with Tebe-Tebe river the boundary follows Phuthiatsana-ea-Ha Masupha river upstream to its intersection with Leribe/Berea district boundary west of Ha Mpiti village. From the intersection of Phuthiatsana-ea-Ha Masupha and Leribe/Berea district west of Ha Mpiti village, the boundary follows Leribe/Berea district boundary to its intersection with the tributary that originates south of Ha Makina village, then boundary goes west along the donga between Ha Makina and Molumong villages to Molumong mountain cliffs. The boundary goes west along Molumong mountain cliffs until it reaches Hleoheng mountain cliffs. The boundary goes South direction between the villages of Liphakoeng Ha Noha and Ha Kenya. It continues with south direction towards Ha Rantho mountain cliffs. The boundary then follows south direction and goes Morali crushers Mine and Ha Tsea village then goes the villages of Ha Mpeke and Ha Napo leaving Ha Napo in #17 until it reaches Ngoana Stream to its confluence with Mohokare river.

CONSTITUENCY NO. 22: MALIMONG
Number of Voters: 14,114

Boundary:

Starting at the source of Tebe-Tebe river on the summit of Bitso-Lebe, which is the common point of constituencies #19, #20, #22 and #23, the boundary follows Tebe-Tebe river to its confluence with Makopo's stream west of Ha Mokolanyane. Then the boundary follows Makopo's stream which flows between Mokolanyane and Lekhalo-la-Mpara up to its source, from the source the boundary follows the path leading Southwards leaving Phalole in #23 constituency then cross the gravel road joining another tributary in the southeast of Phalole from its source flows to Phuleng stream between Ha Ramarojo and Phalole follow down the stream northward until where the foot path from between Ha Nkalimeng and Ha Ramajoro gets the stream, the boundary follows the path to the south until it reaches the tarred road Teya-Teyaneng Sepolo leaving Ha Nkalimeng in #23 constituency. Then follows the tarred road to the Southwest by 10 meters, then follows the foot path to the South until it reaches top of the hill which is on the south of Ha Ramajoro. From the top of the hill, follows down the ridge until it gets into the Teyateyaneng river, then follows Teyateyaneng River upwards to its confluence with Likomponeng stream which flows between Ha Ramothamo and Bothoba pelo from the East. The boundary flows to its source. From the source it follows the ridge leading to Eastwards until it gets to Lithako tsa Ha Molibeling in #22 constituency, from there it reaches foot path that follows Northeast then follows the foot path leaving Ha Mpoba in #25 constituency until it reaches Nkoko stream. Then it follows Nkoko stream to its source and goes through the Sefikeng and Sefikaneng pass. At the end of the pass it climbs the Sefikaneng Mountain in a northern direction. From the peak of the mountain, it proceeds eastwards to the tarred road; then southwards until its gets to Suele stream. It then flows down the stream and gets to the gravel road leading to the Makong stream. Then it flows down the stream to Phuthiatsana ea Ha Masupha river. It goes up the river eastwards until the confluence with Tlapa-Tšooana stream. The boundary goes up the stream to its source. From there it climbs the Lekhoana mountain to its peak. From this peak it follows the mountain range to the east, thus leading to the summit of Nkokobe mountain. It proceeds north to Lekhalo-la-Maobane, then climbs the Likhahleng mountain. From this mountain, the boundary crosses the valley of Seromong up to the summit of Tjopa mountain and follows a ridge leading to Mamalapi mountain. It then goes down the mountain to Menyameng dry valley, up to Sefofaneng mountain peak and then follows a ridge which goes to Bitso-Lebe mountain,

which is the starting point.

CONSTITUENCY NO. 25: TSOANA-MAKHULO

Number of Voters: 14,035

Boundary:

Starting at the confluence of Masung/Makoeliate stream and Teyateyaneng River, which is the common point of constituencies #24, #25 and #26; the boundary follows Masung/Makoeliate stream to the south, east of Ha Saremone.

