LEGAL NOTICE

119 Public Health (COVID-19) (Risk Determination and Mitigation Measures) (No. 10) Regulations, 2021
LEGAL NOTICE NO. 119 OF 2021

Public Health (Covid-19) (Risk Determination and Mitigation Measures) (No. 10) Regulations, 2021

In exercise of the powers conferred on me under sections 16, 17, 18, 38 and 43 of the Public Health Act, 1970¹ and in respect of the disaster-induced state of emergency declared by the Right Honourable the Prime Minister under sections 3 and 15 of the Disaster Management Act, 1997² against COVID-19 pandemic, I,

SEMANO SEKATLE

Minister responsible for health, make the following regulations -

Citation and commencement

1. These regulations may be cited as the Public Health (COVID-19) Risk Determination and Mitigation Measures) (No. 10) Regulations, 2021 and shall come into operation on the 1st November, 2021.

Interpretation

2. Unless the context otherwise requires -

   “COVID-19” means Corona Virus Disease of 2019, caused by Severe Acute Respiratory Syndrome-Corona Virus 2 (SARS-COV-2);

   “essential services” means goods or services as set out in Schedule II;

   “face mask” in the case of -

   (a) the general public, means a mask or material which covers the nose and mouth in compliance with WHO hygiene and safety standards for the purposes of preventing and controlling the spread of COVID-19; and

   (b) a health officer or personnel, means a surgical or N95 mask;
“institution” includes a Government department, Government agency, Non-Governmental Organisation working in collaboration with the Gov-
ernment in providing goods and services, and a care facility for vulner-
able groups;

“lockdown” means the restriction of movement of persons in accordance with the COVID-19 Risk Determination and Mitigation Measures set out in Schedule I and as may be determined by the Minister and announced by the Prime Minister;

“Minister” means the Minister responsible for health;

“place of residence” includes the dwelling place and surrounding yard;

“polymerase chain reaction (PCR) test” means a technique for rapidly producing many copies of a fragment of DNA or RNA for diagnostic or research purposes, which is conducted in a laboratory setting;

“Risk Determination and Mitigation Framework” means the official doc-
ument which determines criteria, guidelines and the colour coding system and different stages of infection rate set out in Schedule I; and

“security officer” means an officer of an agency deployed pursuant to regulation 19.

Prevention of introduction and spread of COVID-19

3. (1) There shall be no movement of persons during the period of lockdown from 00:00hrs at night to 04:00hrs in the morning, except –

(a) for purposes of providing or obtaining essential services under regulation 3(6) and as set out in Schedules I and II;

(b) where the person is attending to an issue involving a medical emergency or security; or

(c) any other matter which necessitates the person to travel into Lesotho during the restricted hours of movement and that person shall, when so required to produce a
travel document by a police officer, do so.

(2) No person is permitted to travel to and from Lesotho, except under the following conditions and as set out in Schedule I -

(a) a person who wishes to travel into or outside Lesotho shall -

(i) adhere to WHO Health Protocols and Safety Measures provided for in Schedule I;

(ii) provide a negative PCR COVID-19 test certificate issued within 72 hours before travelling, upon arrival at the port of entry or departure at the port of exit as set out in paragraph (b);

(b) a citizen of Lesotho who fails to produce a negative PCR COVID-19 Certificate in accordance with paragraph (a) (ii) upon entering the Country shall be subjected to a rapid antigen testing;

(c) the negative PCR COVID-19 test certificate referred to under paragraph (a), shall contain the following -

(i) names of the traveller corresponding to the names in his passport or any other identity document;

(ii) a serial number which is not duplicated;

(iii) a clear and visible proof that the certificate is issued within 72 hours;

(iv) a date on which the swab was taken and on which the tests results were received and submitted to the traveller; and

(v) the name of a testing laboratory approved by the Minister responsible for health; and
(d) for purposes of paragraph (b), if the results of a person who took a rapid antigen tests are negative, but he shows COVID-19 symptoms, the person shall be subjected to -

(i) a confirmatory PCR test; and

(ii) isolation.

(3) The negative COVID-19 PCR test certificate referred to under subregulation (1) shall be valid for a period of 14 days from arrival at the port of entry and may be used for multiple entries during the period of 14 days.

(4) Notwithstanding subregulations (1) and (2), the Minister responsible for home affairs or a person designated by him may, in consultation with the Minister responsible for health -

(a) in addition to the criteria or guide set out in Schedule I, determine a criteria, guide or protocol to restrict movement of international travelers into Lesotho who test COVID-19 negative;

(b) make further exemption for a special case for a traveller, in addition to those already provided for in these regulations; or

(c) issue a directive for closure of a port of entry into Lesotho with immediate effect.

(5) For purposes of subregulation (2), all borders of Lesotho, shall be closed except the following designated points of entry -

(a) Caledonspoort Bridge (Butha-Buthe);

(b) Maputsoe Bridge;

(c) Maseru Bridge;

(d) Qacha’s Nek Bridge;
(e) Vanrooyen’s Gate Bridge (Mafeteng);

(f) Moshoeshoe I International Airport; and

(g) Sani Pass.

(6) A person -

(a) is prohibited to move beyond his place of residence or workplace, except as set out in these regulations;

(b) shall, while in a public place, wear a face mask, except where a security officer requires that he remove the mask for security purposes; and

(c) who provides essential services or goods shall be required to produce a permit issued by Commissioner of Police for public officers, private sector staff and general public, which shall be on a Form set out in Schedule III provided by the Commissioner of Police.

(7) A health worker, security or border agent shall wear a disposable face mask and a deaf person shall wear a transparent mask or face shield.

(8) The Government may provide the following categories of people with face masks and where appropriate, the face mask shall be transparent -

(a) students and learners;

(b) vulnerable groups determined as such by the Minister responsible for social development; and

(c) inmates.

(9) A worker, who communicates frequently with the public, while providing a service, including a person with hearing disability, shall wear a transparent face mask and face shield.

(10) The Minister responsible for health shall ensure that transparent masks are available in a hospital for use in respect of persons with hearing dis-
ability when they seek treatment.

(11) The Minister may, in consultation with the Minister responsible for social development, issue guidelines in respect of persons with disability for purposes of ensuring compliance with health protocols relating to COVID-19.

(12) All businesses and other entities engaged in economic activity shall carry out the economic activity in accordance with Schedule I.

(13) An owner, a manager or person in control of an institution, business, enterprise, facility or entity, where goods are sold or services are supplied, shall -

(a) ensure that the institution, business or enterprise has put in place the following health and safety controls to ensure that customers -

(i) sanitise;

(ii) keep a distance of at least one meter from each other; and

(iii) wears face masks.

(b) ensure that -

(i) all directions in respect of WHO COVID-19 Health Protocols and Safety Measures, Risk Determination and Mitigation Measures and the exposure of persons to COVID-19, as set out in the Schedule I are adhered to;

(ii) where appropriate, an employee wears protective clothing and a surgical, transparent or N95 mask to prevent the spread of COVID-19;

(iii) where necessary, employees work in shifts to avoid overcrowding and maintain social distancing in accordance with WHO COVID-19 Health Protocols and Safety Measures; or
(iv) a person who enters the institution, business or enterprise wears a face mask;

(c) limit the number of people entering the business to prevent the spread of COVID-19;

(d) where appropriate, avail-

(i) COVID-19 related information in accessible format, which may include, but not be limited to, braille and the use of large print option; and

(ii) sign language interpreters for supporting a person with a hearing disability during consultation with a doctor, official speech, press conference and TV programme dealing with COVID-19 issues; and

(e) maintain prices as they were prior to the lockdown.

(14) A person who is responsible for making arrangements for a COVID-19 funeral, or is an owner of a funeral parlour shall -

(a) carry out a risk assessment on the carrying of cords and coffins;

(b) ensure that a person who carries a coffin at a burial service wears a protective clothing; and

(c) ensure that the burial service adheres to -

(i) guidelines and directives approved and issued by the Minister responsible for local government and chieftainship affairs provided for in Schedule V; and

(ii) these regulations.

(15) All visits by members of the public to -
(a) isolation and quarantine facilities, hospitals and Ministry of Social Development facilities, including child and youth care centers, shelters and treatment facilities, are suspended for the duration of the lockdown; and

(b) a correctional institution, holding cell and military detention facility, shall, subject to the strict adherence to Schedule I and WHO Health Protocols and Safety Measures, be controlled and restricted to the nuclear family, health workers, legal counsel and oversight bodies.

(16) Inmates shall, upon admission at a correctional institutions be admitted in a staggered intermittent manner, and an inmate awaiting admission shall be quarantined at a temporary isolation facility for a period of ten days.

(17) An inmate who is awaiting trial shall be -

(a) subjected to a rapid antigen testing at a correctional institute;

(b) quarantined within the correctional institute prior to coming into contact with other inmates;

(c) subjected to a confirmatory PCR test, if the results of the rapid antigen test are negative, but he shows COVID-19 symptoms; and

(d) quarantined at an isolation facility.

(18) Notwithstanding any provision under the immigration laws of Lesotho, a permit issued to a foreign national during the period of lockdown, is deemed to be extended, if its expiration falls within the period of the lockdown.

(19) No person or owner of an entity or business shall conduct a rapid antigen test, unless he -

(a) is a qualified health professional;

(b) has obtained approval from the Minister; and
(c) conducts the rapid antigen test in accordance with National Reference Laboratory Guidelines issued by the Minister.

**Funeral service**

4. (1) The maximum limit for physical attendance at a funeral shall be subject to the observance of WHO Health Protocols and Safety Measures and as provided for in Schedule I and -

(a) a funeral service shall be held in accordance with Schedule I; and

(b) an area chief, headman or church priest or a family member responsible for organising the funeral shall -

(i) ensure that the funeral and burial services adhere to guidelines and directives approved and issued by the Minister responsible for local government and chieftainship provided for in Schedule V; and

(ii) be held personally accountable for non-compliance under this subregulation.

(2) Notwithstanding subregulation (1), the maximum number of people permitted to attend a funeral service includes children of all ages and a person hired by the family to assist with arrangement of the funeral service but excludes the burial parlour staff.

(3) A person who -

(a) shows symptoms of COVID-19 infection or who tested positive with COVID-19; and

(b) is asymptomatic or who has not tested positive for COVID-19 but is in isolation as a contact of a person who has symptoms of COVID-19 or tested positive,

is prohibited from physically attending a funeral service during the period within
which he is required to self-isolate.

(4) Notwithstanding subregulation (1)(a), a person, who is leading a funeral service or providing a eulogy may remove the facemask when carrying-out such a service.

Restrictions on transport

5. (1) All public and private transport is permitted to provide services in accordance with Schedule I.

(2) A person in control of a vehicle, including a vehicle which transports children, shall ensure that all measures in respect of WHO COVID-19 Health Protocols and Safety Measures and the limitation of exposure of persons to COVID-19 are adhered to as set out in the Schedule I, including wearing a face mask.

(3) The Minister responsible for transport may, after consultation with the Minister responsible for health, foreign affairs, local government, police, trade, justice and correctional services, issue guidelines for the use of public transport for -

(a) international and domestic travel;

(b) bus and taxi services;

(c) private vehicles;

(d) aerial transport services; and

(e) railway.

Education

6. (1) Schools shall operate in accordance with Schedule I.

(2) A principal or head of a school in charge of a school shall ensure that the WHO Health Protocols and Safety Measures and Risk Determination and Mitigation Measures provided for in Schedule I and these regulations are complied with.
(3) Where a principal or head of a school fails to comply with the provisions of subregulation (2), the school shall remain closed until the Health and Safety Measures and are in place.

(4) A school principal or head of a school shall be held personally accountable for non-compliance with the WHO Health Protocols and Safety Measures and Risk Determination and Mitigation Measures provided for in Schedule I.

Sports, gyms, fitness centers, parks and recreational facilities

7. (1) Sports, gyms, fitness centers, parks and recreational facilities shall operate in accordance with Schedule I.

(2) A manager, owner or person in charge of a sports event, gym, fitness center, park and recreational facility shall comply with and ensure that the WHO COVID-19 Protocols and Safety Measures and Risk Determination and Mitigation Measures are adhered to in accordance with Schedule I.

(3) An organiser, manager or owner of a sports event shall be held personally accountable for non-compliance with WHO Protocols and Safety Measures and Risk Determination and Mitigation Measures set out in Schedule I.

(4) Notwithstanding regulation (1), the training of international sporting events and related travel shall be permitted only with the approval of the Minister responsible for health in consultation with the Minister responsible for sports and shall be carried out in accordance with these regulations and approved guidelines.

Operating hours and mode of operation for gatherings, churches, events, entertainment, entities, enterprises and businesses

8. (1) Operating hours and mode of operation for gatherings, churches, events, entertainment parks, recreational facilities, and any other social activity, entities, enterprises and businesses shall be in accordance with Schedule I.

(2) Restaurants, shisanyama and similar entities, enterprises and businesses shall operate in accordance with the Schedule I.
(3) An owner of a hotel, lodge, guest house, self-catering, bed and breakfast, motel and similar entities, businesses and enterprises shall -

(a) keep a proper register of guests for purposes of contact tracing, and the register shall contain the following details of the guest -

(i) full names;

(ii) a copy of an identity document;

(iii) full address and place of residence; and

(vi) contacts; and

(b) when registering a guest who comes from outside Lesotho, request proof that the guest has been cleared of COVID-19.

(4) A manager, owner or a person in charge of a factory shall ensure that -

(a) a minimum distance of one meter is maintained between workers, and that WHO COVID-19 Protocols and Safety Measures are adhered to;

(b) Occupational Health and Safety Guidelines issued by the Minister responsible for labour and applicable health and safety labour laws and social distancing measures set out in the guidelines are adhered to; and

(c) sector specific health protocols are developed and issued by the Minister responsible for the sector in consultation with the Minister responsible for health.

(5) Subject to the stage of lockdown, a night club shall operate in accordance with Schedule I.

(6) A person who utilises, organises, owns or is responsible for a venue where a gathering, church, event, entertainment, or any other social ac-
tivity is carried out shall -

(a) screen and maintain a register of attendees upon entry into the venue; and

(b) ensure that the venue is disinfected before and after the event and in accordance with Schedule IV.

(7) An organiser, manager, owner or a person who is in charge of a gathering, event, entertainment, parks, recreational facilities, and other social activity, entity, enterprise, business and similar entity shall comply with and ensure that WHO COVID-19 Protocols and Safety Measures and Risk Determination and Mitigation Measures for Social Activities are complied with, in accordance with Schedule I.

Cleaning and disinfection of public places and places of business

9. (1) For purposes of this section, “public place” means an area which is accessible to members of the public.

(2) The Government shall ensure that public places are cleaned and disinfected based on risk assessment of each workplace in accordance with Schedule IV.

(3) An owner or manager of an entity, enterprise or business shall clean and disinfect his place of business on a daily basis using non-toxic, non-irritant and scientifically proven disinfectants as may be determined by the Minister.

(4) A person referred to in subregulation (3) shall not utilize fumigation, fogging, sanitation tunnels, sanitation booths and high-pressure hose spraying of disinfectants as they are not effective disinfectants.

(5) A head of an institution which provides a religious service shall screen and maintain a register of attendees upon entry into each service and shall ensure that the place where the religious gathering is held is cleaned or disinfected after every service in accordance with Schedule IV.
Sale, distribution or transportation of liquor

10. (1) All premises selling liquor shall operate in accordance with Schedule I.

(2) A person is prohibited from consuming liquor in a public place except as set out in Risk Determination and Mitigation Measures for Social Activities in Schedule I.

(3) A police officer may, without a warrant, seize any liquor sold or purchased in contravention of this regulation, and the seized liquor shall, subject to changes required in the content, be dealt with in accordance with the provisions of the Liquor Licensing Act, 1998\(^3\) as if it were liquor seized in terms of that Act.

(4) A manager, owner or a person who is in charge of a liquor store shall comply with and ensure that WHO COVID-19 Protocols and Safety Measures and Risk Determination and Mitigation Measures for Social Activities are complied with in accordance with Schedule I.

Medical screening, testing and PPE

11. (1) A person allowed to enter the country during the period of the lockdown shall be subjected to a screening or testing process at the designated point of entry or any other designated place.

(2) Screening or testing shall be done on people who had travelled to affected countries, contacts of infected people and randomly to the general public.

(3) Any health personnel who is exposed to a confirmed case of COVID-19 shall be subjected to testing and self-isolation.

(4) All persons providing services, obtaining goods or seeking medical attention within Lesotho, may be subjected to screening for COVID-19 by an enforcement officer.

(5) A person who enters the country conveying goods or services shall -
(a) be subjected to screening;

(b) wear a protective surgical or N95 mask; and

(c) adhere to hygiene conditions to prevent the spread of COVID-19.

(6) A producer and supplier of COVID-19 related PPE, shall adhere to standards set and issued by the Minister responsible for health.

(7) A symptom screening shall be conducted at a public office, school or any place which provides goods and services in accordance with these regulations and prescribed guidelines.

(8) A person who owns or is in charge of a testing laboratory shall submit a weekly COVID-19 report on tests and results conducted and obtained at his laboratory to the National Reference Laboratory in line with the prescribed requirements and if the person fails to comply with this provision, the Minister shall suspend his operating license.

Quarantine and isolation

12. (1) A person who is identified with symptoms of COVID-19 shall be subjected to compulsory self isolation at a place designated as such under subregulation (5).

(2) A person, other than a foreign tourist coming from a high or low risk country with no signs or symptoms of COVID-19, shall -

(a) be subjected to self-quarantine for a period of 14 days with health personnel monitoring his health status or as otherwise directed by a health personnel; and

(b) observe quarantine protocols.

(3) A health personnel and a person who is exposed to a confirmed case of a COVID-19 patient shall be subjected to self-quarantine, for a period of 14 days under close monitoring.

(4) For the period of the lockdown, a person refusing to be evacu-
ated from any place subject to quarantine may be removed by an enforcement officer to a temporary shelter, if such action is necessary for the preservation of life;

(5) For the purposes of these Regulations, the Minister shall identify temporary shelters or sites for quarantine and self-isolation that meet the necessary hygienic standards for people who cannot isolate or quarantine in their place of residence.

(6) Notwithstanding subregulations (1), (2) and (3) a person entering Lesotho from a high or low risk country, with or without signs and symptoms of COVID-19, or health personnel who is exposed to a confirmed case of a COVID-19 patient shall be quarantined, isolated and tested, and upon receipt of results, if they test negative, shall be cleared by the Ministry of Health and released from quarantine or isolation without waiting for the lapse of the 14 day quarantine or isolation period.

(7) A person who transports COVID-19 tests or swab specimens, using any means of conveyance including a drone, shall do so in accordance with approved national transportation guidelines to be issued by the Minister in consultation with the Minister responsible for transport.

Travel ban between districts

13. Travel from one district to another is permitted.

Authority to issue directives

14. The Minister may issue directives to address, prevent and combat the spread of COVID-19 in any area of Lesotho, which directives may include–

(a) recruitment and training of human resources in respect of health;
(b) deployment of human resources in respect of health services;
(c) sourcing of human resources from retired health professionals and non-governmental organisations to render services in identified sites;
(d) the criteria for controlling the entry into and from the country
from countries with high COVID-19 infection and transmission rate;

(e) identification of health equipment, sanitation materials and medical supplies;

(f) identification of mortuaries that will accommodate all COVID-19 mortal remains; and

(g) disposal of COVID-19 mortal remains.

Offences and penalties

15. (1) A person who contravenes regulations 3(1), (6), (12), 5(3), 8(1), (3), (4), 9(3) and subregulation (10)(2) commits an offence and is liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding 5,000.00 Maloti or imprisonment for a period not exceeding one month or both.

(2) An owner, a manager or person in charge of a business, an institution, enterprise, facility or entity or an organiser of any activity who contravenes regulations 3(13)(b)and (e) , 5(2), 7, 8, 9(4) and (5) and 10(4) commits an offence and is liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding 10,000.00 Maloti or imprisonment for a period not exceeding two months or both.

(3) In addition to the penalty set out in subregulation (2), a business or enterprise which contravenes these regulations shall have its license suspended for the period of the lockdown.

(4) A person who fails to confine himself in accordance with regulation 3(1) commits an offence and is liable, on conviction, to a fine not exceeding 5,000.00 Maloti or to imprisonment for a period not exceeding one month.

(5) An owner, a manager or person in charge of a business who contravenes regulation 10 commits an offence and is liable, on conviction, to a fine not exceeding 20,000.00 Maloti or imprisonment for a period not exceeding two years or both and where the owner, manager or person in charge of a business sells the alcohol outside the normal trading hours shall, in addition to the penalty stipulated, have his operating license suspended for the duration of the lockdown or be revoked by the Minister responsible for tourism.
(6) A person who tests positive but refuses to be quarantined under regulation 11 commits an offence and is liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding 20,000.00 Maloti or compulsory quarantine.

(7) A person who publishes or spreads fake or false information commits an offence and is liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding 5,000.00 Maloti or to imprisonment for a period not exceeding one month or both.

(8) A person who refuses to be screened or tested for COVID-19 commits an offence and is liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding 5,000.00 Maloti or imprisonment for a period not exceeding one month, or both.

(9) A person who intentionally and maliciously damages a drone referred to in regulation 12(7), commits an offence and is liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding 20,000.00 Maloti or imprisonment for a period not exceeding two years or both.

(10) A law enforcement officer -

(a) shall, where a gathering is in contravention of these regulations order a person at the gathering to disperse immediately, and if the person refuses to disperse as ordered by the law enforcement officer, the officer shall take appropriate action which may, subject to the Criminal Procedure and Evidence Act, 1981\(^4\), include the arrest and detention of any person present at the gathering;

(b) may, if he suspects that a person is hoarding medical supplies in terms of sub-regulation (12) and he has a search warrant, enter the premises and shall seize the medical supplies or any products or items found on the premises which are suspected to be medical supplies required to combat COVID-19.

(11) A person who facilitates the issuance of or presents at a port of entry, a false negative COVID-19 test certificate, commits fraud and may be detained or arrested, subject to the Criminal Procedure and Evidence Act, 1981.

(12) A person who hoards medical supplies which combat COVID-
19 during the period of lockdown commits an offence and is liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding 20,000.00 Maloti or to imprisonment for a period not exceeding two years or to both.

(13) A person who contravenes regulation 3(6) commits an offence and is liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding 50,000.00 maloti or to imprisonment for a period not exceeding three years or to both.

(14) An area chief, a headman, church priest or a family member responsible for organising the funeral who fails to comply with regulation 3(14), (15) and 4(1)(b) commits an offence and is liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding 5,000.00 Maloti or to imprisonment for a period not exceeding six months or to both.

(15) A person who enters or exits or attempts to enter or exit a port of entry at a time or place which is not a designated point of entry under regulation 3(5) commits an offence and shall be dealt with in accordance with the provisions of the Aliens Control Act, 1966\(^5\) and may be detained at a temporary detention facility.

(16) A person who aids and abets another person to enter at or exit a border illegally at a time or place which is a designated point of entry or an illegal border crossing, commits an offence and is liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding 5,000.00 Maloti or to imprisonment for a period not exceeding one month or to both.

(17) A person who prevents a customs or immigration officer from discharging his duty and who operates a trading activity within a border control area, except for street vendors and hawkers operating at a designated area of operation, including an uninhabited land along the border, commits an offence and is liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding 5,000.00 Maloti or to imprisonment for a period not exceeding one month or to both.

(18) A parent or guardian is prohibited from sending a learner who shows COVID-19 symptoms to school and if the parent or guardian fails to comply with this provision, he commits an offence and is liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding 5,000.00 Maloti or to imprisonment for a period not exceeding one month or to both.

(19) A person who facilitates, instigates or organises a gathering ex-
cept for a permitted gathering under regulation 8, fails or refuses to obey an in-
struction issued by a police in terms of regulation 15(10) commits an offence
and is liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding 5,000.00 Maloti or to impris-
onment for a period not exceeding one month or both.