Makoeliate is joined by the smaller stream of Ha Kolobe to the West which will be joined by another stream from Ha Kubere south West direction, from the stream of Ha Kubere it then follows the smaller stream of Ha Matšoeu to the west of Mothating Matebeleng village and follows the cliffs to the North Ha Tau village. The boundary then follows the semi dry valley towards West then joins the gravel road that comes from Ha Maretintši and cut across the gravel road then joins the dry valley that comes from the south of Ha Ranthiba, then follows the smaller stream to the north-west direction to the cliffs east of Ha Khothule and Ha Lاپisi villages. The boundary then follows the cliffs to the north of Ha Senekane where the cliffs join the stream of Ha Ramohata. From there the boundary then follows the semi dry valley that goes eastwards to the gravel road of TY/Senekane road and then follows the gravel road to the intersection with the small path that joins the Maseru/Sefikeng tarred road East of Ha Senekane village leaving Senekane village on the #26 constituency. The boundary then follows the tarred road to the East and to the West of Ha Hlekelele village; the boundary goes south to the cliffs, then follows the cliffs to the confluence of Phuthiatsana ea Ha Masupha and Thupa-Kubu rivers. From the confluence the boundary follows Berea/Maseru district boundary. From there the boundary goes east of Phuthiatsana ea Ha Masupha river at the cliffs extending from Lefikeng-La-Baeti being the common point of constituencies #25, #26 and #42 then to Khorong Ha Nchela; following the Berea/Maseru district boundary to Ha Selema cutting across the tarred road south of Ha 'Matholoana village following Berea/Maseru district boundary west of the Khamolane Mountain; then to the summit of Machache Mountain as a common point of constituencies #25, #43 and #44. From the summit of Machache Mountain the boundary follows the Berea/Maseru district boundary along Mohlana oa Pitsi range to the Nkokobe summit. From this point the boundary follows Nkokobe mountain range in a westerly direction to the Lekhoana mountain peak. From the peak of Lekhoana mountain it then follows Tlapa-le-Sooana tributary that joins the Phuthiatsana-Ea-Ha-Masupha river to the West, then proceeds out of the river of

Phuthiatsana-Ea-Ha-Masupha at the intersection of 'Makong stream on the East of Ha Molangoanyane village to where the stream joins the gravel road westwards and then joins the Suoele stream upwards to northern direction and cut across the tarred road of TY/Sefikeng and proceed west of Ha Mohasholana village to the summit of Sefikaneng mountain and then proceeds westwards to the intersection of the Sefikaneng/Sefikeng mountains being the source of the Nkoko stream which separates the Mpoba village in the west and in the #25 constituency and Ha Moeketsi village in the East and in the #22 constituency. The boundary then follows the Nkoko river in a northern direction to where it meets the ridge like feature west of the Nkoko stream to the knoll at the south of Ha Maetsela. The boundary then proceeds westwards to the stream of Kete-Monyama. The boundary then follows the Kete-Monyama stream to its intersection with the stream of Likomponeng, from the stream of Likomponeng to the Teyateyaneng river. It then follows Teyateyane river up to its confluence with Makoiliate river which is the starting point.

CONSTITUENCY NO. 53: PHOQOANE

Number of Voters: 16,585

Boundary:

Starting at the confluence of Likhethla and Mohokare rivers, the boundary follows Likhethla river up to Ha Khola village. It then follows the river that passes between Tebang and Ha Sekhutšoanyane villages to Matšoseng cliffs. The boundary follows Matšoseng and Ha Nooana cliffs to Tšana-Talana river. It follows Tsana-Talana river to its confluence with 'Makholane river. It continues with Makholane (Lekoantlana) river. From Makholane (Lekoantlana) river the boundary follows the gravel road between Ha Jooase and Ha Seetsi up to Tsana-Talana river. It then follows the main south road to khubetsoana stream. From khubetsoana stream the boundary follows gravel road to Thaba-Tšoeu, the boundary then passes through Ha Sepechele and Ha Isaaka villages to Litšahaneng stream. The boundary then follows Litšahaneng stream straight to Motubatsana river. The boundary goes up through Motubatsana river to main south one road near Khophocha village. Then it follows main south one down road to Makoanyane river until it gets to Tsoaing river. It continues with Tsoaing river to the confluence of Mohokare and Likhethla rivers where the boundary started.

CONSTITUENCY NO. 54: MATELILE
Number of Voters: 15 018

Boundary:

Starting at the confluence of Tsoaing and Hlabatheng rivers, the boundary follows Matelile mountains (Fuku-fuku), passing in the west of Sekhutlong village to the gravel road. It follows Jordan Stream to Pitseng stream, it then follows the stream in to Makhalleng river up to the confluence of Masemouse and Mokoallong rivers. It then follows Mafeteng and Mohale'shoek districts boundary where it crosses Makhalleng river and joins Mantekoane river up to Thaba-Tšoeu mountain. It follows the mountain in the west part of Pitso village. The boundary passes between Ha Mahooana and Ha Shale villages to the source of Qhoqhoane river. From Qhoqhoane river the boundary follows gravel road to Thaba-Tšoeu, then passes through Ha Sepechele and Ha Isaaka villages to Litšahaneng stream. The boundary then follows Litšahaneng stream straight to Motubatsana river. The boundary goes up through Motubatsana river to main south one near Khophocha village. Then it follows main south one road down to Makoanyane river. The boundary then passes between Ha Bele and Makokotoaneng villages to Motsekuoa river. The boundary continues with Motsekuoa river to its confluence with Motlelepane river up to to Ha Lotto plateau. It then follows Mokhoabong stream to Tsoaing river. It follows Tsoaing river to its confluence with Hlabatheng river where the boundary started.

CONSTITUENCY NO. 59: TAUNG
Number of Voters: 16,658

Boundary:

Starting at the intersection of the Lesotho/South Africa boundary and the Mohale's Hoek/Mafeteng district boundary on the summit of Thabana Tšoana, the boundary follows international boundary southwards and eastwards until where it crosses Makhalleng River and meets with #61. The boundary goes along the cliffs at the south west of Ha Malebanye village leaving Ha Mochekoane, Ha Bolokoe and Ha Mphaki Maqhena in #59 while Ha Khasipe in #61 up to the intersects of cliffs with the gravel road from Maqhena Bridge. It then follows a footpath along the fields to Matsatseng Primary School. From there, the boundary goes down the stream to Maqhena river bridge at the Main South 1 Road, then it follows the Maqhena river up to Old Hoek bridge on the old gravel road. From the bridge, the boundary goes along the old gravel road and before it

reaches Ha Maphohloane the boundary follows the valley to Matsau stream which originates at Thaba-Tšoeu Mountain leaving Makhapetla village in #60 and Ha Maphohloane in #59. The boundary follows the stream to its confluence with Makhalleng river, then follows Makhalleng river upwards to its confluence with Qhoqhoane river. It follows Qhoqhoane river to its intersection with the tarred road to Thabana Morena. It follows the tarred road to Mafeteng until where it meets the stream that flows from Koaepane Mountain leaving Ha Kekeleng and Ha Popolosi in #59 and Ha Matšaba in #56. The boundary then follows the stream to its source and then follows Koaepane Mountain southwardly to Maboloka Mountain range. From Maboloka Mountain range to Thabana-Ea-Borata which is Mafeteng/Mohale's Hoek districts boundary. The boundary follows the common boundary of #57 and #59 leaving Ha Tieli in #59 and Mphatšoane in #57 and then proceeds to the starting point at Thabana Tšooana.

CONSTITUENCY NO. 60: MPHARANE

Number of Voters: 16,926

Boundary:

Starting at the confluence of Qhoqhoane and Makhalleng rivers, the boundary follows the common boundary of #56, #60, #54 to the source of Mokoallong stream at Thaba-Putsoa range. It then follows Thaba-Putsoa range to the top of Sehlabasa-Mamatšiu. It follows the mountain range up to Thaba-Mokhele. From there, the boundary proceeds to Thaba-Phiri Mountain range. It then follows the Sand Stone cliffs to Qalakheng Dyke westwards up to the stream next to Matsatseng Primary School. Then the boundary follows the stream downwards to Maqhena river bridge. It then follows the Maqhena river northwards to Old Hoek bridge on the old gravel road. Then the boundary proceeds with the old gravel road to the valley between Ha Maphohloane village and Makhapetla village leaving Makhapetla village in #60 and Ha Maphohloane village in #59. From there, the boundary follows the valley to Matsau stream which originates at Thaba Tsoeu Mountain then the boundary proceeds with the stream to its confluence with Makhalleng river. The boundary follows Makhalleng river to its confluence with Qhoqhoane river to the starting point.