(20) A person who loiters at or near a border control area commits
an offence and is liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding 3,000.00 Maloti
or imprisonment for a period not exceeding six months or both.

General penalty

16. A person who contravenes a provision of these Regulations for which
no penalty is specifically provided for commits an offence and is liable on con-
viction to a fine not exceeding 5,000.00 Maloti or imprisonment for a period not
exceeding one month or both.

Loss or damage

17. No person is entitled to compensation for any loss or damage arising out
of any bona fide action or omission by an enforcement officer under these reg-
ulations.

Powers and indemnity

18. These regulations do not limit any powers or indemnities of security
services provided for in any law.

Deployment of security agencies

Security Services, Lesotho Correctional Services and private security services
may be deployed for purposes of enforcing and operationalising these regula-
tions.

Announcement of stages of infection rate of COVID - 19

20. The Prime Minister shall, on the recommendation of the Minister, an-
nounce the different applicable colour coding stages of the infection during the
lockdown as determined by the situation level stipulated in the Risk and Mit-
gation Measures set out in Schedule I which shall be complied with.
Repeal

21. The Public Health (COVID-19) (Risk Determination and Mitigation Measures) (No. 9) Regulations, 2021⁶ is repealed.

DATED: 25TH OCTOBER, 2021

SEMANO SEKATLE
MINISTER OF HEALTH

NOTE

1. Act No. 12 of 1970
2. Act No. 2 of 1997
3. Act No. 8 of 1998
4. Act No. 9 of 1981
5. Act No. 16 of 1966
6. L.N. No. 113 of 2021
### SCHEDULE 1
#### ANNEX A  RISK DETERMINATION AND MITIGATION MEASURES FOR SOCIAL ACTIVITIES

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<th>LOW RISK OF TRANSMISSION CT1</th>
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<td>Schools open with adherence to Standard Risk-Based Guidelines that include: students attending school on rotational basis observing all set school based COVID-19 policies. Schoolbus drivers should operate at full capacity, disinfect daily, sanitise the students and ensure that students always wear facemasks.</td>
<td>Schools open with adherence to Standard Risk-Based Guidelines that include students attending school on rotational basis observing all set school based COVID-19 policies. Schoolbus drivers should operate at full capacity, disinfect daily, sanitise the students and ensure that students always wear facemasks.</td>
<td>Physical school attendance is restricted except for virtual teaching</td>
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- **Likolo**

- **Likolo li butsoe**

- **Likolo li butsoe li kena ka marangrang**
  - Liko lo li butsoe li ipapisitsle le melaona e akaretsang e kenyelatsang: barutuoa ho ea sekolong ka ho chenchanaka mokhahlelo ho lateola lìpehelo tsohlh tsa COVID-19. Makolo a nke 50% ea barutuoa, mme baqhobi ba hloekise makalo leletsi le letutsi ka sebolae-kokoana-
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<th>Institutions of Higher Learning</th>
<th>Permitted</th>
<th>Institutions of Higher Learning open with adherence to Standard Risk-Based Guidelines including rotational basis of students observing all COVID-19 policies.</th>
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<th>Physical learning attendance is restricted except for virtual studies</th>
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<td>Not Permitted</td>
<td>Not Permitted</td>
<td>Not Permitted</td>
<td>Not Permitted</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lebollo</td>
<td>Lebollo le buletsoe, ho lateloa lipheho tsa COVID-19</td>
<td>Lebollo le thibetsoe</td>
<td>Lebollo le thibetsoe</td>
<td>Lebollo le thibetsoe</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Churches</td>
<td>Permitted</td>
<td>50% capacity of the church building/yard observing physical distancing. The service should last for not more than three (3) hours.</td>
<td>30% capacity of the church inside and a maximum of 300 people if outside observing physical distancing. The service should last for not more than two (2) hours.</td>
<td>25% capacity of the church inside only observing physical distancing. The service should last for not more than two (2) hours.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Churches</td>
<td>Permitted</td>
<td>Face masks covering nose &amp; mouth must be worn all the time including when singing. Allow 1 hour disinfection between services. Night services and vigils not permitted.</td>
<td>Face masks covering nose &amp; mouth must be worn all the time including when singing. Allow 1 hour disinfection between services. Night services and vigils not permitted.</td>
<td>Facemasks covering nose and mouth must be worn throughout the service including when singing. Allow 1 hour disinfection between services. Night vigil not permitted.</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wedding</td>
<td>100% permitted</td>
<td>Allow 50% capacity if inside and 500 people if in an open outdoor setting observing physical distancing and other Covid-19 protocols including always wearing of masks. No buffet services. Alcohol not allowed.</td>
<td>Allow only 300 people outdoor observing physical distancing and other Covid-19 protocols including always wearing of masks. Wedding to last for three (3) hours only. No alcohol, no buffet service, only pre-packed meals.</td>
<td>Allow only 50 people outdoor observing physical distancing and other Covid-19 protocols including always wearing of masks. Wedding to last for two (2) hours only. No alcohol, no buffet service, only pre-packed meals.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mokete oa Lenyalo</td>
<td>Mokete oa lenyalo o lumeletsoe</td>
<td>Ho lumeletsoe feela batho ba etsang 50% ea sebaka ha tšebelseto e le ka hare kapa ba 500 ha tšebelseto e le kantle ba sielane sebaka lipakeng ba bile ba roetses limonkoana ka linako tsohle. Batho ba se ingoathele. Mothamahane ha oa lumelloa.</td>
<td>Ho lumeletsoe feela batho ba 300 ka tšebelseto e ka kantle, ba sielane sebaka lipakeng ba bile ba roetses limonkoana ka linako tsohle. Tšebelseto e nke hora tse peli feela. Batho ba se ingoathele. Mothamahane ha oa lumelloa.</td>
<td>Ho lumeletsoe feela batho ba 50 ka tšebelseto e ka kantle, ba sielane sebaka lipakeng ba bile ba roetses limonkoana ka linako tsohle. Tšebelseto e nke hora tse peli feela. Batho ba se ingoathele. Mothamahane ha oa lumelloa.</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Funeral</strong></td>
<td>The burial service should be in the morning, with the service completed within 3 hours not later than 10 am.</td>
<td>The burial service should be in the morning, outdoors attended by not more than 300 people with physical distancing, men at the graveyard to help with burial and be completed within 3 hours not later than 10 am. Facemasks covering nose and mouth must be worn all the time. The deceased must be buried within seven (7) days. No viewing of corpse at home. Nuclear family members should identify, view and collect the corpse during the morning of the burial day at the mortuary. Use protective clothing for handling the burial</td>
<td>The burial service should be in the morning, outdoors attended by not more than 200 people with physical distancing, men at the graveyard to help with burial, men at the graveyard to help with burial and be completed within 3 hours not later than 10 am. Facemasks covering nose and mouth must be worn all the time. The deceased must be buried within seven (7) days. No viewing of corpse at home. Nuclear family members should identify, view, and collect the corpse during the morning of the burial day at the mortuary.</td>
<td>The burial service should be in the morning, outdoors attended by not more than 100 people with physical distancing, men at the graveyard to help with burial, men at the graveyard to help with burial and be completed within 3 hours not later than 10 am. Only 5 speakers at the service plus church service. Facemasks covering nose and mouth must be worn all the time. The deceased must be buried within seven (7) days. No viewing of corpse at home. Nuclear family members should identify, view, and collect the corpse during the morning of the burial day at the mortuary.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
tools and coffin.
Use protective clothing for handling the burial tools and coffin.
the morning of the burial day at the mortuary.
Use protective clothing for handling the burial tools and coffin.

No people allowed to pay respects at the home of the deceased. No hosting of daily prayer session.
No night vigil or Friday evening prayer service. No memorial services except virtual ones only.
No people allowed to pay respects at the home of the deceased. No hosting of daily prayer session.
No night vigil or Friday evening prayer service. No memorial services except virtual ones only.
No people allowed to pay respects at the home of the deceased. No hosting of daily prayer session.
No night vigil or Friday evening prayer service. No memorial services except virtual ones only.

Tšebelo tsa Lefu
Tšebelo tsa lefu e tšoaro e hoseng, e nke hora tse tharo (3), mme ea be e phethetsoe ka hora ea leshome (10) hoseng.

Tšebelo tsa lefu e tšoaro e hoseng kantle moo ho bulehileng ka batho ba sa fenteng 300 ba sielane sebaka lipakeng, e nke hora tse tharo (3), mme ea be e phethetsoe ka hora ea leshome (10) hoseng.
Banna e be bona feela ba eang mabintleng ho thu sa ho pata mofu. Bohle ba roale limonkoana tse koahelang nko le molomo ka nako eholhe. Mofu a bolokoe Nakeng ea matsatsi a supileng (7). Lekese le seke la buloa le ho bona mofu hae. Litho tsa lelapa li tla supa, ho bona le ho

Tšebelo tsa lefu e tšoaro e hoseng kantle moo ho bulehileng ka batho ba sa fenteng 100 ba sielane sebaka lipakeng, e nke hora tse tharo (3), mme ea be e phethetsoe ka hora ea leshome (10) hoseng.
Banna e be bona feela ba eang mabintleng ho thu sa ho pata mofu. Bohle ba roale limonkoana tse koahelang nko le molomo ka nako eholhe. Mofu a bolokoe Nakeng ea matsatsi a supileng (7). Lekese le seke la

Tšebelo tsa lefu e tšoaro e hoseng kantle moo ho bulehileng ke litho tsa lelapa tsa sa fenteng 50 ba sielane sebaka lipakeng, e nke hora tse tharo (3), mme ea be e phethetsoe ka hora ea leshome (10) hoseng.
Banna e be bona feela ba eang mabintleng ho thu sa ho pata mofu. Tšebelo tsa lefu e tšoaro e hoseng kantle moo ho bulehileng ka batho ba sa fenteng 200 ba sielane sebaka lipakeng, e nke hora tse tharo (3), mme ea be e phethetsoe ka hora ea leshome (10) hoseng.
Banna e be bona feela ba eang mabintleng ho thu sa ho pata mofu. Tšebelo tsa lefu e tšoaro e hoseng kantle moo ho bulehileng ka batho ba sa fenteng 300 ba sielane sebaka lipakeng, e nke hora tse tharo (3), mme ea be e phethetsoe ka hora ea leshome (10) hoseng.
lata mofu 'moshareng hosing hoa letsatsi la lepato. Ho roaole litšireletsi ho tšoara lisebelisoa tsa lepato le lekese.

Ha ho ea lumelloa:
Ho ea matšelisong.
Thapelo ea letsatsi le let-
satsi.
Sehopotso sa mofu ntle le sa marang-rang feela.
Ho sebelisa kharafu e le nngoe.

buloa le ho bona mofu
hae. Litho tsa lelapa li tla
supa, ho bona le ho lata
mofu 'moshareng hosing
hoa letsatsi la lepato. Ho
roaole litšireletsi ho
tšoara lisebelisoa tsa lep-
ato le lekese.

Ha ho ea lumelloa:
Ho ea matšelisong.
Thapelo ea letsatsi le let-
satsi.
Sehopotso sa mofu ntle le sa marang-rang feela.
Ho sebelisa kharafu e le nngoe.

supileng (7). Lekese le
seke la buloa le ho bona
mofu hae. Litho tsa lelapa
li tla supa, ho bona le ho
lata mofu 'moshareng ho-
seng hoa letsatsi la lepato.
Ho roaole litšireletsi ho
tšoara lisebelisoa tsa lep-
ato le lekese.

Ha ho ea lumelloa:
Ho ea matšelisong.
Thapelo ea letsatsi le let-
satsi.
Sehopotso sa mofu ntle le sa marang-rang feela.
Ho sebelisa kharafu e le nngoe.
Ho hlaba liphoofolo.
Ho phela lijo.

Social/ Family
Gatherings

Permitted

Allow 50% capacity if
inside and 500 people if
in an open outdoor setting
observing physical distancing and other
Covid-19 protocols including always wearing
of masks.

Allow only 300 people outdoor only observing
physical distancing and other Covid-19 protocols
including always wearing of masks. Activity to
last for three (3) hours only. Alcohol allowed
only in family settings. No buffet services.