CONSTITUENCY NO. 61: MOHALE'SHOEK**Number of Voters: 17,048****Boundary:**

Starting at the Makhalleng river, the boundary follows Makhalleng river down to its confluence with the stream which originates from Ha Senekal Village. It then follows the stream up to the old gravel road that leads to Lekhalong Ha Sekoati. The boundary then crosses the stream which flows to Mesitsaneng to the cliffs and proceeds to Thaba-Linoha mountain, leaving Ha Mojooa village in #61. From Thaba-Linoha the boundary follows Thaba-Phiri Mountain range. From Thaba-Phiri, the boundary follows the Sand Stone cliffs to Qalakheng Dyke westwards up to the stream next to Matsatseng Primary School. The boundary then follows footpath along the fields leaving Matsatseng and Majakaneng villages in #61. The boundary proceeds up to the point where it intersects with the gravel road from Maqhena bridge. From the intersection, the boundary follows the cliffs south-easterly of Ha Khasipe and Malebanye villages to the point where #56 boundary crosses Makhalleng river to where the boundary started.

CONSTITUENCY NO. 63: PHAMONG**Number of Voters: 17,031****Boundary:**

Starting at the confluence of Maqhaoka stream and Senqu river, the boundary follows Senqu river up to its confluence with Ketane river. The boundary follows the Ketane river up to Ha Ntšene. It then takes the south-easterly direction that proceeds to Thaba-Telle, leaving Ha Ntsane, Ha Khoalinyane and Seturumane in #64 and Ha Monaheng, Ha Ntšene, Ha Masupha Qiloane and Ha Sefehle in #62. From Thaba-Telle, the boundary follows the mountain range to Motsoalle Mountain, leaving Ha Shakhane, Letsatseng Matebeleng, Hohobeng and Ha Motlohi in #64. It then follows the Mountain range northwards up to the stream that flows near Ha Mokoara and Ha Tieli to its confluence with Ketane river, leaving Ha Mokoara, Ha Tieli and Nompilo in #63. From the confluence of Ketane river and the stream, the boundary follows Ketane river up to Mohale's hoek/Maseru district boundary. From the intersection of Ketane river with Maseru/Mohale's Hoek districts boundary, the boundary successfully follows the common boundary of #51, #49 #55, #63, #60. The boundary proceeds to the source of Mokoallong stream at Thaba-Putsoa range. From there, follows Thaba-Putsoa range to the top of Sehlabasa-Mamatšiu and then follows the

mountain range up to Thaba-Mokhele. From Thaba Mokhele the boundary successfully follows the Mountain range to Malehloane Mountain and then proceeds to Mk'hophha Mountain. It proceeds to Mamaheshe Mountain and follows mountain range to Fika-la-Tšoene Mountain range and then to the confluence Maqhaoka stream with Senqu river where it started.

CONSTITUENCY NO. 64: Hloahloeng
Number of Voters: 16,654

Boundary:

Starting at the confluence of Senqu and Ketane rivers, the boundary follows Senqu river up to its confluence with Qhoali river. It follows Senqu river to its confluence with Seforong river. The boundary then follows Senqu up to its confluence with the stream that drains Thaba-Bosulu. From there, the boundary follows the stream to its source at Thaba-Bosulu and then proceeds to the central range and then follows the central range which is Mohale's Hoek/Qacha's Nek district boundary to Khatala Mountain. The boundary then follows the watershed of Motsekuoa and Kuebung rivers until it descends into Senqunyane river. It then follows Senqunyane river up to its intersection with Maseru/Mohale's Hoek district boundary, leaving Ha Lebelo village in #51. The boundary follows the district boundary up to the confluence of the stream from #51 and Ketane river. From the intersection of Ketane river with Maseru/Mohale's Hoek district boundary, the boundary follows Ketane river down to where it meets with the stream that flows near Ha Mokoara and Ha Tieli villages, leaving the villages in #63. From the stream the boundary follows the Mountain range to Motsoalle Mountain and then to Thaba Telle Mountain, proceeding to Ketane river, leaving Ha Ntsane, Ha Khoalinyane and Ha Seturumane in #64 and Ha Ntsene, Ha Masupha Qiloane and Ha Sefehle in #63. The boundary follows Ketane river to its confluence with Senqu river which is the starting point.

CONSTITUENCY NO. 65: MOYENI
Number of Voters: 17,056

Boundary:

Starting at source of Tele river which is the international boundary between Lesotho and South Africa. The boundary follows Tele river down to its confluence with Senqu river, from the intersection of Senqu and Tele rivers the boundary follows Senqu river to its meet with Qomo-Qomong river which is the

administrative boundary between Quthing and Mohale's Hoek districts. The boundary follows Qomo-Qomong river to where it meets with Ratlali stream. The boundary then follows the stream up to gravel road to Ha Ramosoeu and Basieng, and crosses the gravel road then follows the stream to Tšepeng mountain leaving Qomo-Qomong villages in #66. From Ts'epeng the boundary follows Mjanyane, Tele-Tele and Sinxondo rivers watershed to summit of Thaba-Ntšo and Mphojoa, then proceed to the starting point at the source of Tele river.

CONSTITUENCY NO. 66: SEMPE

Number of Voters: 17,021

Boundary:

Starting at the confluence of Senqu and Qomo-Qomong rivers which is the common boundary between #66 and #65, the boundary follows Senqu river up to Robi stream, the boundary follows the stream until it reaches Mamakaes hills, the boundary follows the hills leaving Robi in Mt Moorosi #67. The boundary then follows the stream north easterly of Robi until it reaches Seapala river which is the National boundary between Quthing and Mohale's Hoek. From this intersection the boundary follows Seapala river up to where it is joined by Likolobeng river which is the common boundary of #67 and #66. The boundary follows Likolobeng river to its source at Drakensberg mountains which is the international boundary of Lesotho and South Africa. The boundary follows the range of mountains south-westerly to Tšepeng mountain. From Ts'epeng the boundary continues to the common boundary of constituencies #65 and #66 already described to the starting point.

CONSTITUENCY NO. 67: MT. MOOROSI

Number of Voters: 16,899

Boundary:

Starting at the confluence of Senqu and Seapala rivers, the boundary follows Senqu river to its confluence with Qhoali river, then the boundary follows Qhoali river to where it is joined by Khohloana ea Ralefokololi, the boundary then follows Khohloana ea Ralefokololi up to Thaba-Koto, leaving Likonyeleng, Ha Lekhoele and Ha Monoana in #67. The boundary follows the hills leaving Qheba in #68, it then follows the hills to Thaba-Chitja. The boundary then crosses tarred/main road to Qacha'snek, and follows the hills leaving Thepung Sekolong

in #67. It then follows the hills leaving Khakeng in Qhoali #68. The boundary then follows the stream that originates at Ha Lazaro until it reaches the hills leaving Ha Mafa, Ha Mphaki, Ha Tsepame, Ha Motjoli and Ha Ts'iu at #68 until it reaches Manyemotsa cliffs to Quthing river up to its source which is at Kopi mountain. The boundary follows a range of mountains to Daliwe and Sebapala rivers watershed to submit of Lehaha-Letso /Mohloling, which is the source of Likolobeng river to its meet with Sebapala river, it then follows Sebapala river to its confluence Robi stream following the stream until it reaches Mamakae hills, it then follows the hills until it reaches Robi stream to its meet with Sengu river.

CONSTITUENCY NO. 68: QHOALI

Number of Voters: 16,975

Boundary:

Starting at the confluence of Senqu and Qhoali rivers, the boundary then follows Qhoali river until it reaches Khohloana ea Ralefokololi up to Thaba-Koto leaving Likonyeleng Ha Lekhoele and Ha Monoana in #67. The boundary follows the hills to Thaba-Chitja. The boundary then crosses tarred road to Qacha's Nek leaving Ha Ratema in Mt Moorosi. The boundary then follows the cliffs until it reaches Manyemotsa, the boundary then follows Quthing river until it reaches Thaba Kopi. The boundary then follows Drakensburg until it reaches Thaba Kholo which is the administrative boundary between Quthing and Qacha's Nek districts. The boundary then follows the administrative boundary to Ha Letsoha mountains, it then follows Ha Letsoha mountains, from Ha Letsoha mountain the boundary then follows the stream near Ha Masupha leaving Ha Masupha in Qacha's Nek #69, the boundary then follows the stream down to the cliffs following the cliffs easterly to Sephokong sa Makanyane. The boundary goes down straight to Senqu river leaving Lichecheng village in Qacha's Nek #69. The boundary follows Senqu river until it reaches its common boundary of Mt Moorosi #67 and Qhoali #68.