Allow only family meet-
ings of not more than 50
people outdoor observing
physical distancing and other Covid-19 protocols
including always wearing of masks. Activity to last
for two (2) hours only. Alcohol allowed only in
family settings. No buffet services.

All gatherings not permitted
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Mekete le meketjana</th>
<th>Mekete eohle e lumelletsoe</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ho lumeletsoe feela batho ba etsang 50% ea sebaka ha tšebetlso e le ka hare kapa ba 500 ha tšebetlso e le kantle ba sielane sebaka lipakeng ba bile ba roetse limonkoana ka linako tsohol.</td>
<td>Ho lumeletsoe feela batho ba 300 ka tšebetlso e ka kantle, ba sielane sebaka lipakeng ba bile ba roetse limonkoana ka linako tsohol. Tšebetlso e nke hora tse tharo feela. Mothamahane o lumelletsoe fela ho noeloa lapeng. Batho ba se ingoathele.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mothamahane o lumelletsoe fela ho noeloa lapeng. Batho ba se ingoathele.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Entertainment Industry</th>
<th>Permitted</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Entertainment permitted subject to issuance of permit by the Police. Allow 50% capacity for indoor &amp; outdoor events in only privately owned places. Provide not less than five security guards/bouncers. Public street promotions: Allowed with agreed Terms and Conditions. Events: must be completed by 10:00pm. Strictly screen, register with IDs and vaccination certificates on prescribed Covid-19 forms and sanitize at the entrance. Masks must be worn at all times and ensure physical distancing while observing all other COVID-19 protocols.</td>
<td>Permitted for outdoor events and performances in privately owned places during weekends only with not more than 300 people. All must be complete by 19:00 hours. Ensure screening, sanitizing and registration at entrance and wearing of masks at all times with no alcohol at all and must observe all other Covid-19 Protocols. Must provide two bouncers.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Not permitted for life events and performances, BUT only allowed to sell their music and products on the streets without speakers and life performance. Observe Covid-19 protocols.</td>
<td>Not Permitted except for virtual events</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Mino, menyakoe le boithabiso
Mekete eohle ea lipina e lumelletsoe

Li buletsoe ka ho fuoa tumello (permit) ke Se-
polesa. Boithabiso bo lumelletsoe ka 50% sebaka ka hare le-
kante libakeng tse nang le beng ba tsuna. Ho be le-
balelebi ba seng ka tla se ho 5 bafanang ka tšireletso le-
polokeho

Papatso ea seterateng:
E lumelletsoe tlasa lipelhelo.

Nako tsa tšebetso:
e felle ka 10:00 bosu.

Bohole ba nkoe mocheso, bangolisoe ka tokamane ea-
boitsibiso le karete ea ken-
telo ea COVID-19, ba be-
banayatsoe matsoho ka-
sethibela mafu. Bohle-
baroale limonkoana ka-
linako tohole ba nte ba-
sielana sebaka lipakeng.

Mekete eohle ea mino, 
menyakoe le boithabiso e 
thibetso. Ho lumelletsoe 
feela thekiso ea ‘mino le 
lihlhisoa tseng, ho le-
suo ‘mino bakeng sa ho 
ipabatsa. Ho lateloe lipel-
elho tska COVID-19.

Mekete eohle ea mino, 
menyakoe le boithabiso e 
thibetso, ntle le e et-
soang ka marang-rang

Sports Events
Sports permitted with spectators while observing COVID-19 pro-
tocols.

Sports permitted in the fol-
lowing manner:
• A Division matches to 
have a maximum of 2500 
spectators in open stands 
and 500 for lower divisions.
• Premier League and for 
stadiums with sit-ins,

Non-contact and contact 
sports permitted with no 
spectators while observ-
ing COVID-19 protocols 
including screening, regis-
tration and sanitize at the 
entrance. Alcohol not al-
lowed.

Contact-sports not permit-
ted while only non-con-
tact sports are permitted 
with no spectators while 
observing COVID-19 pro-
tocols.
allow 50% capacity of the area for spectators.
*The model will work for all Sporting Codes.

Strictly ensure screening, register with IDs and vaccination certificates on prescribed Covid-19 form and sanitize at the entrance. Masks must be worn at all times and ensure physical distancing while observing all other COVID-19 protocols.

Organisers take full legal responsibility and liability for breaking of any protocols.

Lipapali
Lipapali li lumelletsoe le bolateli, ho ntso ho late-loa lipehelo tsa COVID-19

Lipapali li lumelletsoe ka palo ea batšhetsi/babuhi e sa feteng halofo ea kakaretso ea sebaka.


Liapapi tshohe li thibetsanaoang li thibetsoe, mme se ho lumeletsoe feela tseo ho-sathetsanaoeng ho lateloe lipehelo tsa COVID-19

Political Gatherings
Permitted

Only constituency rallies and meetings allowed with 50% capacity inside and 500 people outside.

Only local branches meetings are permitted with maximum of 100 people outside lasting

Not Permitted
Not Permitted
for not more than 3 hours and not later than 15:00 hours.

Elective conferences allowed only with permission from Police based on these regulations.

Both rallies & elective conferences must last for three hours ending not later than 15:00 hours and observe all COVID19 protocols as follows:

(strictly ensure screening, register with IDs and vaccination certificates on prescribed Covid-19 form and sanitize at the entrance. Masks must be worn at all times and ensure physical distancing)

Liboka ha li ea lumelloa

Liboka ha li ea lumelloa

Ho lumelletsoe feela seboka/phutheho ea Lebatooa ka 50% ea batho kahare kapa batho ba 500 ha e le kantle.

Liboka tsa khetho ea likomiti li lumelletsoe ka ho kopa le ho fuo tumello ke Sepolesa ho ipapisitsoe le melaoana ena.

Ho buletsoe feela li-phutheho tsa makaleng le makalaneng ka batho ba sa feteng 100. Ho lateleoe lipehelo tsa COVID19 (tlahlobo, ho hlapa matsoho, ho ngolisa monyako, le ho boloka sebaka se bolokehileng pakeng tsa motho le e mong le ho roala limonkoana ka
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pitso Permitted</th>
<th>Maximum of 500 people outdoor, last not more than 3 hours and be completed by 15:00hrs. Screen, register with IDs and vaccination certificates on prescribed Covid-19 form and sanitize at the entrance. Masks must be worn at all times and ensure physical distancing.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Lipitso tsohle tsa sechaba li lumelletsoe</td>
<td>Pitso ea batho ba 500 ka ntle, ho ingolisa ka ID le vaccine cards le ho hlapa matsho ka sebola ea likokoana, mme ho roalo e limonka le ho lula ho sielano e sebaka ka linako tsohle. Pitso e se fete lhota mtho tse tharo, mme eabe e phethetsoe ka hora ea boraro mantsiboea. Lipitso tsohle ba 300 ka ntle ho lanea liphele tsa COVID-19, e leng ho ingolisa le ho hlapa matsho ka sebola ea likokoana, mme ho roalo e limonka le ho lula ho sielano e sebaka ka linako tsohle. Pitso e se fete lhota tse tharo, mme eabe e phethetsoe</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lipitso tsohle li thibelso, ntle feela le tse rete soeng ho fetisa melaetsa le ho ruta ka COVID-19, ka palo ea batho ba sa feteng 100. Lijo le joala ha lia lumelletso, Pits e se fete lhota tse peli, mme ea be e phethetsoe ka hora ea boraro mantsiboea. Lipitso tsohle li thibelso, ntle feela le tse rete soeng ho fetisa melaetsa le ho ruta ka COVID-19, ka palo ea batho ba sa feteng 100. Lijo le joala ha lia lumelletso, Pits e se fete lhota tse peli, mme ea be e phethetsoe ka hora ea boraro mantsiboea.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Public Recreational Areas (parks)</td>
<td>Permitted</td>
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<td>----------------------------------</td>
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<tr>
<td>Libaka tsa ho phomola le boithapolo</td>
<td>Libaka tsa ho phomola le boithapolo li lumelletsoe</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gyms</td>
<td>Open while observing COVID-19 Protocols. Disinfect surfaces of the equipments between use.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Litsi tsa Boikoetliso</td>
<td>Li buletsoe ho ipapisitsoe le lipehelo tsa COVID-19. Ho hloekisoe fisebelisoa tsa</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Industrial Action (picketing, protests, demonstrations)</td>
<td>Permitted/Not permitted</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-------------------------------------------------------</td>
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<tr>
<td>Mats’olo a boipelaetso</td>
<td>Mats’olo le mokoloko</td>
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<td></td>
<td>eohle ea boipelaetso e</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>lumelletso</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Correctional Services</td>
<td>Permitted</td>
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</tbody>
</table>
Litsi tsatlhabollo ea batšoaruoa
Ho etela, ho kena le ho tsoa litising tsa tlhabollo ho buletsoe
Ho buletsoe ho etela batšoaruoa litising tsa tlhabollo e be feela ba malapa, bafani ba litšebeletso, le boramolao ba bona mmo ho le bosebeletsi bo bong bobohlokoa

International Travel (Ports of Entry)
Permitted
Departing and Arrivals including Tourists:
Permitted while observing COVID-19 protocols including 72 hrs Negative Certificate.

Departing and Arrivals including Tourists:
Permitted while observing COVID-19 protocols including 72 hrs Negative Certificate.

No movements across borders except for:
- Essential goods and services and all businesses including hawkers
- Diplomats
- Medical reasons (with appointments)
- Migrant Workers
- Pensioners to collect their monthly pension & claimant of migrant worker pensions in RSA.
- Students including student commuters.
- Commuting teachers.
- Funerals for spouse, parents, children, siblings, in-laws and grandparents only
- Approved Covid-19 Testing of all commercial cargo vehicle drivers and all those who cross into the country at ports of entry.

Only negative foreign drivers and other persons shall be allowed entry. Positive foreign drivers and persons shall be denied entry.
ports of entry.
Only negative foreign drivers and other persons shall be allowed entry. Positive foreign drivers and persons shall be denied entry.

Positive Lesotho citizens shall be quarantined. For daily commuting students: schoolbus drivers should operate at 50% capacity, disinfect daily, sanitise the students and ensure that students wear face-masks at all times.

Daily commuting workers and loitering of non travelers at the points of entry is not allowed.
ba khutla.
-Mapenshenara a ilo lata chelate ea penshene RSA.

chelate ea penshene RSA.
-Litichere tse eang likhutla.
-Ba ilo pata setho sa lelapa se haufi.
-Ba nang le likopo tse khethehileng ka tumello ea Letona la Bophelo.

Bakeng sa bana ba eang sekolog letsatsi le letsatsi: baqhibo ba makloi a nkang bana ba sekolo banke bana ka 50% ea bo-holo ba koloi, ba hloekise makloi letsatsi le letsatsi ka sebolaea kokoana-hloko ho latela meaana ea naha, ba nyanyatse bana ka sebolae kokoana-hloko le ho bona hore ba roala limonkoana ka linako tsohle.

-Batho ba lulang ka ntle ho naha ba ts’elang letsatsi le letsatsi ha ba ealumelloa. Mekhahlelo e ts’elang kaofela e tla ipapisa le lipelero tse hlahang tataisong.

-Batho ba lulang ka ntle ho naha ba ts’elang letsatsi le letsatsi ha baalumelloa Mekhahlelo e ts’elang kaofela e tla ipapisa le lipelero tse hlahang tataisong.
Non-designated points of entry
Those entering shall be comprehensively screened and then those positive shall be PCR tested while those negative shall be quarantined for 14 days.

Likhorana tsa matsa
Ba tšelang batla etsoa liteko tse potlakileng tsa COVID-19, mme banang le tšoetso ba tla etsoa litekotsa COVID-19 tsa mapomelo ha ba senang tšoetso batla beoa quarantine ea matsatsi a 14.

Those entering shall be comprehensively screened and then those positive shall be PCR tested while those negative shall be quarantined for 14 days.

Ba tšelang batla etsoa liteko tse potlakileng tsa COVID-19, mme banang le tšoetso batla etsoa liteko tsa COVID-19 tsa mapomelo ha ba senang tšoetso batla beoa quarantine ea matsatsi a 14.