CONSTITUENCY NO. 69: QACHA'S NEK

Number of Voters: 16,975

Boundary:

Starting at the intersection of Qacha's Nek, Quthing districts and South Africa boundary at Thaba-Kholo, from Thaba-Kholo follows the administrative bound-

ary to Thaba-Tsepe, that follows the stream called Noskichaba westerly to Ha Masupha downstream next to Thaka-makula (taking Lichecheng, Ha Mosi, Kanana Ha Lepheana, Ha Ramoroba, Makhoaeleng, Matebeleng Ha Zaphe, Ha Teleka and Ha Masupha into #69), the boundary follows the tarred road leaving Hloahloeng towards the left. Then the boundary goes uphill Lesotho and South Africa boundary along the main watershed and Drankensburg in a generally east-erly direction to Letloepe hill (behind Police line). It then follows Letloepe hill in the south-westerly direction, (taking Motse-mocha to No 71). It goes down-stream Mamokonana to Mat'sela-ha-beli. The boundary then goes towards the south direction, follows Mat'sela-ha-beli taking Whitecity into No 71. The boundary then goes uphill Three-sisters mountain, then proceeds to Thaba-Kholo. The boundary proceeds to the starting point already mentioned.

CONSTITUENCY NO. 70: LEBAKENG

Number of Voters: 14,154

Boundary:

Starting at the confluence of the stream that drains Thaba-Bosulu Mountain with Senqu river, the boundary follows Thaba-Bosulu Mountain to Khathala Mountain. From Khathala Mountain the boundary follows Libobeng stream to its confluence with Senqu river and follows Senqu river to its confluence with Matebeng stream. From there it follows Matebeng stream to its confluence with Patising stream and follows Patising up to its source at Lekhalong-la-Tomose. The boundary follows the district boundary of Qacha's Nek and Thaba-Tseka to Lekhalong la Matebeng and goes back to the summit of Thaba-Li-Maqhoa, then goes downhill Matšeng mountain to the stream of Setšoasi. The boundary then follows Setšoasi downstream to its confluence with Tsoelikana stream. It proceeds with Tsoelike downstream to its confluences with Senqu river. The boundary goes uphill next to Ha Tlali to the international South Africa and Lesotho boundary taking Ha Tlali and Whitehill. The boundary then follows Senqu river downstream and successfully follows Senqu river to the starting point.

CONSTITUENCY NO. 71: Tsoelike

Number of Voters: 14,316

Boundary:

Starting at the confluence of Letloepe Mountain and Mamokonana stream, the boundary goes downstream Lijabatho to its confluence with Matšela-ha-beli

stream. The boundary then goes downstream Matšela-ha-beli leaving Manteko into #69. Then goes upstream Senqu river to Setšoasi stream uphill to Matšeng and linking to the summit of #72, #71 and #70. The border follows the eastern international border between Lesotho and South Africa to the summit of Thaba-li-Maqhoa which is the boundary of Thaba-Tseka and Qacha's Nek, then back to the starting point at Letloepe confluence.

CONSTITUENCY: N0. 72 MANTŠONYANE
Number of voters: 14,123

Boundary:

The boundary starts at the confluence of Senqunyane river and the stream that originates next to Ha Khohlopo village, which is the common point of constituencies #47, #72 and #73 the boundary follows Senqunyane river to Tsoafo Mountain, from Tsoafo mountain the boundary joins Bokong river. It follows Bokong river to its confluence with Maliba-Matšo river. The boundary follows Maliba-Matšo river to its meet with Khohlo-Ntšo stream, which is the common point of #06, #72 and #75. The boundary follows the stream to the ridge and proceeds to the summit of Chaena, Thaba-Chitja, Thaba-Telle, khajoane and Pagama mountains to the source of Likomiking tributary that originates from Pagama Mountain to its confluence with Likomiking river down to its confluence with tributary that flows east of Thaba-Kholo Mountain. The boundary follows the tributary to its source then proceeds to Mantsonyane/Thaba-Tseka tarred-road to a point marked 2742. From that point the boundary continues to the source of Tenane tributary to its confluence with Tenane river. The boundary follows tenane river to its confluence with Mantšonyane river. From the confluence of Tenane and Mantšonyane rivers the boundary follows Mantšonyane river to its meet with the plateau in the west of Ha Sepiriti village which is the common point of #72 and #73, the boundary follows the plateau to Lekhalo-La-Lihoapa up to the summits of 'Malehloana and Mautse mountains. The boundary follows the summit of Mautse mountain then to the stream that originates from Mautse mountain. From the summit of Mautse mountain the boundary proceeds to the source of another stream at a point next to Ha Khohlopo village then follows the stream to the starting point.

CONSTITUENCY: NO. 73 THABA-MOEA
Number of Voters: 14,326

Boundary:

Starting at the meet of Mantšonyane river and the plateau in the west of Ha Sepiriti village which is the common point of #72 and #73, the boundary follows the plateau to Lekhalo-La-Lihoapa up to the summits of Malehloana and Mautse mountains. The boundary follows the Mautse mountain to the stream that originates next to Ha Khohlopo village. The boundary follows the stream to its confluence with Senqunyane river which the common point of #47, #72 and #73. The boundary proceeds with Senqunyane river (Maseru/ Mohale's Hoek district boundary), which is the common point of constituencies #47, #63 and #73 the boundary follows the common boundary of constituencies #63 and #73 already described to Khatala mountain, which is the common point of constituencies #63, #70, #73 and #74. From Khatala Mountain the boundary goes north-east-erly, north westerly and northwards along central range passing Thabana-ea-Manase to the top of Mamasoabi Mountain. From Mamasoabi mountain the boundary follows the tributary of Patise which passes west of Ha Seleso village down to its meet with Patisi river. From the confluence of Patisi river and its tributary that passes west of Ha Seleso village the boundary follows Patisi river to the summit of Tikoe mountain this being the common point of constituencies #73 and #74 and the summit of Tikoe mountain is the common point of constituencies #73, #74 and #74. From Tikoe mountain the boundary follows Likomiking river to its confluence with its tributary which originates from Pagama mountain which is the common point of constituencies #72 and #73, #40 and #73 #47 and #73 already described to the starting point.

CONSTITUENCY: NO. 75 SEMENA
Number of Voters: 15,064

Boundary:

Starting at the confluence of Senqu and Maliba-Matšo rivers which is the common point of constituencies #74, #75 and #76 the boundary follows Senqu up-stream to its intersection with Thaba-Tseka and Mokhotlong district boundary next to Ha Moropane village which the common point of constituencies #75, #76 and #80, this being the common point of constituencies #75 and #76. From the intersection of Senqu river and the Thaba-Tseka/ Mokhotlong district boundary next Ha Moropane the boundary follows Senqu river to its confluence with

Senoku stream, which is the common point of constituencies #75, #77 and #80 this being the common boundary of constituencies #75 and #80. From the confluence of Senqu river and the Senoku stream the boundary follows Senoku stream to its meet with Semenanyane river. From the meet of Semenanyane river and Senoku stream the follows Semenanyane river to its source at Liseleng Mountain; from Liseleng mountain the boundary follows Liseleng river to its confluence with Matsoku river, from the confluence of Liseleng and Matsoku rivers, the boundary follows Matsoku river to its meet with Maliba-Matšo which is the common point of constituencies #06 and #75, the boundary follows Maliba-river up to stream that flows from Khohlo-Ntšo to the ridge, the boundary follows the ridge up to Thaba-Chintja mountain this being the common boundary of constituencies #72 and #75. From Thaba-Chintja mountain, the boundary follows another ridge to the source of Patisi river. It follows Patisi River to its confluence with Maliba-Matšo River. The boundary proceeds with Maliba-Matšo river to its confluence with Senqu which is the common point of #74, #75 and #76, it follows senqu river to the starting point.

CONSTITUENCY: NO. 76 MASHAI
Number of Voters: 14,020

Boundary:

Starting at the confluence of Maliba-Matšo and Senqu rivers which is the common point of constituencies #74, #75 and #76, the boundary follows the common boundaries of constituencies #74 and #76, #70 and #76, #71 and #76 of the up to the inter section of Thaba-Tseka and Qacha's Nek districts with the international boundary at the summit of the Mashai Mountain, which is the common point of constituencies #71 and #76. From the intersection of Thaba-Tseka and Qacha's Nek with the international boundary at the summit of Mashai mountain the boundary follows the international boundary to its intersection with Thaba-Tseka and Mokhotlong district boundary at the source of Sani/Linakeng. The boundary follows Thaba-Tseka and Mokhotlong district boundary to Lisaleng rigde. The Boundary follows Lisaleng ridge to Masokoaneng stream. Then proceeds with Masokoaneng stream to it confluence with Linakeng river. It follows Linakeng river up to its meet with Majoe-Matšo Stream to Majoe-Matšo Pass. The boundary follows Majoe-Matšo Pass to the intersection of the international boundary of Thaba-Tseka and Mokhotlong districts boundary. It then follows the district boundary to its intersection with Senqu river next to Ha Moropane village that is the common point of constituencies #75, #76 and #80 this being the common point of constituencies #76 and

#80. From the intersection of Thaba-Tseka and Mokhotlong district boundary with Senqu river, the boundary follows common point boundary of constituencies #75 and #76 already described to the starting point.

CONSTITUENCY NO. 79: MOKHOTLONG

Number of Voters: 13,977

Boundary:

Starting at the confluence of Senqu and Sehong-hong rivers, which is the common point of constituencies Senqu #78, Mokhotlong #79 and Bobatsi #80, the boundary follows Sehong-Hong river to its confluence with Mamarake stream near Ha Senepi village, which is the common point of Mokhotlong #79 and Bobatsi #80. From the confluence of Sehong-hong river and Mamarake stream, the boundary then follows Mamarake stream up to its source on the ridge north of Ha Senepi and west of Maboloka villages. The boundary then follows the ridge at the source of the stream north easterly to where it intersect with the ridge from Thabana-Ntlenyana. Then the boundary follows the ridge from Thabana-Ntlenyana to where the ridge intersect with the international boundary. From the intersection of Thabana-Ntlenyane ridge with the international boundary, the boundary then follows the international boundary in a north-easterly and north-westerly direction to Cathkin pass, which is the common point of constituencies Senqu #78 and Mokhotlong #79. From Cathkin pass the boundary then follows the common boundary of constituencies Senqu #78 and Mokhotlong #79 already described to the starting point.

CONSTITUENCY NO. 80: BOBATSİ

Number of Voters: 14,036

Boundary:

Starting at the confluence of Senoku river and Senqu river, near Ha Moropane village, which is the common point of constituencies Semena #75, Malingoaneng #77 and Bobatsi #80, the boundary follows the district boundary between Mokhotlong and Thaba-Tseka up to Lisaleng ridge. It then follows the ridge up to where it meets the Masokoaneng ridge and it follows Masokoaneng ridge to where the ridge meets Linakeng river. It then follows Linakeng river up to its confluence with Majoe-Matšo stream. Then follows Majoe-Matšo stream up to Majoe-Matšo pass where it follows the pass to the international boundary, which is the intersection of the boundaries of Mokhotlong, Thaba-Tseka districts and

the international boundary. From this intersection, the boundary follows the international boundary to the north to where the ridge from Thabana-Ntlenyana meet the international boundary, which is the common point for the constituency of Bobatsi #80 and Mokhotlong #79. The boundary then follows the common boundary of constituencies of Bobatsi #80 and Mokhotlong #79 already described. The initial numbers for the constituency of Bobatsi #80 were 13,070 and they were below the lower limit of the quota by 880. Therefore, to adjust this numbers to be within the quota, the following villages with the stated number of people are added into the constituency from Mashai #76 and Mokhotlong #79 constituencies. The total number of people moved equals 1180, thereby increasing the numbers for bobatsi #80 to 14 250 above the lower limit of the quota.

SCHEDULE II
TABLE OF CONSTITUENCIES AFFECTED BY QUOTA ALTERATIONS

Constituency	Villages moved to Bobatsi 80		Number of voters moved	Total numbers
	Villages	Constituency		
Mokhotlong 79	Ha Thamahane	Bobatsi 80	382	305
	Ha Jobo, Maboloka ha Seabata	Bobatsi 80	187	90
	Ha Senepi	Bobatsi 80	110	70
Total				465
Mashai 76	Masokoaneng	Bobatsi 80	207	207
	Majoe Matšo	Bobatsi 80	92	92
	Try-Hoek	Bobatsi 80	86	86
	Sani top	Bobatsi 80	116	116
Total				501
	Total moved			966
	Bobatsi 80			