Those entering shall be comprehensively screened and then those positive shall be PCR tested while those negative shall be quarantined for 14 days.

Ba tšelang batla etsoa liteko tse potlakileng tsa COVID-19, mme banang le tšoetso ba tla etsoa litekotsa COVID-19 tsa mapomelo ha ba senang tšoetso batla beoa quarantine ea matsatsi a 14.

Those entering shall be comprehensively screened and then those positive shall be PCR tested while those negative shall be quarantined for 14 days.
## ANNEX B  RISK DETERMINATION AND MITIGATION MEASURES FOR ECONOMIC ACTIVITIES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SITUATION LEVEL 0 GREEN</th>
<th>SITUATION LEVEL 1 BLUE</th>
<th>SITUATION LEVEL 2 PURPLE</th>
<th>SITUATION LEVEL 3 ORANGE</th>
<th>SITUATION LEVEL 4 RED</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>LOW RISK OF TRANSMISSION</strong></td>
<td><strong>LOW RISK OF TRANSMISSION CT1</strong></td>
<td><strong>MODERATE RISK OF TRANSMISSION CT2</strong></td>
<td><strong>HIGH RISK OF TRANSMISSION CT3</strong></td>
<td><strong>HIGH RISK OF TRANSMISSION CT4</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Textile Manufacturing (Labour intensive) and other manufacturing industries</td>
<td>Permitted</td>
<td>Resume normal operating hours while observing COVID-19 protocols.</td>
<td>Resume normal operating hours while observing COVID-19 protocols.</td>
<td>Resume work with 50% maximum staff capacity. Introduce day shift from 07:00am to 05:00pm and night shift from 07:00pm to 05:00am with 1 hour break</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lifeme</td>
<td>Tšebetse eohle ea life-meng e buletsoe</td>
<td>Ho butsoe ka botlalo ho ipapisitsoe le lipihelo tsa COVID-19.</td>
<td>Ho butsoe ka botlalo ho ipapisitsoe le lipihelo tsa COVID-19.</td>
<td>Ho sebetsoe ka mokhahlelo e mme li, oa letsatsi ebe ho tloha ka 07:00 hoseng ho isa 05:00 mantsiboe, oa bosiu ebe ho tloha ka 07:00 mantsibo e ho isa ho 05:00 hoseng. Mokhahlelo ka ngoe o nke basebetsi ba 50% ka khefutso e a hora lipakeng</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Public Transport</td>
<td>Permitted</td>
<td>4+1: Full capacity 15 seater: Full seated capacity, no standing 22 Seater: Full seated capacity, no standing Bus: Full seated capacity,</td>
<td>4+1: Full capacity 15 seater: Full seated capacity, no standing 22 Seater: Full seated capacity, no standing Bus: Full seated capacity,</td>
<td>4+1: 3 passengers not counting the driver 15 Seater: 11 passengers not counting the driver and his deputy. 22 Seater: 15 passengers</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Makoloi

Makoloi a baeti a sebetsa ka botlalo

4+1: Koloi e tlale 15-seater: Koloi e tlale, ho se be baeti ba emeng ka maoto. 22-seater: Koloi e tlale, ho se be baeti ba emeng ka maoto. Bus: Koloi e tlale, ho se be baeti ba emeng ka maoto.

Ho sebelisoa seflehla-moea se hulelang moea ka ntle ho koloi. Lifestere li lule li butsoe. Koloi e eme bohareng ba leeto le lelelele, baeti ba theohe ho hahloa ke moea.

Aircon not on internal air circulation. Windows open.

Ensure short halts for long distance trips.

No eating in the vehicles

Wearing of masks and disinfection in accordance with National Guidelines

4+1: Koloi e tlale 15-seater: Koloi e tlale, ho se be baeti ba emeng ka maoto. 22-seater: Koloi e tlale, ho se be baeti ba emeng ka maoto. Bus: Koloi e tlale, ho se be baeti ba emeng ka maoto.

Ho sebelisoa seflehla-moea se hulelang moea ka ntle ho koloi. Lifestere li lule li butsoe. Koloi e eme bohareng ba leeto le lelelele, baeti ba theohe ho hahloa ke moea.

Aircon not on internal air circulation. Windows open.

Ensure short halts for long distance trips.

No eating in the vehicles

Wearing of masks and disinfection in accordance with National Guidelines


Ho sebelisoa seflehla-moea se hulelang moea ka ntle ho koloi. Lifestere li lule li butsoe. Koloi e eme bohareng ba leeto le lelelele, baeti ba theohe ho hahloa ke moea.

Aircon not on internal air circulation. Windows open.

Ensure short halts for long distance trips.

No eating in the vehicles

Wearing of masks and disinfection in accordance with National Guidelines


Ho sebelisoa seflehla-moea se hulelang moea ka ntle ho koloi. Lifestere li lule li butsoe. Koloi e eme bohareng ba leeto le lelelele, baeti ba theohe ho hahloa ke moea.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Mining and Massive Construction Projects</th>
<th>Resume operations while observing COVID-19 Protocols. Introduce screening for all employees before resuming work.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Merafong le Mesebetsi e meholo</td>
<td>Ho butsoe ho ipapisitsoe le lipehelo tsa COVID-19. Mosebetsi e mong le emong a hlahlojo mocheso pele a qala mosebetsi</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hardwares, Retail Supermarkets and Grocery Shops &amp; Cafes</td>
<td>Permitted Resume normal operations while observing COVID-19 protocols</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Restrict number of people per store, 1 person per every square meter. Opening from 08:00a.m and close at 06:00 p.m. Use sanitizers in the national guidelines.

Restrict number of people per store, 1 person per every square meter. Opening from 08:00a.m and close at 04:00 p.m. Deli cooked food and clothing sections are closed.

Koloi e eme bohareng ba leeto le lelele, baeti ba theohe ho hlahloa ke moea. Ho se jeloe ka koloing. Ho roaloa limonkoana ka linako tsohl. Ho sebelise se-bolaema-kokoana-hloko ho latela melaoana ea na ha.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Bank ATMs</th>
<th>Salary and other Payments should be made through electronic channels. Restrict the cash economy.</th>
<th>Salary and other Payments should be made through electronic channels. Restrict the cash economy.</th>
<th>Salary and other Payments should be made through electronic channels. Restrict the cash economy.</th>
<th>Salary and other Payments should be made through electronic channels. Restrict the cash economy.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Li butsoe</td>
<td>Mabeneke a buletho ka botala ho ntse ho latelo liphelelo tsaa boipabalolo ba COVID-19</td>
<td>Ho laoloe tšubuhlelano le ho bula ho tloha ka 08:00 hoseng ho fihlela ka 08:00 mantsiboa. Ho sebeliso se nyanyatsi sa ho thibela mafu ka linako tsohle.</td>
<td>Ho laoloe tšubuhlelano le ho bula ho tloha ka 08:00 hoseng ho fihlela ka 06:00 mantsiboa. Ho sebeliso se nyanyatsi sa ho thibela mafu ka linako tsohle.</td>
<td>Ho laoloe tšubuhlelano le ho bula ho tloha ka 08:00 hoseng ho fihlela ka 04:00 mantsiboa. Ho sebeliso se nyanyatsi sa ho thibela mafu ka linako tsohle.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Traffic and Home Affairs Departments</td>
<td>Resume normal operating hours while observing COVID-19 protocols. Disinfect daily.</td>
<td>Resume normal operating hours while observing COVID-19 protocols. Disinfect daily.</td>
<td>Resume operations according to the discretion of the institution based on COVID-19 risk assessment.</td>
<td>Resume work with 50% maximum staff capacity. Introduce 07:00a.m to 06:00pm shift.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Only essential services -Emergency travel documents and licenses -Birth and Death certificates -Only holders of permit C and D are allowed to move around - Automatic extension of transport licences and permits for those expired during lockdown.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Social Grants</td>
<td>Ho butsoe ho ipapisitsoe le lipheho tsa COVID-19.</td>
<td>Ho butsoe ho ipapisitsoe le lipheho tsa COVID-19.</td>
<td>Ho sebetsoe ka tumello ea mohiri a ipapisitsle sekhahla sa tšoaets le COVID-19</td>
<td>Ho sebetsoe ka basebetsi ba etsang 50% ho tloha ka 07:00 hoseng ho isa 06:00 mantsiboea.</td>
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<td>---------------</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Social Grants Payments should be through electronic channels. Restrict the cash economy.</td>
<td>Social Grants Payments should be made through electronic channels.</td>
<td>Social Grants Payments should be made through electronic channels.</td>
<td>Social Grants Payments should be made through electronic channels.</td>
<td>Social Grants Payments should be made through electronic channels.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Li lefšhoe ka tšebeliso ea marang-rang</td>
<td>Li lefšhoe ka tšebeliso ea marang-rang</td>
<td>Li lefšhoe ka tšebeliso ea marang-rang</td>
<td>Li lefšhoe ka tšebeliso ea marang-rang</td>
<td>Li lefšhoe ka tšebeliso ea marang-rang</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cross Border Money Transfer</td>
<td>Introduce one-way lane in shops</td>
<td>Introduce one-way lane in shops</td>
<td>Introduce one-way lane in shops</td>
<td>Introduce one-way lane in shops</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ho be le mocha o lemong o ikamahanyang le lipheho tsa bophelo tsa tšireletseho.</td>
<td>Ho be le mocha o lemong o ikamahanyang le lipheho tsa bophelo tsa tšireletseho.</td>
<td>Ho be le mocha o lemong o ikamahanyang le lipheho tsa bophelo tsa tšireletseho.</td>
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<td>Ho be le mocha o lemong o ikamahanyang le lipheho tsa bophelo tsa tšireletseho.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clothing shopping</td>
<td>Permitted to operate at normal hours while observing COVID-19 protocols.</td>
<td>Permitted to operate at normal hours while observing COVID-19 protocols.</td>
<td>Permitted and open from 08:00am to 08:00pm while strictly observing COVID-19 protocols.</td>
<td>Permitted and open from 08:00am to 06:00pm while strictly observing COVID-19 protocols and no fittings.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ho butsoe ho ntso ho latseho meloaana ea COVID-19.</td>
<td>Ho butsoe ho ntso ho latseho meloaana ea COVID-19.</td>
<td>Li bulętsoe ho sebetsa ho tloha ka 08:00 hoseng ho fihleka ka 08:00 mantsibuo.</td>
<td>Li bulętsoe ho sebetsa ho tloha ka 08:00 hoseng ho fihleka ka 06:00 mantsibuo, mme ho se itekanngoe ka liapar.</td>
<td>Li koetsoe</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Public places, Malls, Banks, &amp; Major public service centres</td>
<td>Introduce infra-red temperature screening, masks wearing and sanitizing at the entrance, to monitor compliance at the entrance</td>
<td>Introduce infra-red temperature screening, masks wearing and sanitizing at the entrance, to monitor compliance at the entrance</td>
<td>Introduce infra-red temperature screening, masks wearing and sanitizing at the entrance, to monitor compliance at the entrance</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Libaka tsohle ts’e-beletso moo batho ba eang ka bongata</td>
<td>Ho fanoe ka tšebeletso e tlamang ea ho hlahloba mocheso le ho netefatsa hore batho bohle ba ikamahanya le lipheleho tsa bophelo ts’išireletseho ha ba kena menyako</td>
<td>Ho fanoe ka tšebeletso e tlamang ea ho hlahloba mocheso le ho netefatsa hore batho bohle ba ikamahanya le lipheleho tsa bophelo ts’išireletseho ha ba kena menyako</td>
<td>Ho fanoe ka tšebeletso e tlamang ea ho hlahloba mocheso le ho netefatsa hore batho bohle ba ikamahanya le lipheleho tsa bophelo ts’išireletseho ha ba kena menyako</td>
<td>Ho fanoe ka tšebeletso e tlamang ea ho hlahloba mocheso le ho netefatsa hore batho bohle ba ikamahanya le lipheleho tsa bophelo ts’išireletseho ha ba kena menyako</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cultural and Creative Industries</td>
<td>Permitted</td>
<td>Open based on entertainment Industry protocols.</td>
<td>Open based on entertainment Industry protocols.</td>
<td>Restricted BUT allowed for promotion and sale of art.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bonono le bochaba</td>
<td>Li lumelletsoe</td>
<td>Li buletsoe ka lipheleho tsa Litaba tsa boithabiso <em>(entertainment industry)</em></td>
<td>Li buletsoe ka lipheleho tsa Litaba tsa boithabiso <em>(entertainment industry)</em></td>
<td>Ha li lumelloa empa ho ka rekisoa lihlahisoa feela.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Commercial Agricultural and Livestock Activities</td>
<td>Permitted</td>
<td>Permitted</td>
<td>Permitted</td>
<td>Permitted</td>
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<tr>
<td>Temo</td>
<td>Temo e lumelletsoe</td>
<td>Temo e lumelletsoe</td>
<td>Temo e lumelletsoe</td>
<td>Temo e lumelletsoe</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Street Vendors</td>
<td>Permitted while observing COVID-19 protocols.</td>
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<td>---------------</td>
<td>---------------------------------------------</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Baitšokoli</td>
<td>Baitšokoli ba lumelletsoe ho hoeba ho ipapisitsoe le liphehelotsa COVID-19</td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Baitšokoli ba lumelletsoe ho hoeba ho ipapisitsoe le liphehelotsa bophelo tsa tšireletso, mme baroale limonkoana hape ba hlape matšo ho ho sanitizer khaftsba ba bile ba sielana sebaka sa mitara le halofo lipakeng</td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
<td>Baitšokoli ba lumelletsoe ho hoeba ho ipapisitsoe le liphehelotsa bophelo tsa tšireletso, mme baroale limonkoana hape ba hlape matšo ho ho sanitizer khaftsba ba bile ba sielana sebaka sa mitara le halofo lipakeng</td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
<td>Baitšokoli ba lumelletsoe ho hoeba ho ipapisitsoe le liphehelotsa bophelo tsa tšireletso, mme baroale limonkoana hape ba hlape matšo ho ho sanitizer khaftsba ba bile ba sielana sebaka sa mitara le halofo lipakeng</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Ho lumelletsoe feela baitšokoli ba rekiang meroho le litholoana</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Tourism Industry</th>
<th>Accommodation venues open with 100% occupancy</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Accommodation venues open with 100% occupancy and identification registration. No buffet service, serve à la carte meals only.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Allow conferences, meetings, and workshops at 50% capacity of the conference facility. Participants, facilitators and organizers should wear facemasks at all times. Allow one hour disinfection between meetings/workshops.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Accommodation venues open with 100% occupancy and identification registration. No buffet service, serve à la carte meals only.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Allow conferences, meetings, and workshops at 50% capacity of the conference facility. Participants, facilitators and organizers should wear facemasks at all times. Allow one hour disinfection between meetings/workshops.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Not Permitted</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Allow conferences, meetings, and workshops at 25% capacity of the conference facility. Participants, facilitators and organizers should wear facemasks at all times. Allow one hour disinfection between meetings/workshops.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Libaka tsa kamohelo ea baeti li buloe joalo ka mehla

Libaka tsa kamohelo ea baeti li buloe. Baeti ba se ingoathele lijo.

Ho buletsoe liphuthheko ka 50% ea sebaka sa liphuthheko. Ho roaloe limonkoana ka linako tsohle. Ho hloeksise sebaka sa phutheho hora pele phutho e ngoe e qala. Ho lateloe lipehelo tsa COVID-19.

Libaka tsa kamohelo ea baeti li buloe. Baeti ba se ingoathele lijo.

Ho buletsoe liphuthheko ka 50% ea sebaka sa liphuthheko. Ho roaloe limonkoana ka linako tsohle. Ho hloeksise sebaka sa phutheho hora pele phutho e ngoe e qala. Ho lateloe lipehelo tsa COVID-19.

Libaka tsa kamohelo ea baeti li buloe. Baeti ba se ingoathele lijo.


Gambling Industry

Operate at full capacity

Casino: the number of persons entering a casino shall not exceed 50%, based on the available floor space of the casino. Disinfect machines before use by the next person.

Sport betting: the number of persons entering a sports betting site shall be determined by 1.5-meter social distancing. Clients must vacate the betting site immediately after placing their bets. Television screening is not allowed.

Limited Pay-Out Machines (LPMs): Operate at 50% capacity of LPM

Casino: the number of persons entering a casino shall not exceed 50%, based on the available floor space of the casino. Disinfect machines before use by the next person.

Sport betting: the number of persons entering a sports betting site shall be determined by 1.5-meter social distancing floor. Clients must vacate the betting site immediately after placing their bets. Television screening is not allowed.

Limited Pay-Out Machines (LPMs): Operate at 50% capacity of LPM space. Allow only independent site operators not sharing not permitted.
space. Allow only independent site operators not sharing space with liquor and restaurant business.

Casino, Sporting Betting and LPMS must open at 07:00am and close at 08:00pm, register clients and observe COVID-19 protocols. Strictly no food and alcohol sold.

Casino: e butsoe ka 50% easebaka. Hloekisa mechini hang ha motho a qeta ho bapala.

Sport betting: Ho lumelletsoe feela hore ba reki ha beche, hang-hang ba be ba tsamae. Sealemoa-pono ha se ea lumelloa ho shebelloa.

Limited Pay-out Machines (LPM): Li lumelletsoe ka 50% ea sebaka. Ho lumelletsoe feela ba sa kopanelang sebaka le mothamahane le matlo a lijo. Ba buletsoeng ba bule ka 07:00 hoseng ba koale ka 08:00 mantsiboea, ba ngolise bareki ba nse ba ikamahants' e lipehelo tsa

Casino and Sporting Betting must open at 8:00am and close at 06:00pm, register clients and observe COVID-19 protocols. Strictly no food and alcohol sold.

Casino: e butsoe ka 50% easebaka. Hloekisa mechini hang ha motho a qeta ho bapala.

Sport betting: Ho lumelletsoe feela hore ba reki ha beche, hang-hang ba be ba tsamae. Sealemoa-pono ha se ea lumelloa ho shebelloa. Limited Pay-out Machines (LPM): Li lumelletsoe ka 50% easebaka. Ho lumelletsoe feela ba sa kopanelang sebaka le mothamahane le matlo a lijo. Ba buletsoeng ba bule ka 07:00 hoseng ba koale ka 06:00 mantsiboea, ba ngolise bareki ba nse ba ikamahants' e lipehelo tsa
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Restaurants &amp; Fast Foods</th>
<th>Operate with full capacity</th>
<th>Operate with 50% capacity for sit-ins up to 10:00pm. Strictly register for entrance with IDs and vaccination certificates on prescribed Covid-19 forms for sit-ins with alcohol.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Mabenkele a reisang lijo</td>
<td>Li buletsoe ho sebetsa ka hofelletseng</td>
<td>Li buletsoe horekisa ka 50% ea sebaka ho ba jelang kahare. Ho buloe ka 06am, ho koaloe ka 09:00pm. Mothamahane ona o rekisoa ka liphutheloana tse ilo noeloa hae.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Liquor Stores (wholesalers, offsales, taverns, shebeens &amp; canteens) and Nightclubs</td>
<td>All liquor stores open while observing Covid-19 protocols. Liquor stores operate from Monday to Sunday, all closing and not operating beyond 10:00pm, allowed for sit-ins at 50% capacity of the liquor store, and everyone strictly enter by regi-</td>
<td>Liquor stores operate from Monday to Sunday. Liquor stores operate from 08:00am until 08:00pm and take-out only away from the liquor premises and streets but to drink at</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

COVID-19. Lijo le joala li thibetsoe. Li buletsoe ho rekisa ka ho nka liphutheloana feela mme likenyelelitse mothamahane ho tloha Mantaha ho isa Labone. Ho buloe ka 08:00am, ho koaloe ka 06:00pm. Li koetsoe kaofela hoa tsona | All Liquor wholesalers, offsales, public bars, shebeen, canteens and nightclubs to be completely closed. |
stering with IDs and vaccination certificates on prescribed Covid-19 forms.

Nightclubs allowed to operate for sit-ins at 50% capacity of the club, and everyone strictly enter by registering with IDs and vaccination certificates on prescribed Covid-19 forms, and close at 10:00pm.

Libaka tsomthamahane le Litamene
Libaka tsohle tsa mothamahane li butsoe ho nts o ho ipapisitsoe le lipoheleta COVID-19
Litamene li butsoe, li tsobetsa ho tloha ka hora ea botselela mantsibuea hoisa ka khitla ho ipapisitsoe le lipohele tsa COVID-19

Ho buletsoe libaka tsa mothamahane lesebetse ka ho noella hotsona ka batho ba safeteng 50% ea sebaka Mantaha ho isa Sontaha, ho keneke ka boingoliso ba ID le vaccine cards, mme tsohle li koale ka hora ea leshome bosiu (10:00pm).

Litamene li bule ka batho ba sa feteng 50%, ho keneke ka boingoliso ba ID le vaccine cards, ho koaloee ka 10:00 bosiu.

Litamene kaofela li koetsoe

Permitted at 50% capacity of venue while observing COVID-19 protocols

Business networking meetings

Restricted strictly to virtual meetings

Permitted at 50% capacity of venue while observing COVID-19 protocols

Litamene kaofela li koetsoe

Restricted strictly to virtual meetings

stricted quantities per person: half case for 1% to 10% to 10% alcohol content; 6 litres for 11% to 20% alcohol content and one litre for 21%+ alcohol content. Nightclubs completely closed
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Activity</th>
<th>Status</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Lihlelhe o le likopano tsa tišebetso</td>
<td>Li lumelletsoe</td>
<td>Ho lumelletsoe batho ba safeteng halofo ea sebaka ho lateloa boitšireletso ba COVID-19</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Walk -In, Over the Counter, Essential Services (Banks, Utilities, Communications Companies, etc.)</td>
<td>Permitted</td>
<td>Resume operations while observing COVID-19 protocols</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Litsi tsa litšebeletso tsa libanka, insurance, motlakase, le mehala</td>
<td>Li buletsoe</td>
<td>Ho sebsetso ka basebetsi ba etsang 50% ho tloha ka 08:00 hoseng ho isa 06:00 mantsibo ea. Use digital payment channels to restrict cash economy. Observe COVID-19 protocols</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Filling Stations</td>
<td>Open 24 hrs</td>
<td>Ho sebsetso ka basebetsi ba etsang 50% ho tloha ka 08:00 hoseng ho isa 06:00 mantsibo ea. Use digital payment channels to restrict cash economy. Observe COVID-19 protocols</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hair salons, barbers, and nail salons</td>
<td>Permitted</td>
<td>Ho sebsetso ka basebetsi ba etsang 50% ho tloha ka 08:00 hoseng ho isa 06:00 mantsibo ea. Use digital payment channels to restrict cash economy. Observe COVID-19 protocols</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Litsi tsa litšebeletso tsa libanka, insurance, motlakase, le mehala</td>
<td>Li buletsoe</td>
<td>Ho sebsetso ka basebetsi ba etsang 50% ho tloha ka 08:00 hoseng ho isa 06:00 mantsibo ea. Use digital payment channels to restrict cash economy. Observe COVID-19 protocols</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Operate with 50% maximum staff capacity from 08:00a.m to 06:00pm. Use digital payment channels to restrict cash economy. Observe COVID-19 protocols

Introduce day shifts for all sectors. Normal banking hours will apply. Use digital payment channels to restrict cash economy.
| Libaka tsa ho loha le ho kuta moriri le holokisa manala | Li lumeletsoe ho sebetsa ho ipapitsisoe le liphelelota COVID-19 | Li lumeletsoe ho sebetsa ho ipapitsisoe le liphelelota COVID-19 | Li lumeletsoe ho sebetsa ka ho qoba ts'ubuhlelano ho tloha ka 08:00 hoseng ho isa 08:00 mantsibuoa. Melaona ea Covid-19 e lateloe ka nako tsohle. | Li lumeletsoe ho sebetsa ka ho qoba ts'ubuhlelano. Ho sebeletsoe mothe ka tumellano ea kopano ho tloha ka 08:00 hoseng ho isa 06:00 mantsibuoa. Melaona ea Covid-19 e lateloe ka nako tsohle. | Li koetse kaofela hoatsena |
| Any other businesses, public, private and NGO institutions | Permitted | Permitted observing COVID-19 protocols | Resume operations according to the discretion of the institution based on COVID-19 risk assessment. Observe COVID-19 protocols | Permitted with 50% capacity of staff with rotation and observe COVID-19 protocols. Operate from 08:00am to 04:00pm | Work from home only |
| Litsi tse ling tsa litšebelte tsa khoebo, sechaba, le tse ikemet-seng | Li buletsoe | Li buletsoe ho sebetsa ho ipapitsisoe le liphelelo ts a COVID-19 | Ho sebetsoe ka tumello ea mohiri a ipapisitse le sekha ha sa tšoae tsoe COVID-19. Ho lateloe liphelelo ts a COVID-19 | Ho sebetsoe ka 50% ea basebetsi ba chenchana hotla mosebetsing ka liphelelo ts a COVID-19. | Li koetse |
## ANNEX C  GENERAL MITIGATION MEASURES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Activity/Sector</th>
<th>SITUATION LEVEL 0 GREEN</th>
<th>SITUATION LEVEL 1 BLUE</th>
<th>SITUATION LEVEL 2 PURPLE</th>
<th>SITUATION LEVEL 3 ORANGE</th>
<th>SITUATION LEVEL 4 RED</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>LOW RISK OF TRANSMISSION</td>
<td>LOW RISK OF TRANSMISSION CT1</td>
<td>MODERATE RISK OF TRANSMISSION CT2</td>
<td>HIGH RISK OF TRANSMISSION CT3</td>
<td>VERY HIGH RISK OF TRANSMISSION CT4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WHO Protocols</td>
<td>Regular washing of hands with soap &amp; running water for 40-60 seconds or sanitizing for 20 seconds; wearing of face masks all the time outside own residential home; physical distancing from others (1.5 metres) and avoiding crowded places; avoiding long physical meetings in unventilated indoor spaces; using a tissue when sneezing/coughing &amp; disposing it off safely immediately or sneezing into your elbow where you have no tissue; avoid touching your face, eyes, nose and mouth; and self isolate at home when experiencing minor symptoms e.g cough, headache, mild-fever until you recover. Regularly disinfect frequently touched surfaces.</td>
<td>Regular washing of hands with soap &amp; running water for 40-60 seconds or sanitizing for 20 seconds; wearing of face masks all the time outside own residential home; physical distancing from others (1.5 metres) and avoiding crowded places; avoiding long physical meetings in unventilated indoor spaces; using a tissue when sneezing/coughing &amp; disposing it off safely immediately or sneezing into your elbow where you have no tissue; avoid touching your face, eyes, nose and mouth; and self isolate at home when experiencing minor symptoms e.g cough, headache, mild-fever until you recover. Regularly disinfect frequently touched surfaces.</td>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Liphele ko bophelo ko tsa boits'ireletso

Hlapa matsoho khaletsa ka sesepa le metsi a phal-lang kapa o sanitise moo metsi a leng sieo; raola mask hang ha otsoa lapeng; sielana sebaka le batho ba bang sa limitara tse 1.5; qoba ho ba moo batho ba khobokaneng ka bongata le liphutheho tse telele tsu ka moo ho ikoalsetsoeng ho se ma o lekaneng; se-belisa tissue ha o thimola o be o e lahole moo ho bolokehileng kapa o se-belise setsoe ha o se na tissue; qoba ho išoaar sefaheleho, mahlo, linko le molomo; o ikoalle le ho ipoloka hae ha o hohlola, ona le mokholhane, le ho tšoaarang ke hloho ho fih-lela o folile.

Hlokiska sebaka se o se tšoaarang le ho sebeletsa ho sona khaletsa.

Flexiwork arrangement (employees work from their homes)

Across all sectors

Across all sectors

Across all sectors

Across all sectors

Across all sectors

Clearly disinfect frequently touched surfaces.

Hlapa matsoho khaletsa ka sesepa le metsi a phal-lang kapa o sanitise moo metsi a leng sieo; raola mask hang ha otsoa lapeng; sielana sebaka le batho ba bang sa limitara tse 1.5; qoba ho ba moo batho ba khobokaneng ka bongata le liphutheho tse telele tsu ka moo ho ikoalsetsoeng ho se ma o lekaneng; se-belisa tissue ha o thimola o be o e lahole moo ho bolokehileng kapa o se-belise setsoe ha o se na tissue; qoba ho išoaar sefaheleho, mahlo, linko le molomo; o ikoalle le ho ipoloka hae ha o hohlola, ona le mokholhane, le ho tšoaarang ke hloho ho fih-lela o folile.

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Hlokiska sebaka se o se tšoaarang le ho sebeletsa ho sona khalets.

touched surfaces.

touched surfaces.

touched surfaces.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Availability of Business Continuity Plans</th>
<th>Across all sectors</th>
<th>Across all sectors</th>
<th>Across all sectors</th>
<th>Across all sectors</th>
<th>Across all sectors</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Avoid community infections by adhering to practical boundaries</td>
<td>All districts</td>
<td>All districts</td>
<td>All districts</td>
<td>All districts</td>
<td>All districts</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Public Drinking</td>
<td>Not Permitted</td>
<td>Not Permitted</td>
<td>Not Permitted</td>
<td>Not Permitted</td>
<td>Not Permitted</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
SCHEDULE II

ESSENTIAL GOODS AND SERVICES

(regulation 2)

1. Health services.

2. Transport services for -

   (a) transportation of -

      (i) staff providing essential services;

      (ii) patients to hospitals;

      (iii) healthcare providers;

      (iv) water, food, fuel, basic goods and medical supplies necessary to combat COVID-19 and other medical supplies; or

      (v) cargo; and

   (b) breakdown services.

3. A service relating to the generation, supply and distribution of electricity.

4. A service relating to supply and distribution of water.

5. Sewage and sanitary services.

6. A service relating to the production, supply, delivery or distribution of food, in particular, supermarkets and food retail stores, fuel or coal.

7. Fire brigade and ambulance services.

8. Communications and telecommunication including internet.

9. Arms and Organs of State engaged in security services including licences private security services and agencies.

10. Chiefs, only for purposes of providing the registration of births and
11. Border management staff.
12. Social services.
13. Construction works.
14. Banking institutions, insurance companies and money transfer services.
15. Operation of Courts for purpose of enforcing these regulations.
17. Hardware services.
19. Professional and social services that support the legal and justice system.
20. Any other services declared by the Minister by notice published in a Gazette, to be an essential service for the purposes of these regulations.

The operating hours for providing essential services under items -

(a) 1 to 13 shall be 24 hours; and

(b) 14 to 20 shall be normal working hours,

except for those which are permitted to operate beyond the hours provided above, in accordance with these regulations.
SCHEDULE III

(reg 3 (6)(c)(i))

COVID-19 ESSENTIAL SERVICE PERMIT 2021 (FORM CSP/01/2021) FOR PUBLIC OFFICERS, PRIVATE SECTOR STAFF AND GENERAL PUBLIC

Please note that the person to whom the permit is issued must at all times present a form of identification (national ID/Passport) together with this permit. If no identification is presented, the person to whom the permit is issued will have to return to his/her place of residence.

I, Commissioner of Police hereby certify that the person mentioned below is performing essential or permitted services -

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SURNAME</th>
<th>FULL NAMES</th>
<th>IDENTITY NUMBER</th>
<th>NATIONALITY</th>
<th>PLACE OF RESIDENCE</th>
<th>DATE OF ISSUE</th>
<th>DATE OF EXPIRY</th>
<th>REASONS FOR ISSUE PLACE</th>
<th>FROM</th>
<th>TO</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

DATE STAMP

SIGNATURE: .....................

DATE: ........../............./2021

NB: THIS FORM SHALL NOT BE DUPLICATED
SCHEDULE IV

DISINFECTION PROTOCOLS

(regs. 7(6) (b) and 8 (2) and (5))

Guidance for Cleaning and disinfection of environmental surfaces in the context of COVID-19 in non-healthcare environments

06 July, 2020

Definitions

Cleaning means physically removing germs, dirt and organic matter from surfaces.

Disinfecting means using chemicals to kill germs on surfaces. It’s important to clean before disinfecting because organic matter and dirt can reduce the ability of disinfectants to kill germs.

1. Principles of environmental cleaning and disinfection

Cleaning helps to remove pathogens or significantly reduce their load on contaminated surfaces and is an essential first step in any disinfection process. Cleaning with water, soap (or a neutral detergent) and some form of mechanical action (brushing or scrubbing) removes and reduces dirt, debris and other organic matter such as blood, secretions and excretions, but does not kill microorganisms. Organic matter can impede direct contact of a disinfectant to a surface and inactivate the germicidal properties or mode of action of several disinfectants. In addition to the methodology used, the disinfectant concentration and contact time are also critical for effective surface disinfection.

Therefore, a chemical disinfectant, such as chlorine or alcohol, should be applied after cleaning to kill any remaining microorganisms. A combination of cleaning and disinfection will be most effective in removing the COVID-19 virus. Cleaning reduces the soil load on the surface, allowing the disinfectant to work and kill the COVID-19 virus. Disinfectant may not kill the virus if the surface has not been cleaned with a detergent first.

There is no evidence for equating the risk of fomite transmission of the COVID-
19 virus in the hospital setting to any environment outside of hospitals. However, it is still important to reduce potential for COVID-19 virus contamination in non-healthcare settings, such as in the home, office, schools, gyms or restaurants.

Note -

- **Indoor application of disinfectants to environmental surfaces by spraying or fogging (also known as fumigation or misting) is not recommended for COVID-19.**

- **Spraying or fumigation of outdoor spaces, such as streets or marketplaces, and spraying individuals with disinfectants (such as in a tunnel, cabinet, or chamber) is also not recommended.**

2. **Routine cleaning**

- Workplaces should clean surfaces at least daily.
- Special attention should be given to frequently touched surfaces (e.g. tabletops, door handles, light switches, desks, toilets, taps, TV remotes, kitchen surfaces and cupboard handles).
- Surfaces should also be disinfected regularly.

Surfaces and fittings should be cleaned more frequently when -

- visibly soiled
- used repeatedly by a number of people (e.g. trolleys, checkouts), and
- after any spillage.

For routine cleaning, disinfectants are usually only necessary if a surface has been contaminated with potentially infectious material. For this reason, when and how often a workplace should undertake disinfection as part of routine cleaning will depend on the likelihood of contaminated material being present at the workplace. For example, in a busy retail environment with many customers and others entering a workplace each day, more frequent disinfection is recommended to prevent the spread of COVID-19. By contrast, for a small work crew operating the same item of plant each day with little interaction with other people, routine disinfection in addition to daily cleaning may not be reasonably practicable.
**Procedure**

a. Wear heavy duty gloves when cleaning. Gloves should only be used for cleaning and should not be used for other purposes or shared between workers. These gloves can be cleaned and disinfected as per manufacturer’s instructions after each use.

b. Staff should be trained based on the policies and SOPs of the facility and national guidelines.

c. Thoroughly clean surfaces using detergent and water. Always clean from the cleanest surfaces to the dirtiest surfaces. This stops the transfer of germs to cleaner surfaces and allows you to physically remove and dispose of the largest possible amount of germs.

d. Clean the surface first using detergent then apply a disinfectant or use a combined detergent. A disinfectant will not kill germs if the surface has not been cleaned first. Apply disinfectant to surfaces using disposable paper towel or cloth. If non-disposable cloths are used, ensure they are laundered and dried before reusing.

e. Cleaning should progress from the least soiled (cleanest) to the most soiled (dirtiest) areas, and from the higher to lower levels so that debris may fall on the floor and is cleaned last.

f. Allow the disinfectant to remain on the surface for the period of time required to kill the virus (contact time) as specified by the manufacturer. If no time is specified, leave for 10 minutes.

3. **Cleaning and disinfection when someone at workplace is suspected or confirmed to have COVID-19?**

If there has been a person who has been at the workplace and is suspected or confirmed to have COVID-19, all areas suspected to be contaminated, should be thoroughly cleaned and disinfected.

- Close off the affected area before cleaning and disinfection. Open outside doors and windows to increase air circulation (natural ventilation) and then commence cleaning and disinfection.
• Clean and disinfect all areas (for example, offices, bathrooms and common areas) that were used by the suspected or confirmed case of COVID-19.

• Clean hard surfaces by water and detergent, followed by disinfection using chlorine-based products (0.1% concentration). Solutions should be made fresh.

• The disinfectant and its concentration should be carefully selected to avoid damaging surfaces and to avoid or minimize toxic effects for users of public spaces.

Table 1. Calculation of sodium hypochlorite concentrations

[ % chlorine in liquid sodium hypochlorite / % chlorine desired ] – 1 = Total parts of water for each part sodium hypochlorite.
Ex: [5% in liquid sodium hypochlorite / 0.5% chlorine desired] -1 = 9 parts of water for each part sodium hypochlorite

There is no need to close down an entire workplace, while cleaning and disinfection takes place, particularly if the person infected, or suspected to be infected, has only visited parts of the workplace. However the cleaning and disinfection must occur before any workers return to affected areas.

Whether there is a need to suspend operations at the workplace, will depend on factors such as the size of the workplace, nature of work, number of people, and suspected areas of contamination in a workplace.

Those cleaning an area of suspected contamination need to be equipped with appropriate Personal protective equipment (PPE). The minimum recommended PPE is rubber gloves, impermeable aprons and closed shoes. Eye protection and medical masks may also be needed to protect against chemicals in use or if there is a risk of splashing.

Wash hands with soap and water for at least 40 to 60 seconds, or where this is not possible, use hand sanitizer with at least 70% alcohol (rub your hands for 20 to 30 seconds) before putting on and after removing PPE.

Cleaning equipment including mop heads and cloths should be laundered using
hot water and completely dried before re-use. Cleaning equipment such as buck-
ets should be emptied and cleaned with a new batch of disinfectant and allowed
to dry completely before re-use.

A. **Hard surfaces**

Disinfectants that are suitable for use on hard surfaces (that is, surfaces where
any spilt liquid pools, and does not soak in) include: alcohol in a concentration
of at least 70%, chlorine bleach in a concentration of 1000 parts per million,
oxygen bleach, or wipes and sprays that contain quaternary ammonium com-
ounds. These chemicals will be labelled as ‘disinfectant’ on the packaging and
must be diluted or used following the instructions on the packaging to be effec-
tive.

B. **Soft or porous surfaces**

For soft surfaces such as carpeted floor, rugs, and drapes

(i) Clean the surface using soap and water or with cleaners
    appropriate for use on these surfaces.

(ii) Launder items (if possible) according to the manufacturer’s
    instructions. Use the warmest appropriate water setting and dry
    items completely.

OR

(i) Use a steam cleaner if possible for soft furnishings including car
    pet and upholstered chairs.

(ii) Disinfect with household disinfectant/bleach

C. **Electronics**

(i) For electronics, such as tablets, touch screens, keyboards, remote
    controls, etc consider putting a wipeable cover on electronics.

(ii) Follow manufacturer’s instruction for cleaning and disinfecting.

(iii) If no guidance, use alcohol-based wipes or sprays containing at
least 70% alcohol (in a wipe and clean the surfaces).

(iv) Dry surface thoroughly.

4. Donning and Doffing of PPE step-by-step in the context of COVID-19 -
https://www.who.int/csr/resources/publications/ppe_en.pdf?ua=1

4.1 Donning PPE

- Perform hand hygiene: Wash hands thoroughly with soap and water or apply hand sanitizer that contains 70% alcohol if hands are not visibly dirty. However, if hands are visibly dirty, always wash hands with soap and running water.
- Put on gown/apron
- Wear a mask, make sure it covers the nose, mouth and chin.
- Put on your eye protection if there is a risk of splashing.
- Put on the gloves.

4.2 Doffing PPE

Remove PPE carefully to avoid contamination of the wearer and the surrounding area gloves

- Remove the gloves
- Remove the gown/apron
- Perform hand hygiene: Wash hands thoroughly with soap and water or apply hand sanitizer that contains 70% alcohol if hands are not visibly dirty. However, if hands are visibly dirty, always wash hands with soap and running water.
- Remove eye protection
- Remove the mask
- Perform hand hygiene (as indicated above)

5. Using disinfectants safely

- Follow all manufacturer’s instructions and read the label and the Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS).
- Do not use different types of disinfectants together.
- Store your disinfectants safely and securely, out of direct sunlight and away from heat sources.
• Mix disinfectants in a well-ventilated area. Some concentrated products recommend the use of a local exhaust ventilation system.
• Sodium hypochlorite solution must not be re-used. A new solution must be prepared for every cleaning cycle.
• For spraying or misting products, spray directly into the cleaning cloth to dampen the cloth for use. Take care not to generate a mist.

6. **PPE to use when diluting and using disinfectants includes** -

• Gloves, elbow-length if available, and
• Eye protection (safety glasses, not prescription glasses).

7. **Disposal or cleaning of materials and PPE**

• WHO recommends that utility gloves or heavy-duty, reusable plastic aprons are cleaned with soap and water, and then decontaminated with 0.5% sodium hypochlorite solution each time they are used.
• Single-use gloves made of nitrile or latex, apron and gowns should be discarded as infectious waste after each use and not reused.
• Hand hygiene should be performed after PPE is removed.
SCHEDULE V

BURIAL GUIDELINES AND DIRECTIVES APPROVED AND ISSUED BY THE MINISTER RESPONSIBLE FOR LOCAL GOVERNMENT AND CHIEFTAINSHIP

(regs. (3(15) (c) and 4(1) (b))

PHATLALATSO E AKARETSANG EA LEKALA LA PUSO EA LIBAKA LE BORENA TSEBISO EA PELE (1) EA 2021

Lekala la Puso ea Libaka le Borena
P.O Box 686
MASERU 100

MoLGC/Dec/Covid-19

24th January, 2021

HO: MARENA A SEHLOHO;
MARENA A SEBAKA;
MARENA A MOETLO LE BORAMOTSE;
LITHO TSOHLE TSA MAKHOTLA A PUSO EA LIBAKA.

KOPI: MONGOLI E MOHOLO OA LEKALA LA PUSO EA LIBAKA LE BORENA;
MONGOLI E MOHOLO OA LEKALA LA TSA LEHAE
MONGOLI E MOHOLO OA LEKALA LA SEPOLESA
MONGOLI E MOHOLO OA LEKALA LA TŠIRELETSO
BABUSI BA LITEREKE;
BANGOLI BA MAKHOTLA A LITEREKE;
BANGOLI BA MAKHOTLA A LITOROPO;
BANGOLI BA MAKHOTLA A MATHOMO.

BOIKARABELLO BA MARENA (MARENA A SEHLOHO, MARENA A SEBAKA, MARENA A MOETLO LE BORAMOTSE) LE LITHO TSA MAKHOTLA A PUSO EA LIBAKA TOANTŠONG EA KOKOANA-HLOKO EA CORONA (COVID-19): POLOKO EA BAFU METSENG LE METSA-NENG
Mona ho tsebisoa Marena le litho tsohle tsa Makhotla a Puso ea Libaka hore ho latela sekhahla sa mafu a bonahalang a aparetse naha kamoka le lîtšoaetso tse bonahalang li ntse li ja setsi letsatsi le letsatsi, ‘Muso o ile oa etsa lipatlisiso tse tibileng ho fumana sesosa sa tšoaetso ena e phahamang letsatsi le letsatsi. Boithutong bona ‘Muso o fumane hore mafu/mekhohlane ke ona a kapele, a fetohileng sentele sa tšoaetso, ka ha sechaba se ntse se sa ikobele Melaoana e laolang ho bolokoa hoa bafu nakong ena ea seoa sa Corona (Covid-19). Sechaba se ntse se bonahala ka bongata mafung, nako e behiloeng ea ho tšoara tšebeletso ea lefu e ntse e sa lateloe, malapa a ntse a tsoelapele ho fepa sechaba lijo ka mokhoa o se behang tlokatšing.

Ka lebaka lena ‘Muso ka Lekala la Puso ea Libaka le Borena o entse qeto ea ho kenya mehato e latelang tšebetsong hang hang -

1. **Phethahatso ea Melaoana ea Covid-19 le khokahano ea tšebetso**


1.2 Marena le Litho tsa Makhotla a Puso ea Libaka ba lebeletsoe ho phatlalaletsa sechaba hore na se itsoare joang e le ho fokotsa sekhahla sa tšoaetso le mafu ba ipapisitse le lipehelo tsa Covid-19.

2. **Mafu/Mekhohlane**


2.2 Beng-ka mofu ba lebeletsoe ho tlaleha lefu moreneng tsatsing leo lefu le etsahetseng ka lona.

2.3 Ngoliso ea lefu e lebeletsoe ho etsoa letsatsing le tšoanang ke morena le ofisiri ea Lekala la tsa Lehae.

2.4 Tokomane ea lefu (death certificate) e tla fumaneha nakong ea matsatsi a mahlano (5 days) ho ofisiri ea Lekala la tsa Lehae e tla fumaneha Moreneng
kapa Lekhotleng la Puso ea Libaka.

2.5 Marena le Litho ts Morake tsa Puso ea Libaka ba hokahane le litso tse fana ka bosebeletsi ho akofisa poloko ea mofu nakong ea matsatsi a mahlano (5 days).

2.6 Morena kapa Lekhotla la Puso ea Libaka ba se fane ka setša sa ho boloka mofu ea e so ngoliso e ho latela temana e kaholimo.

2.7 Ho fokotsa hore litšebeletso tsa lepato e se be sentele sa tšoatso, lintlha tse latelang li tla kengo a tšebetsong e le ho fetola litloaelo le meteto -

2.7.1 Ho se be thapeloa kapa tebelo ka e kapa ka e ha lefu le le teng;

2.7.2 Ho se hlajoe khomo le ho fepa sechaba lefung hoba tsena li atisa tšoatso ka lebaka la ho khobokana sebakeng se le seng;

2.7.3 Mofu a latoe ‘moshareng ke litho tse hlamo tsa lelapa;

2.7.4 Mofu a latoe hoeng hoa letsatsi la lepato;

2.7.5 Tšebeletso ea lefu e lebeletsoe ho qala pele kapa ka hora ea bosupa hoeng (07:00am), ‘me e be e phethetsoe pele ho hora ea leshone (10;00am) ho keneletsoa le litha le beletso tsa mabiltleng.

2.7.6 Lethathamo la lepato le keny a feela batho ba bahlano le tšebeletso e a kereke.

2.8 Marena, Litho ts Morake tsa Puso ea Libaka, lelapa la mofu, li ‘moshara le Sepolela ba lebeletsoe ho keny a lintlha tse ka holimo tšebetsong.

3. Baeti ba kenang kahar’a metse

3.1 Moeti ofe kapa ofe ea kenang kahara motse o lebeletsoe ho fana ka lengolo la tlahlaho ea Covid-19 le netefatsang hoa ha ana tšoatso.

3.2 Ha moeti ea joalo a sena lengolo la tlahlaho, Morena, Setho xa Lekhotla la Puso ea Libaka, kapa mosebeletso ea tsbophelo motseng o lebeletsoe ho fetisetsa motho ea joalo setsing sa bophelo moo a tla fumana thuso ka
3.3 Ke boikarabelo ba Morena le Setho sa Lekhotla la Puso ea Libaka ho bona hore motho ea joalo ha a khesoe le ho hobosoa.

4. Nelehetsano ea tšebetso ho tloha motseng ho ea seterekeng


Morena oa Moetlo kapa Ramotse o tla tlalehela Morena oa Sebaka, eo ena, a tlalehele Morena oa Seholo ea tla hokahana le Sepolesa moo ho hlokoang thu solo Sepolesa ka matla.

Marena le Litho tsa Makhotla a Puso ea Libaka ba lemosoa ho ela hloko li liphetoho tsena le ho li kenyatšebetsong hang-hang.

**TŠOINYANA  SAMUEL RAPAPA (MP)**
**LETONA LA PUSO EA LIBAKA LE BORENA**